

Probate Judge, File Copy

VOL. III No. 8

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MONTEVALLO, ALA., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1917

Price: \$1.00 Per Year

"The Dead Came Back"
IN 6th "MYSTERY OF THE DOUBLE CROSS"

ARRANGE FOR MEASURES TO RAISE MONEY

Joint Conferees on War Revenue Complete Their Bill and Turn in Their Report.

TAX LEVIES WILL BE HEAVY

Under Legislation Provided, Powerful Corporations Will Pay Their Proper Share for the Finances That Must Be Provided for the Successful Continuance of the War—Best Efforts of Statesmen at Washington Have Been Put Forward to the Accomplishment of the Country's Ends.

Washington.—The joint conferees on the war revenue bill completed their draft after two weeks of deliberation.

As revised by the conferees the measure has been raised from the levy fixed by the senate of \$2,416,070,000 to an aggregate of approximately \$2,700,000,000. Chairman Simmons of the senate finance committee estimated that the increase made by the conferees would approach \$275,000,000.

Profits Tax Modified.

The excess war profits tax, as agreed to by the conferees, is a modification of the senate bill, the principal changes being in the maximum and minimum rates of exemption upon which the tax is to be determined. The senate graduated scale of exemptions ran from 6 to 10 per cent, while the house exemption rate was 8 per cent. The conferees adopted the graduated rate of from 7 to 9 per cent.

The definition of capital, which was a point upon which the conferees argued for days, was modified so as to provide that the actual value of tangible property paid into a corporation or partnership or individual business before January 1, 1914, shall be taken as of that date. The proviso as to good will and other intangible property has been somewhat liberalized.

As to "Invested Capital."

In calculating war excess profits the terms "invested capital" of corporations and partnerships was declared to include "actual cash paid in, actual cash value and other tangible property paid for stock or shares at the time of payment or January 1, 1914, but in no case to exceed the par value of the original securities; paid in or earned surplus and undivided profits used or employed in the business, exclusive of undivided profits earned during the taxable year."

The allowance for intangible assets includes "actual cash value of patents and copyrights paid in for stock or shares at the time of payment . . . good will trademarks, trade brands, franchises . . . if for bona-fide payments not to exceed the cash value."

It stipulates that such intangible assets exchanged for securities before March 3, 1917, not exceeding 20 per cent of the total, shall be included at a value not exceeding a fair cash value at the time of purchase.

Postal Increases.

A flat increase on reading matter of 1/4 cent per pound until July 1, 1919, and 1/2 cent thereafter was provided. Advertising matter exceeding 3 per cent of the total space would be taxed from 1/4 to 2 1/4 cents additional until July 1, 1919, and from 1/2 to 4 1/2 cents more until July 1, 1920; and from 3/4 to 6 3/4 cents to 1921 and from 1 cent to 9 cents thereafter.

An additional tax of 1/2 cent per pound until July 1, 1919, and 1/4 cent thereafter, on religious, agricultural, fraternal and similar publications was adopted.

The 1 cent tax on letters, excepting drop letters and postal cards, was restored by the conferees. A 1 cent additional tax on postal and private mailing cards was added. The first-class mail increases are estimated to raise \$90,000,000, and are effective 30 days after the passage of the act. The senate provision exempting from postage letters written by soldiers and sailors abroad was retained.

Railroad Tickets Hit.

The conferees levied 8 per cent in lieu of the senate rate of 5 and the house rate of 10 per cent on passenger transportation, estimated to raise from the compromise levy about \$60,000,000 instead of \$37,500,000 under the senate plan. The 3 per cent tax on freight transportation was retained and the tax on express transportation was increased so that 1 cent would be levied on each 20 cents paid instead of each 25 cents. The house 10 per cent tax on Pullman accommodations, cut to 5 per cent by the senate, was restored and is estimated to raise \$5,000,000.

In lieu of the house 5 per cent tax on sales of automobiles by manu-

HEAVY NEW WAR TAXES HAVE HAD TO BE LEVIED BY CONFEREES APPOINTED BY SENATE AND HOUSE

Washington.—The war revenue bill, as finally agreed on by the house and senate conferees provides for the raising of approximately \$2,606,320,000, as follows:	
Income tax	\$ 842,000,000
Excess profits tax	1,110,000,000
Distilled spirits	135,000,000
Rectified spirits	5,000,000
Fermented liquors	46,000,000
Wines, etc.	10,000,000
Soft drinks, sirups, etc.	14,000,000
Cigars	10,000,000
Cigarettes	20,000,000
Tobacco	25,000,000
Snuff	1,500,000
Cigarette papers	200,000
Freight transportation	77,500,000
Express and parcel post	16,000,000
Passenger transportation	58,000,000
Pipe lines	4,500,000
Seats and berths	2,250,000
Telegraph and telephone	

messages	7,000,000
Insurance policies (new)	5,000,000
Automobiles (sale of)	40,000,000
Musical instruments	
(sale of)	4,300,000
Motion picture films	3,000,000
Jewelry (sale by manufacturer)	4,500,000
Sporting goods	1,200,000
Pleasure boats	500,000
Perfumes and cosmetics	1,900,000
Proprietary medicines	3,000,000
Cameras	750,000
Admissions	50,000,000
Club dues	1,200,000
Schedule A, including	
playing cards	30,000,000
War estate tax	5,000,000
Virgin Island products	20,000
First class mail matter	60,000,000
Second class mail matter	14,000,000

Total

facturers and the senate federal license tax on owners, the conferees adopted a 3 per cent tax on all motor vehicles, including trucks, payable by manufacturers, producers and importers.

Taxes of 3 per cent of manufacturers' sales of musical instruments and jewelry also were written in, with a tax of 1/4 cent a foot on motion picture film.

New Inheritance Tax.

A new system of graduated inheritance taxes was written into the bill in lieu of the house plan and despite the senate's rejection of such taxes. The new rates on inheritances, with those of Americans in military service exempted, range from one-half of 1 per cent on \$50,000 estates to 10 per cent on estates of \$10,000,000 and more.

The bulk of the increases of between \$250,000,000 and \$300,000,000 made by the conferees in the senate bill was secured from the postage, public utilities and manufacturing sales section and the new inheritance taxes.

With but few exceptions, the new taxes are effective with the passage of the act.

Senate Version Stands.

The income tax section was adopted virtually as written by the senate. The new 2 per cent normal tax on incomes of more than \$2,000 for married persons and \$1,000 for single persons is in addition to the present law exempting incomes of less than \$3,000 for single persons and \$4,000 for married persons. Thus those between the new low exemption bases and the present exemptions will pay only the 2 per cent tax, but single persons having an income of \$3,000 or more and married persons whose income is \$4,000 or more would pay the full 4 per cent normal tax.

The senate income provision allowing an additional exemption of \$200 for each dependent child to heads of families subject to the present law was retained. The exemption for children, however, does not apply to those subject to the new reduced taxes with the \$2,000 and \$1,000 exemptions, respectively, for married and single persons.

Surtax Is Agreed Upon.

Surtaxes were agreed upon as follows:

One per cent on income over \$5,000 and less than \$7,500; 2 per cent between \$7,500 and \$10,000; 3 per cent between \$10,000 and \$12,500; 4 per cent between \$12,500 and \$15,000; 5 per cent between \$15,000 and \$20,000; 7 per cent between \$20,000 and \$40,000; 10 per cent between \$40,000 and \$100,000; 15 per cent between \$100,000 and \$200,000; 20 per cent between \$200,000 and \$500,000; 25 per cent between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000; 30 per cent between \$1,000,000 and \$2,500,000; 34 per cent between \$2,500,000 and \$5,000,000; 37 per cent between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000; 40 per cent between \$10,000,000 and \$25,000,000; 45 per cent between \$25,000,000 and \$50,000,000; 50 per cent on incomes exceeding \$50,000,000.

Increased Tax on Whisky.

Increased senate rates on whisky and beer were virtually retained, and that on wines somewhat reduced. The tax on distilled spirits was made \$2.10 per gallon when for beverage use and \$1 less for industrial purposes, estimated to raise \$135,000,000. The amendment prohibiting importation of distilled spirits for beverage use was retained. Floor taxes to reach withdrawn liquors were approved. Beer was taxed \$1.50 per barrel additional, to raise \$46,000,000, an increase of 25 cents per barrel over the house rate.

Present wine taxes were doubled. Taxes on nonalcoholic beverages were compromised. On prepared sirups and extracts the taxes graduated from 5 to 20 cents instead of from 3 to 12 cents a gallon were adopted. Grape juice and other soft drinks are taxed 1 cent per gallon, as provided by the senate in reducing the original 2-cent rate of the house.

Senate rates on cigars and cigarettes were retained, but those on snuff were

increased from 4 cents to 5 cents a pound.

Stamp Taxes Fixed.

Stamp taxes agreed upon are:

Bonds of indebtedness, 5 cents on each \$100.

Indemnity and surety bonds, 50 cents.

Parcel post packages, 1 cent for each 25 cents of the cost of transportation.

Capital stock, original issues, 5 cents per \$100.

Sales and transfers, 2 cents per \$100.

Sales of produce on exchange, 2 cents for each \$100 value in merchandise.

Drafts, checks payable other than on sight or demand, promissory notes, except bank notes for circulation, and renewals, 2 cents for all sums below \$100 and 2 cents for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof.

Conveyance papers, 50 cents between \$100 and \$500 and 50 cents for each additional \$500.

Customs house entries, from 25 cents to \$1; entry for withdrawal from bonded warehouses, 50 cents.

Passenger vessel tickets for ports other than those in the United States, Canada and Mexico, between \$10 and \$30, \$1; between \$30 and \$60, \$3, and above \$60, \$5.

Voting proxies, 10 cents.

Power of attorney, 25 cents.

Playing cards, decks of not more than 54 cards, an additional 5 cents on the present rates.

Taxes on life insurance, eliminated from the house bill in the senate, were amended and reinserted, raising about \$5,000,000. Effective November 1 the new taxes on new insurance policies issued are 8 cents per \$100 or fraction thereof on life insurance and 1 cent per \$1 on the premium charged on marine, casualty, fire and inland insurances.

Amusement taxes agreed upon provide that all persons entering places of amusement free, except employees and officials on duty and children under twelve, would pay a tax rate of 1 cent on each 10 cents or fraction thereof of the admission charge. This tax also would apply to cabarets and similar performances where the cost of entertainment is included in other costs, such as service. Holders of annual box seats would pay 10 per cent of the annual rental. Nickel theaters and shows, rides and other outdoor park amusements with a maximum admission of 10 cents and benefit entertainments and agricultural fairs were exempted.

After November 1, 1917, members of all clubs, except fraternal orders, paying more than \$12 annual dues would be subject to a 10 per cent tax.

Exemptions Are Allowed.

On excess profits the conferees agreed upon a minimum deduction of 7 per cent and a maximum of 10 per cent, instead of the 6 to 10 per cent fixed by the senate. Other exemptions are \$3,000 for corporations and \$6,000 for individuals. Corporations, partnerships and individuals having no capital stock would pay a flat rate of 8 per cent on net profits in excess of \$3,000 for corporations and \$6,000 for individuals and partnerships.

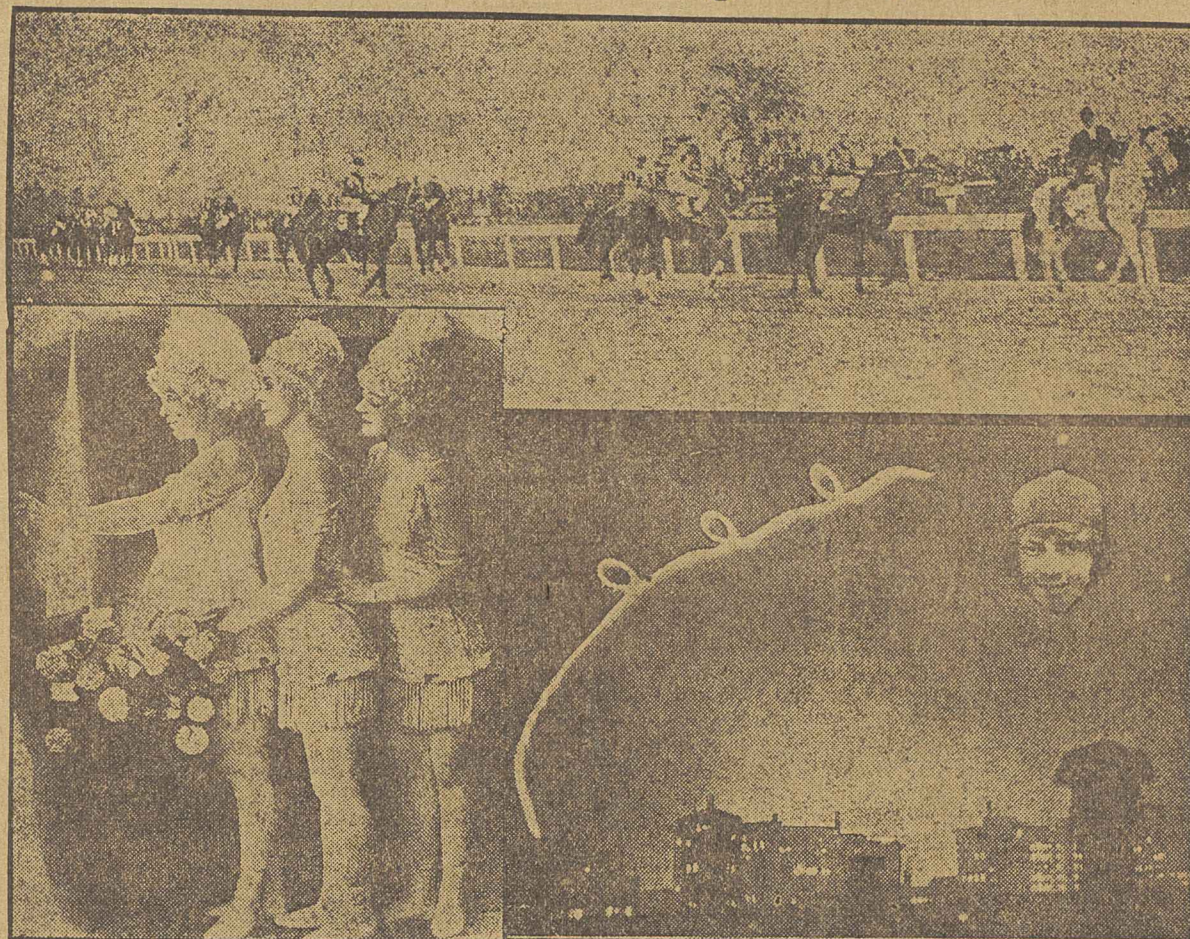
Miscellaneous income tax amendments inserted by the senate were generally adopted, including the so-called Jones amendment for a tax of 10 per cent on corporations' undistributed surplus, without allowance for income taxes paid. The 10 per cent tax would not apply to undistributed income actually invested or employed in business or invested in federal securities after September 1, 1917, and 5 per cent penalty for surplus retained but not employed is provided.

In making provision for administration and collection of the new and existing taxes the conferees provided that the special tax of 12 1/2 per cent on war munitions manufacturers shall be reduced to 10 per cent, but retained to January 1, 1918. It now yields about \$29,000,000 annually and the senate had proposed its repeal.

1915 at an average of \$2 a ton and sold it to the consumer at \$3 a ton, his gross margin was \$1. Dr. Garfield now allows him to add 30 per cent to this amount, making his gross margin for 1917 \$1.30, provided that is not in excess of his gross margin in July last.

If the retail dealer now pays an average of \$3 for the same kind of coal he will be allowed to sell it to the consumer for not more than \$4.30 a ton. Doctor Garfield selected 1915 as a normal coal production year,

Ruth Law, Daring Woman Flyer; Horse Races; Big Free Acts, Big Features Ala. State Fair Birmingham, Oct. 8-13



Miss Ruth Law, Daring Aviatix, Whose Daring Aeroplane Flights Are Proving a National Sensation. She Will Fly and Loop the Loop in Her Aeroplane At the Alabama State Fair in Birmingham—Horse Race and Big Free Acts Will Be Big Fair Feature

People are coming from all parts of Alabama and the South to the Alabama State Fair in Birmingham, October 8th to 13th and among other wonderful things they will see the world's greatest outdoor sensation. Miss Ruth Law daring woman aviatix who is mistress of the air. Miss Law by her daring in the air has proven a sensational in the nation and in all sections of the country where she has appeared thousands have

flocked from far and near to see her wonderful exhibition.

This famous woman will make her only appearance in the South at the Alabama State Fair in Birmingham and the thousands who see her will witness a performance never equalled and seldom excelled by any of the famous daredevils of history.

In her aeroplane Miss Law will fly high in the air and loop the loop making complete revolutions in her

aeroplane. She has made as many as thirteen loops in one flight. At night her aeroplane will be electric lighted and she will loop the loop and shoot fireworks from her aeroplane.

Miss Law is considered the most daring aviator who ever defied the air and her exhibitions are thrilling. During her engagement at the Alabama State Fair she will make two flights daily—one in the afternoon and one at night.

FASTEST HORSES AT ALA. STATE FAIR

Trey're off!

This will be a familiar cry at the coming Alabama State Fair in Birmingham October 8th to 13th when some of the fastest running race horses and the track's most famous jockeys will be presented as a daily attraction.

Horse racing will be a big feature of the fair this year and with the condition of the track it is anticipated that some new records will be made. Already entries have been made which give assurance that some of the fastest runners in the country will be on the Birmingham track

and the thousands who attend the fair will see some of the most famous jockeys of the track in the saddle.

The race program provides for several hot races every day and the climax of the program will be reached in a big Derby day which will be held Thursday, the fourth day of the fair. On this day crowds never before witnessed are expected to throng the Alabama State Fair grounds and people from all sections of the South will be in attendance. No Derby day in the country will excel in interest the Derby day at the coming fair and it will in all probability prove one of the biggest days in the history of Birmingham.

So It Goes.

If we don't bridle our tongues we are apt to be saddled with troubles.—Kansas City Journal.

MOTORCYCLE SPEED DEMONS WILL RIDE AT ALA. STATE FAIR

The motorcycle speed demons of the country will gather at the Alabama State Fair in Birmingham, October 8th to 13th because none but professional riders will be eligible to enter the motorcycle events.

The motorcycle races will be a thrilling feature of the big exposition and riders from all sections of the country are preparing to come to Birmingham and compete for the large purses offered.

No amateurs will be eligible in the races which means that the best professional riders of the country will be a daily feature at the coming fair.

ALABAMA STATE FAIR BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

OCTOBER 8 TO 13

Bigger and Better Than Ever

Large Purses Offered For Agricultural, Live Stock and Poultry Exhibits—
---In Premiums for Horse Races and Motorcycle Events.

Miss Ruth Law

World's most famous woman aviatix, who has flown over French battlefields, will fly at the fair.

Thirteen Grand Free Acts Which will give two free performances daily. The best free act program ever offered in the South.

Cavallio's Concert Band—40 Musical Artists will give Free Concerts Daily.

The Midway—Famous Johnny Jones Shows presenting 30 marvelous attractions, will furnish constant round of amusement and instruction on the Midway.

The Exhibits Will be one grand display of Alabama's resources and advantages. The greatest display of diversified farm products in the history of the South. Five thousand fowls in the poultry department. Marvelous exhibits of live stock. Mining, manufacturing and merchants exhibits beyond enumeration.

SIX BIG DAYS AND NIGHTS—SOMETHING DOING EVERY MINUTE

ADMISSION: ADULTS FIFTY CENTS, CHILDREN TWENTY-FIVE CENTS
WRITE FOR CATALOG J. L. DENT, SECRETARY

VERY LOW RATES ON ALL RAILROADS

GARFIELD FIXES COAL PRICES

Fuel Administrator Announces Final Decision, Which Will Be Binding on All Dealers.

Washington.—Fuel Administrator Garfield announced regulations, effective at once, for the limitation of the retail prices of bituminous and anthracite coal throughout the country.

The fuel administration has fixed, in the conclusions arrived at, not the specific price which the retail dealer

will be allowed to charge the consumer, but the gross margin which the retail dealer will be allowed to add to the average wholesale cost of his coal in making retail prices.

The retail dealer will be allowed to sell coal to the consumer at a price representing an advance of not more than 30 per cent over the retail gross margin of 1915. In no case, however, is the gross margin from now on to exceed the gross margin of July, 1917.

If, for example, a retail coal dealer bought a particular kind of coal in

The Giant Battleplane Coming Soon

Italy plans flying machine with 3,500-horse-power motors, sacrificing high speed to great carrying power. United States will develop science along similar lines at once



THOUSAND gigantic warplanes, aircraft with a wing spread of more than 100 feet, each carrying a crew of three men and 2,750 pounds of bombs, rising at night from airbases along England's east coast; a flight commander for each 25 marshaling his raiders into the V-shaped formation in which wild geese travel on the wing; and then a swift flight across the 275 miles that separate the nearest point of the English coast from the famous Kiel canal, the rush of dropping bombs, the crash of explosions on the earth beneath, the crack of antiaircraft guns, and the flash of antiaircraft searchlights, and then a turn-about and a dash for home, with the Kiel canal and the German fleet a ruin and a wreckage in the rear!

This is the picture which Henry Woodhouse, one of the governors of the Aero Club of America has visioned from an inspection of the photograph and the engineering prints of the new 600-horse-power Caproni triplane. The craft is the biggest yet employed by Germany or the allies; and yet it is less than a fifth as big as the machine which Italy has under construction, and of which all details are concealed, except that it is to have motors generating between 3,000 and 3,500 horse power. One-half the size of this monster, an airplane driven by three motors, each of 600 horse power, is already constructed, and news of its operation against Italy's Austrian foes is expected daily.

Italy is new at the business of aviation. Two years ago she had fewer than 100 men employed in the industry. Today she has thousands and, on the authority of Howard E. Coffin, chairman of the aircraft production board, Italy has outdistanced her enemies and her allies in developing new types of aircraft.

Maj. R. Peretti, head of the special Italian commission for aeronautics in the United States, is an ardent advocate of the huge warplane and accounts which he has been able to supply this government of Italian success in this kind of construction have done much to divorce aerial experts here from their allegiance to the small, light type of craft for the single fighter. The extra weight-carrying capacity of the great machines is the especial argument in their favor and could a thousand such as the Caproni be constructed, manned, armed and loaded with bombs, aviation experts cannot see why the dream of destroying the Kiel canal and the German fleet might not be realized, were the entire thousand to combine in a single raid.

The present 600-horse-power Caproni is a triplane with two fuselages or bodies and driven by three Fiat or Isotta-Fraschini motors, any one of which has sufficient power to keep the craft aloft even were the others to be disabled. The machine is of both the tractor and pusher type, for two propellers are mounted in front and one in the rear. The plane carries a so-called useful load of 4,408 pounds which assures fuel for six hours, together with a crew of three men, three guns, and 2,750 pounds of bombs. It has a speed of close to 85 miles an hour and is capable of climbing 3,250 feet in 13 minutes, 6,500 feet in 27 minutes, and 10,000 feet in 57 minutes.

This seems slow in comparison to the Spads which climb 10,000 feet in five minutes or less, but a Spad is simply a flying motor with sustaining strength barely sufficient to support the aviator and a gun. The Caproni is as big as a trolley car. Its wing span is more than 100 feet. It stands 21 feet in the air and it is nearly 50 feet long.

The only aircraft which compares with it in size is the British Handley-Page machine, which, with two 280-horse power Rolls-Royce motors, carried 27 passengers, and has a wing spread of 98 feet, and the Curtiss and Gallaudet monsters made in this country. The huge Curtiss triplane air cruiser, with which it was hoped to cross the Atlantic ocean before the war turned the thoughts of aviators into other channels, is a possibility as a



long-distance bomb-carrying machine, for its boat body could be dropped and its weight-carrying ability increased thereby.

The new three-motored Gallaudet seaplane also enters the category of long-distance raiding machines and is suitable for either bomb dropping or torpedo launching. Other American manufacturers are at work on giant models, but as yet details of these have not been announced.

Long-distance bombing raids are by no means a novelty, but they have always been conducted with only a few airplanes of limited carrying capacity, which carried only a few hundred pounds of bombs besides the fuel needed for the journey.

Among the historic bombing raids for several reasons is the raid on Carlsruhe on June 15, 1915. It was conducted by 23 twin-motored Caudron machines, in charge of Captain de Kerillis, and dropped close to 50 large bombs on Carlsruhe. Three of the machines did not return—they had to land and were captured, but the damage to Carlsruhe was serious.

In the very first bombardment of Sofia on April 21, 1916, a single aviator started from Saloniki, flew to Sofia, dropped four bombs and proclamations announcing the capture of Trebizond, and returned to Saloniki. This exploit was repeated by single aviators from time to time; then on September 15, 1916, it was repeated by four aviators who left Saloniki at 6:20 and arrived over Sofia at 8:40. They dropped their bombs, many of which were effective, and returned. They had crossed the Balkan mountains at 6,000 feet without trouble, and had accomplished what an army could not have done. The only limitation was that the airplanes were too few in number to win a decisive victory. In every raid in the Balkans only four or five airplanes participated.

Among the most remarkable long-distance bombing expeditions were the raids on Essen and Munich by Captain de Beauchamp and Lieutenant Dancoeur on September 24 and November 18, 1916, which have been repeated since by other aviators. The raid on Ludwigshafen, accomplished on May 27, 1915, in which 18 airplanes took part, also involved a flight of about 400 miles. It was conducted successfully, and only one airplane was forced to land and submit to capture. Another classic was the bombing raid on the Mauser works at Oberndorf on October 12, 1916, in which a French bombing squadron and a British bombing squadron participated, escorted by Lafayette Flying corps fighters. These are only a few of scores of such raids. In all these raids the aviators had to fly from five to seven hours continuously under most trying conditions, having to protect themselves with insufficient arms. A night raid in large, well-armed warplanes would be easy in comparison—and much safer.

Darkness facilitates airplane work at close range because the aviator can fly closer to his target with little increased danger of counter-attacks but with largely augmented effectiveness. Surprise is made more possible and half of the attack may be accomplished before enemy searchlights can locate the raiders as targets for the antiaircraft guns. In a raid of 1,000 or more giant airplanes the task of the defenders would be rendered increasingly difficult beyond all proportion to the difficulty now experienced in repelling raids of a few flyers. The searchlights and antiaircraft guns themselves would be made the object of attack and largely incapacitated.

The risk of discovery in night attacks could be reduced further, ac-

ording to experts, by the use of silencers on airplane motors. At present the roaring whirr of the motor can be heard for hundreds of feet and almost the slightest hum of a motor can be picked up by the powerful microphones with which all of the combatants are equipped and which magnify the slightest sound. Silencers are not used because of the weight they add to an aircraft, but some experts contend that this weight is more than counter-balanced at present by the excess fuel which machines must carry to enable them to fly high and to maneuver to avoid detection as long as possible.

Progress has been made in the art of aiming and dropping bombs to the point where accuracy can be assured in night work. According to statistics gathered by Mr. Woodhouse, the bombs now most in use are bombs of 16 pounds weight, 56 pounds, 100 pounds and 112 pounds, with a few of 500 pounds or more. Says Mr. Woodhouse: "Bomb dropping from heights can only be approximately accurate. It can be made more accurate by the employment of efficient bomb sights. A few of the older aviators have learned by long practice to drop bombs accurately without sights, but as a general rule, one can be more accurate with the sight than without it."

One difficulty remains in the use of airplanes by night and the inventive faculties of the combatants, spurred on by the exigencies of the war, are rapidly overcoming this. The problem is to provide light for flying operations and for marking aircraft in flight. In England, in the early days of Zeppelin raids, the casualties resulting to pilots who went up at night to attack Zeppelins were very high because of two things: the insufficient number and badly lighted landing places and the lack of lighting devices on the machines. On one occasion 15 pilots went up and 12 had accidents on landing.

But these conditions have been changed. A pilot who finds himself in trouble aloft and compelled to land has only to fire his Vervys pistol to have at least one aerodrome within gliding distance brilliantly illuminated so that he may land in safety. In addition to the Vervys pistol night flying craft are equipped with a parachute flare which is fired electrically from the pilot's seat. On release the flare falls a couple of hundred feet, unfolds and floats downward, casting a brilliant light over the expanse of about a quarter of a mile.

Holt's landing lights are another device employed. These are fastened beneath the wings, which aid in reflecting the light downward when they have been ignited electrically. Electric headlights similar to motor car headlights are also used, and night flying machines now have navigation lights, comprising a tall light and a light on each wing tip showing white ahead, green on the starboard, and red on the port side. Power for these lights is generated in a small dynamo driven by a miniature propeller.

With these devices to aid night flying, experts here look forward to the time when raids may be made on the German fleet and submarine bases by big squadrons of giant machines, and the opinion is gaining strength that in such raids lies the solution of the present U-boat peril.—New York Times.

Soft.

Billy—My farver's a sportin' prophet, but 'e don't make much money. 'E 'ardly ever spots a winner.

Jimmy (proudly)—My pa's a prophet, too. He's a weather prophet, and spots the winner every time. He always prophesies a bad summer.—London Sketch.

Evidently Not.

"What is the attitude of her relatives toward Mr. Lasserby?" "They are quite indifferent to him." "Well! Well! And I've been thinking all along that he was a rich man."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Old Roman Superstition.

It was a Roman custom to hang beads of red coral on the cradle of infants and round their necks to "preserve and fasten their teeth" and save them from the "falling sickness."

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR OCTOBER 7

PSALMS OF DELIVERANCE.

LESSON TEXT—Psalms 85 and 126.
GOLDEN TEXT—They that sow in tears shall reap in joy.—Psalms 126:5.

These Psalms breathe the spirit of the true patriot. The Psalmist sees his afflicted country suffering for the sins of the people, prays for their restoration to the Divine favor, and with the eagle eye of faith anticipates the joyful day of spiritual and temporal blessings because of restoration to the Divine favor. Doubtless such patriotism would be pleasing to the Lord on the part of us all.

Psalms 85.

I. Praises for Mercies Received (vv. 1-3).

Praise is given for

(1) Deliverance from Captivity (v. 1).

He had in mind the specific mercies of a given time; perhaps it was one of the oppressions of the Philistines from which they had been delivered.

(2) Forgiveness of Sin (vv. 2, 3).

"Thou hast forgiven the iniquity—covered all their sin." God's restoration was the proof that he had pardoned. Great indeed was the sin of Jacob, but God's forgiveness was greater. He is peculiarly a God of mercy. Having forgiven the sins his anger is taken away. He stayed his hand from the judgment which would have justly fallen, to show his mercy.

II. Prayer for Restoration From Backsliding (vv. 4-7).

He knew how worthless the outward blessings of the Lord would be unless the people inwardly turned to the Lord. He, therefore, besought the Lord to give them the greater blessing, that of a change of heart. Without the change of heart forgiveness would be futile. A change of heart can only be by God's help.

(1) That God would turn the hearts of his people toward himself (v. 4).

Knowing the people's utter helplessness to turn to God, he cried out to God to save them by turning them to himself. He knew that God's anger could not turn from the people as long as they were impenitent.

(2) That God would take away the very remembrance of their sins (vv. 5-7).

(a) The ending of his anger (v. 5). The desire seems to be that he would wipe out the very marks of his displeasure by no longer allowing punishment to be meted out to them.

(b) The return to the people's joy (v. 6).

Their joy could only be realized through a revival from God. The Psalmist now becomes more bold in his requests.

(c) Shall show them mercy (v. 7).

"Make it visible," is his cry. God's judgment was most real. His desire is that his mercy would be just as real.

III. Exultant Anticipation (vv. 8-13).

Having spoken the sentiment of the repentant people, the poet expresses confidence of the Lord's response. So faithful is God that those who sincerely pray to him can go forward with the assurance of petitions granted.

(1) "He will speak peace" (v. 8).

He knew that a gentle answer would come, but its continuance would depend upon the fidelity of the people. Turning to folly would provoke again his wrath.

(2) Will bring his salvation near (v. 9).

Only as his salvation was near could glory be in the land.

(3) Devise a way by which "Mercy and truth," "Righteousness and peace," may be united (vv. 10, 11).

He did not suggest a way. He may not have known it. Faith now sees the way in Christ. In him such a union has been blessedly effected.

(4) The land shall become fruitful (v. 11).

When sin is removed, temporal prosperity shall follow. Earth's barrenness is due to sin. When the curse is removed fruitfulness shall follow.

(5) Righteousness shall be the guide of his people (v. 12).

In that golden, glad age God's righteous ways will leave a track in which his own may walk with security.

Psalms 126.

I. The Fact of Zion's Deliverance (vv. 1, 2).

(1) By whom (v. 1). The Lord.

(2) Effect of (vv. 1, 2).

(a) The people were scarcely able to believe it. So sudden and unexpected was their deliverance that it seemed to them as a dream. They expressed their feeling in joyful laughter.

(b) The heathen noted their deliverance as marvelous, and ascribed it to God (v. 2).

Song and Prayer.

II. The Song of the People (v. 3).

They ascribed their deliverance to the Lord and expressed their gratitude in singing God's praise.

III. The Prayer (v. 4).

The people cried to God to visit their restoration with fruitfulness, even as the streams from the South spread out and make a country fruitful.

IV. The Promise (vv. 5, 6).

Though the people were still obliged to suffer the consequences of their sins, they were encouraged to go on in sowing though in tears, as the reaping would bring joy.



The Navy league is in need of comfort kits for the men in the navy and so far has only half the number asked for. Church societies, clubs, and individuals are invited to interest themselves and take this matter up at once. The kits are made of blue denim, bound with a strong braid, and have compartments for carrying all the things needed by our sailor boys to keep themselves and their clothing fit and "nifty." They are small but compact and carry an unbelievable number.

The kits ready to be fitted with toilet requisites, etc., can be bought ready made for \$1.00, and fitted by the individual. A fitted kit costs \$2.00. But the Navy league is more anxious to get sewers to make them than to provide them ready made. A denim pattern, ready to make, costs 40 cents, and the cut material costs 30 cents. Societies or individuals may buy the materials as they choose and with a pattern to guide them cut and make

the kits. Any information needed may be obtained by addressing the Kit department, Woman's section, Navy league, 1402 Stevens building, Chicago, Ill.

Fittings for the kits may be bought through the Navy league. For over fifty kits they will cost \$1.10 each; for under fifty \$1.25 cents. A club making fifty kits can usually get contributions from druggists and merchants in the way of supplies for them. Each of the kits contains the following: A comb, toothbrush, nailbrush (which is a small scrubbing brush), talcum powder, soap in a soap box, petroleum jelly, dental cream, shoestrings, pencil with eraser, cornob pipe, tobacco, needles, black and white thread, row of pins, bone buttons, safety pins, bachelor buttons, and six postcards.

The Navy league is in need of sewers to make these kits, and those who are willing to do their bit by contributing time to do this work should inform the kit department at once.

Designed for the Sportswoman



If anything were needed to add to the allurements of life out of doors during the days of Indian summer it could be found in the outfits that have been designed for the sportswoman this fall. Costumers appear to have put their minds earnestly on this matter and it has come to the place where she can demand style, and lots of it, along with comfort and convenience, in her life-in-the-open-air togs.

We have come to trousers, whether

it is to tramp or camp or hunt or fish, or even to motor, when the talk is of sports clothes. All the signposts of fashion point trousers-ward, wherever skirts are in the way. We can bid them good-by without a regret—to change them for something as smart and "nifty" as the hunting suit shown above.

Julia Bottomley

Mohair is Favored.

Among the new dress fabrics for autumn serge and mohair stand out prominently. Mohair in particular seems to be enjoying a favor unprecedented. There is an English mixture of mohair with wool threads that is both beautiful and distinctive in texture and quality. The material has a handsome sheen and possesses excellent draping qualities. It comes also in very desirable shades. Broadcloth will be used for formal tailor-mades, but is not so popular for frocks, unless combined with satin. All frocks must suggest softness of lines now, and while broadcloth is rich and distinguished, it has a more or less heavy suggestion not compatible with indoor modes for this year.

Veils for Mourning.

Heavy crepe veils have almost been abandoned with mourning garb. The modern veil is of Brussels net—silk net, of course—and has a deep or narrow crepe border, according to the taste of the wearer or the period of

mourning. The veil is supposed to be worn over the face for the first six months, and thrown back from the face during the second six months. After that a plaited veil is worn at the back and a bordered face veil supplements it. But if crepe veils have gone out of fashion, crepe as a trimming has not; quantities of crepe are used in mourning frocks of black Henrietta, black chiffon, black crepe de chine and black mohair. A very beautiful mourning fabric is black mohair and worsted mixture, which has a handsome, dull luster, if one may use the two words in juxtaposition, and a very rich texture.

Colored Crepe de Chine Chemises.

Crepe de chine chemises in lemon, pink and palest cyclamen have supplanted the white, which have so long been popular. This is probably due to the fact that linens are scarce and crepe de chine as a substitute is infinitely prettier, although its wearing qualities leave something to be desired.

Repeated Father's Remarks.

Father—"The idea of your calling your teacher a nuisance. What do you mean, sir?" Tommy—"Well, that's what you call me when I ask questions, an' teacher don't do nothin' else."—Boston Transcript.

Jewish Custom.

In Jewish marriages the woman is always placed to the right of her mate. With every other nation of the world her place in the ceremony is on the left.

Thkrift.

Stinginess and greed are to be abhorred. They are at the one extreme, while profligacy and carelessness are at the other. The golden mean of saving thrift is to be found half-way between.

Transmitting Tuberculosis.

After a long investigation a French scientist has declared that tuberculosis is transmitted by the perspiration of a person afflicted with the disease, germs passing through the pores.

NOTICE TO SICK WOMEN

Positive Proof That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieves Suffering.

Bridgeton, N. J.—"I cannot speak too highly of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for inflammation and other weaknesses. I was very irregular and would have terrible pains so that I could hardly take a step. Sometimes I would be so miserable that I could not sweep a room. I doctored part of the time but felt no change. I later took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt a change for the better. I took it until I was in good healthy condition. I recommend the Pinkham remedies to all women as I have used them with such good results."—Mrs. MILFORD T. CUMMINGS, 322 Harmony St., Penn's Grove, N. J.

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence of the excellence of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a remedy for the distressing ills of women such as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, backache, painful periods, nervousness and kindred ailments.

FOR MALARIA
Chills and Fever, Biliousness, Constipation and ailments requiring a TONIC treatment.

OXIDINE

GUARANTEED and made by Behrens Drug Co. Waco, Tex. Sold by All Druggists 50¢

FOR OLD AND YOUNG
Tutt's Liver Pills act as kindly on the child, the delicate female or infirm old age, as upon the vigorous man.

Tutt's Pills
give tone and strength to the weak stomach, bowels, kidneys and bladder.

ECZEMA!

Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Eczema, cracked hands, all forms of skin eruption. Drop postal to Nardine Medical Co., Inc., Johnson City, N. Y.

DRIVE MALARIA OUT OF THE SYSTEM

BABEK
for That Tired Feeling

A GOOD TONIC AND APPETIZER

FOR SALE—At war time prices, choice unrelated real Northern Canada Silver Black Foxes in pairs. Bold Bros., Bothwell, Ontario, Canada.

FREE trial can of Dr. Nardine's never failing ointment, for eczema, itching, salt rheum, old sores, boils, sunburns, piles, stiff joints, rheumatic pains, headache, toothache, cracked hands, all forms of skin eruption. Drop postal to Nardine Medical Co., Inc., Johnson City, N. Y.

GREAT DISCOVERY—Secret, sure method of obtaining anything you want. Postpaid for a dime. Glenn Barber, Elba, N. Y.

BIRD ALARMS prevent bird damage. Six for fifty cents. California Sales Co., Watsonville, Calif.

A Suggestive Slap.
"You are my silvery-toned belle," said Sentimental Sammie.
"Huh!" rejoined Practical Pauline.
"What is the use of having a bell if you don't ring it?"

SKIN-TORTURED BABIES

Sleep, Mothers Rest After Treatment With Cuticura—Trial Free.

Send today for free samples of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and learn how quickly they relieve itching, burning skin troubles, and point to speedy healing of baby rashes, eczema and itches. Having cleared baby's skin keep it clear by using Cuticura exclusively.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Hits the Bullseye.
Flattery will always puncture the bullseye when other shots go way below the target.

How's This?
We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.
Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 75c. Testimonials free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Nervy.
Georgene—Check! Why, I've seen him joke with a waiter that he hadn't tipped."

DEATH LURKS IN A WEAK HEART, so on first symptoms use "Renovine" and be cured. Delay and pay the awful penalty. "Renovine" is the heart's remedy. Price \$1.00 and 50c.—Adv.

What man is so poor as he who has nothing but money?

When Your Eyes Need Care
Try Murine Eye Remedy
No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

KILL BOLL WEEVILS

Early Picking and Destruction of Plants Will Insure Crop Next Year.

COVER CROPS IMPROVE SOIL

Insects Are at Mercy of Planter in Fall as They Are at No Other Time—Not Practicable to Burn Stalks in Field.

Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Five Reasons for Fall Destruction of Cotton Plants.

1. Hordes of adult weevils, many for each plant in the field, are killed outright.
2. Many more weevils that are in the immature stages, sometimes as many as a hundred for each plant in the field, are also killed.
3. The few adult weevils escaping will be weakened by starvation, and the great majority will not have sufficient strength to pass through the winter.
4. The development of the late broods, which experiments have shown, furnish the vast majority of weevils that pass through the winter, is cut off immediately. In this way hundreds of weevils that would develop from each plant are absolutely prevented from so doing.
5. The removal of the infested plants with the weevils facilitates fall or early winter plowing, which is the best possible procedure in cotton raising. Moreover, this plowing assists greatly in the production of an early crop the following season.

If every cotton grower having weevil-infested fields would push cotton picking to early completion and then destroy the cotton plants before the boll weevil hibernates, the destructive work of the insect the following year would be largely minimized.

Hand in hand with early fall destruction of weevils goes the practice of planting cover crops after the stalks have been removed. Such crops not only improve the soil but furnish feed of a kind Southern farmers now need. Thus the proper step to take in controlling the boll weevil will increase the production of forage and assist greatly in the production of meat.

At Mercy of Planter.

"Weevils are at the mercy of the planter in the fall as they are at no other time," says Farmers' Bulletin 848, "The Boll Weevil Problem," recently issued by the department. "If the farmer desires to kill these insects then he can do so. If it is not practicable to burn the stalks they can still be uprooted, thereby destroying the green-food supply of the weevils and preventing the further increase of the insects. The cotton then can be picked as the supply of labor permits. Fall destruction of weevils insures a crop for the following season."

This measure of control, it is pointed out, cannot be applied alike to all infested regions. It is the greatest importance in localities of the extreme South where the boll-weevil problem is most serious. Farther north the colder winters make this step less important. As the practicability of fall destruction depends upon the supply of labor available and upon the size of the plantings, it is a measure particularly applicable to the southern and southeastern parts of the cotton belt where the cotton fields are small and labor is sufficiently plentiful to perform the work in ample time.

Extermination in Fall.

Extermination of boll weevils in the fall has not been adopted as widely as it should be, but individual instances everywhere show its value. In one of many experiments performed

by the bureau of entomology—this one in Calhoun county, Texas—the stalks growing on 410 acres of land were destroyed early in October. Careful records kept during the fall each season showed that this work had increased the production more than one-fourth of a bale per acre over the crop on a check area nearby where such work was not done. Circumstances surrounding the experiments show that the advantage was probably considerably greater than indicated by the estimated increased yield, which is very conservative.

Proper Time for Work.

No definite rule can be laid down as to the proper time for destroying weevils in this way. In general, the proper time is whenever the weevils have reached such numbers as to infest practically all of the squares that are being set. This may occur much earlier in some seasons than in others. Fall destruction as late as November will accomplish much, but several times the number of weevils can be destroyed if the work is done in October. The rule should be to destroy infested plants at the earliest possible date in the fall. It is much better to sacrifice a small quantity of cotton than to defer the operation. The loss will more than be made good by an increase in the next crop.

In regions where the loss of organic matter from the burning of stalks is important, it is advisable, the specialist says, to cut the stalks by means of the machine usually employed for that purpose and bury them deeply as possible. This will cause the destruction of many of the immature stages of the weevil in the squares and bolls. Other fall measures against the weevils include plowing under infested squares, grazing cotton fields with cattle, sheep, or goats, and preventing the growth of volunteer cotton or sprouts from the old stumps.

TO FIGHT ANIMAL DISEASE

Department of Agriculture Will Wage Battle on Hog Cholera and Dreaded Cattle Tick.

(From the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A more intensive fight than ever before will be waged by the United States department of agriculture on hog cholera and the cattle tick with funds made available by the recently enacted food production bill. Between them, hog cholera and cattle-tick fever cause annual losses of approximately \$60,000,000. In an effort to stem these losses and so, in effect, to increase meat production, the department will put a greatly enlarged staff of specialists to work in the field within the next few weeks. Tick eradication, which is essential to building up cattle raising in sections of the South now infested by ticks, will be extended in all affected states. Twenty-five veterinarians will be added to the department's staff to carry on the work against hog cholera throughout the hog-raising sections of the country.

FRESH WATER IS NECESSARY

To Keep Its System in Proper Condition It Must Have Water as Frequently as Desired.

Fresh, cool water is as necessary to all kinds of live stock as oil is to the cylinder of an engine. The greater portion of an animal's weight is water. To keep its system properly oiled it must have water frequently and in such amounts as it cares to drink. Hog waterers, watering systems in dairy barns, watering tanks in the pastures and good wells are good investments on every dairy and live stock farm.

GIVE NUT TREES ATTENTION

When Set Out Properly and Given Necessary Care It Should Have Long Life Before It.

Since nut trees grow more slowly in the nursery, and require more attention to budding, of necessity the trees cost more than fruit trees. But when properly set out and given good care, a nut tree should have a long life before it that it may some day become an established landmark.

DANGEROUS CALOMEL IS SELDOM SOLD NOW

Calomel Salivates! It Makes You Sick and You Lose a Day's Work—Dodson's Liver Tone Acts Better Than Calomel and Is Harmless for Men, Women, Children—Read Guarantee!

Every druggist here, yes! your druggist and everybody's druggist has noticed a great falling-off in the sale of calomel. They all give the same reason. Dodson's Liver Tone is taking its place.

"Calomel is dangerous and people know it while Dodson's Liver Tone is safe and gives better results," said a prominent local druggist. Dodson's Liver Tone is personally guaranteed by every druggist. A large family-sized bottle costs only 50 cents and if you find it doesn't take the place of dangerous, salivating calomel you have only to ask for your money back.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a pleasant-tasting, purely vegetable remedy, harmless to both children and adults. Take a spoonful at night and wake up feeling fine, no sick headache, biliousness, ague,

sour stomach or clogged bowels. Dodson's Liver Tone doesn't gripe or cause inconvenience all next day like calomel.

Take a dose of calomel tonight and tomorrow you will feel sick, weak and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work!

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up with your head clear, your liver active, bowels clean, breath sweet and stomach regulated. You will feel cheerful and full of vigor and ready for a hard day's work.

You can eat anything afterwards without risk of salivating yourself or your children.

Get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone and try it on my guarantee. You'll never again put a dose of nasty, dangerous calomel into your stomach. Adv.

Not Very.
"He's as happy as a king."
"Humph! How happy is a king nowadays?"

To Drive Out Malaria
And Build Up The System
Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 60 cents.

The Joy of Misery.
"Misery loves company."
"Not if the other fellow has bigger woes to talk about."

Relieving Anxiety.
"What makes you so thoughtful, Algernon, dearest?"
"I was just thinking of the disturbance to business caused by the war, darling. Now, they say there is going to be a sugar shortage in the United States."
"Well, my own, don't get worried. I would just as soon have a nice, long automobile ride as a box of chocolates, any time."

A Near Calamity.

Little Mary was being initiated into the wonders of the Pullman car. She and her mother left the city early in the evening, each occupying a big cushioned seat in the car. Mary wished to know at once where they were to sleep, and after five minutes' explanation by her mother she realized that they were to sleep in a bed, made over their two seats, which would be completed by the porter about nine o'clock. At the next stop a man entered the car and Mary was forced to give up her individual seat to him. He had reserved the upper berth, which she did not know. The giving up of the seat was for a time enough food for thought, but she finally burst out with this question:

"Mamma, if we sleep here, and all those other people sleep where they are sitting, where is that man going to sleep?"

"That man," and the rest in the car laughed. The explanation process began all over again.

CUT OUT CROOKED STICKS

Use of Dead Wood for Fuel Is Also Applied to Scoundrels and the War.

Forestry experts in New York, a state which has given much conserving attention to its wealth in trees, urge farmers to help the country meet the high cost of fuel by making more use of the dead and dying timber in their wood lots. They are advised to burn in their stoves and grates the fallen logs still sound enough to be converted into fire wood and to cut down and utilize crooked trees obviously foredoomed to worthlessness as timber, no matter how long they may be allowed to stand.

This is good advice, and there is a human moral in the crooked stick part of it, says an exchange. The same stress of war times, which led to the appeal issued to New York farmers in sifting out crooked men. Some rescues will profit by war conditions, but in the broad view of the nation's affairs the sound and straight will come to the front. The country can't take chances with scoundrels. It must cut crooked sticks out of the life-and-death work of the war, in places of authority.

Out of the Mouths of Babes.

Little Nettie asked her teacher what was meant by "Mrs. Grundy." She was told that it meant the "world!"

Some days after the teacher of the class to which Nettie belonged asked, "what is the equator?" After some hesitation Nettie said: "I know::: it's the belt around Mrs. Grundy's waist."

Just as Good.

Tommy Atkins had taken a German officer prisoner and demanded the latter's sword. The officer shook his head.

"I have no sword to give you," he said, "but won't my vitriol spray, my flame projector or my gas cylinder do as well?"

For years the United States government has sought to protect the Indian race from liquor.

Always Be Fair.

Try and find the good that is in your neighbor, even if you have to take a microscope.

St. Louis Lady Cured of Eczema.

5539 Vernon St., St. Louis, Mo. I have had Eczema for four years and have tried everything possible to cure it, without success, until I tried Tetterine. Your medicine has cured me after six months' trial.

Miss A. B. King. Tetterine cures Eczema, Itching Piles, Ring Worm, Dandruff and every form of Scalp and Skin Disease. Tetterine 50c. Tetterine Soap 25c. At druggists or by mail direct from The Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga.

With every mail order for Tetterine we give a box of Shuptrine's 10c Liver Pills free. Adv.

Variety of Time in Honolulu.

On Papaikou plantation the clock marks three-quarters of an hour ahead of standard time for the day. In fact, there are three ways of fixing the hour of the day on the plantation—solar time, standard time and railway time, writes A. P. Taylor, Honolulu correspondent. The Hilo Sugar company has put the time half an hour ahead. At Pabala the Hawaiian Agricultural company has advanced all the clocks 40 minutes. Nearly all the other plantations on the island have gained from 15 minutes to one hour. They may decide to adopt a uniform time.

More Expensive Trimming.

Halefeller (wildly)—What! Do you mean to tell me, woman, that it cost \$30 to get that hat trimmed? Jumping Jupiter! But that milliners' game is the limit!

Mrs. Halefeller (sweetly)—Really? Why, I understood it costs some men more than that to get trimmed in a poker game.

Progress.

"Are you interested in food control?"
"I have gotten away past it. What I'm interested in now is appetite control."

Which Is Done.

"My husband worries so over our gas bill."

"Oh, tell him to make light of it."

European experimenters have found that explosions can be caused in gas works by sparks from a telephone.

Eat More Corn!

When you eat corn instead of wheat you are saving for the boys in France.

Corn is an admirable cool weather food.

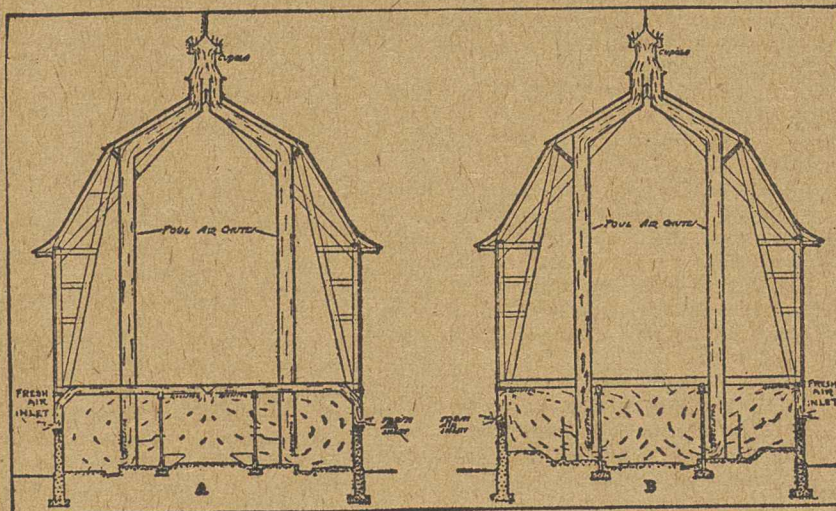
Whether or not you like corn bread, corn muffins, "Johnny Cake", or corn pone, you are sure to like

Post Toasties

The newest wrinkle in corn foods—crisp, bubbled flakes of white corn—a substantial food dish with an alluring smack—and costs but a trifle.

Make Post Toasties Your War Cereal

ABUNDANCE OF FRESH AIR IS ESSENTIAL



INLET FLUES OPEN NEAR COWS' HEADS.

An abundance of fresh air is quite generally recognized as essential to the health of animals. In housing dairy cattle a close system is often practiced, which results not only in lowering the vitality of the cows, but in making easy the spread of infectious diseases. Since dairy cows are maintained in the herd for a longer time than are some of our other farm animals, there is greater necessity, therefore, for a constant and abundant supply of fresh air. The illustration shows a plan showing flues so installed that the inlet flues open near the cows' heads and the foul-air flues open near the gutters. A: When cows face in. B: Where cows face out.

HUNDREDS HEAR HER TESTIMONY

Mrs. Harris Grew So Despondent She Gave Up Entirely, She Declares.

GAINED 35 POUNDS

"I Believe I've Told Fully Four Hundred People In Person About My Recovery on Tanlac," She Says.

"I am not only a strong healthy woman instead of a nervous wreck like I was before taking Tanlac, but I have actually gained thirty-five pounds in weight besides," said Mrs. Emma Harris, whose husband is in the transfer business and who resides at 5811 Reiger street, Dallas, Texas.

"My health had been gradually failing for several months," she continued, "I just had to force down every mouthful I ate and I fell off until I weighed hardly more than a hundred pounds. I was tormented by boils and eruptions all over my body and suffered agonies from rheumatism that made my bones ache like they would break in two. My nerves were in such a state it was simply impossible for me to get any sleep and I felt so downhearted and hopeless that I just gave up entirely and took to my bed."

"One day a friend told me about Tanlac and advised me to try it. I sent for a bottle and by the time I had used up half of it my appetite returned and I was soon up and about and able to take up my housework again. I eat anything I want now, my food gives me strength, my blood has cleared up, my rheumatism is gone and I suffer no pains, I sleep like a child and feel fresh and fine when I wake up. I believe I've told fully four hundred people in person, about my recovery on Tanlac."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

Don't Listen Too Much.

If you expect to believe everything that you hear, better not listen much of the time.

A NEGLECTED COLD

is often followed by pneumonia. Before it is too late take Laxative Quinine Tablets. Gives prompt relief in cases of Coughs, Colds, La Grippe and Headache. Price 25c.—Adv.

Get Menthol From Japan.

Before the war about half the menthol crystals exported from Japan were sent to Germany. Since the outbreak of the war the United States has become the largest purchaser of these crystals, followed in order by Great Britain, France and British India. The price has varied from \$2 to \$2.50 a pound during the last five years, remaining most of the time near the higher mark. Recent improvements in the process of manufacture have kept the price within reasonable limits in spite of a considerable increase in the demand since the beginning of the war.

A Pointed Question.

Jean's maiden aunt is a dressmaker, and she is forever exhorting the little girl, who loathes the sight of a thimble, to learn to sew.

"Aunt Ruth," Jean remarked recently, "should every little girl learn to sew and make her own clothes?"

"Yes, indeed," replied aunt warmly. "Why do you ask?"

"Well, then, how would you make a living?"

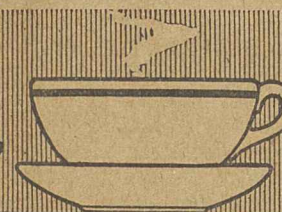
Aunt subsided.

Self-Consideration.

"How could you urge your husband to go to the war? Won't it be hard on you as a wife?"

"Maybe so, but it will be lots easier for me as a widow."

The turkey buzzard is nearly as large as an eagle, dull black, soars almost constantly, often in large curves.



POSTUM has been adopted as the table beverage in many a home because of its pleasing flavor and healthful nature

STATE NEWS IN PARAGRAPHS

J. A. Rountree, secretary of the Bankhead National Highway Association, arrived at headquarters in Birmingham after a two weeks' tour in an automobile escorted by committees from various towns between Atlanta and Washington inspecting the two proposed routes of the Bankhead highway between these two cities. Secretary Rountree traveled over 1,400 miles, visited 60-odd towns and cities, delivered addresses in 48 towns and arranged details in regard to the official pathfinding party that will start from Washington on October 30 to officially designate the Bankhead highway.

The six-story building of the T. G. Bush Grocery Co., at the corner of Commerce street and Exchange alley, in the heart of the wholesale district of Mobile, was destroyed by fire, together with its contents. The loss is estimated at \$300,000. The Mobile Cotton Exchange and the Chamber of Commerce, both occupying the same building, a three-story brick structure, were virtually completely destroyed.

Fire Captain Frank Reed and Assistant Fire Chief George W. Myrick were injured in fighting the fire that destroyed the three-story building of Brown & Brown, wholesale bagging, ties and grain, at the corner of St. Michael and Commerce streets.

It was announced by members of the Alabama delegation in Washington that President Wilson had approved the report of the army engineers in recommending the location of a nitrate plant at Sheffield.

A special from Washington says that army engineers have recommended Sheffield, Ala., near Muscle Shoals, for the site of the experimental nitrate plant and government power plant. Three millions are to be spent on the former and one million on the latter.

The county school situation at Tuscaloosa has been somewhat cleared by the appointment of six teachers by Superintendent Hughes, although three more resignations were received, making a total of 32 resignations during the past week. There are still 27 vacancies and unless teachers can be employed immediately it is certain that many of the county schools will be unable to open or the opening will be delayed until teachers can be secured.

Differences between the Mobile Light and Railroad Company and the Union of Street Railway Employees were adjusted with the signing of an agreement granting wage increases and providing for the "open shop." First year men and extras are raised from 19 to 22 cents and hour; second year 20 to 22; third 21 to 22; fourth 22 to 24; fifth 23 to 25; sixth 24 to 26; seventh 25 to 27, and a new grade of eight year men 25 to 28 cents per hour.

In the hurricane that swept Mobile the damage was confined to roofs and plate glass windows of merchants in the business district. The wind attained a maximum velocity of 96 miles an hour. There was practically no damage to the shipping interests. The telephone service was partially interrupted. The residence district has no electric lights because of prostrate wires, but the lighting service in the business district was not interrupted.

A mortgage for \$1,100,000, the largest filed in the Probate Court in Colbert County for a number of years, has been presented for record by the Sheffield Iron Company, a recent reorganization company of the Sheffield Coal and Iron Company, the latter having sold its interest under a mortgage foreclosure several weeks ago. The mortgage covers property of the Iron Company in five counties in Alabama—Colbert, Lauderdale, Cherokee, Franklin and Walker—and property in Tennessee. The tax known as the revenue tax, amounting to 15 cents for every \$100 or fractional part thereof, in this instance amounted to \$1,650.

A Washington special says that Mine Rescue Truck No. 1 of the United States Bureau of Mines, in charge of W. T. Burgess, will reach Johns, Ala., on October 11 to give instruction and demonstrations in the use of the mine rescue apparatus and in first aid to the injured. The truck will go to Blocton from Johns, and will remain there until October 13. A full equipment of mine rescue apparatus and first aid appliances is carried on this truck, and it is used in giving the training.

United States District Court Clerk Virgil Griffin under order of the United States District Court, at Mobile, liquidated \$51,000 face value bonds of the old New Orleans, Mobile and Chicago Railroad, now the reorganized Gulf, Mobile and Northern. The bonds were liquidated at about \$199.99 per \$1,000, as required to be paid by the court clerk under the decree directing such payment.

"Coal is powerful cheap and eggs mighty high," says Lieutenant George A. McCarty, of the Seventeenth Engineers, now on duty in France, in a letter to his sister, Mrs. James G. Weiss, a resident of Montgomery. The letter was received and is postmarked "Somewhere in France." Lieutenant McCarty writes that coal sells for \$1 a ton and eggs 9 cents a piece, "when you can get them."

The date fixed for the Chilton County Annual Fair has been announced as October 29 and to continue through for one week inclusive of November 2

LONG AND SHORT HAUL RATE FIGHT

NINE RAILWAYS FILE PETITION BEFORE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

STATE CAPITAL NEWS NOTES

Doings of the Various Departments of the Commonwealth Given for Our Readers.

—Montgomery.

Another step of the railroads toward establishment of the long and short haul principle in the making of freight rates throughout the South was taken when nine railroads filed a formal petition with the Alabama public service commission for the discarding of the legislative rates and present commission-made rates on classes and commodities and for the long and short haul principle which has the approval of the interstate commerce commission. Should the new system be inaugurated, many rates would be lowered and others increased and all rates would be based on the distance articles are hauled rather than on the nature of the shipments.

Court Completes Calendar 1917-18.

The Alabama supreme court and court of appeals will begin the call of divisions for the term of 1917-18, November 12, and will continue through June 30, when the recess for the summer of 1918 will begin. The calendar for the year has been completed.

Cases from the first division will be taken up first, beginning November 12 and continuing one week. Counties in this division are Baldwin, Clarke, Mobile, Monroe and Washington. Other calls will be made in the following order:

November 19: Fifth division, Chambers, Chilton, Coosa, Elmore, Lee, Macon, Russell and Tallapoosa.

November 26: Sixth division, Blount, Cullman, Fayette, Jefferson, Lamar, Marion, Pickens, Tuscaloosa, Walker and Winston.

December 17: Third division, Autauga, Butler, Conecuh, Escambia, Lowndes and Montgomery.

January 14: Seventh division, Calhoun, Cherokee, Clay, Cleburne, De Kalb, Etowah, Randolph, Shelby, St. Clair and Talladega.

January 21: Fourth division, Barbour, Bullock, Coffee, Covington, Crenshaw, Dale, Geneva, Henry, Houston and Pike.

February 4: Eighth division, Colbert, Franklin, Jackson, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Limestone, Madison, Marshall and Morgan.

February 11: Second division, Bibb, Choctaw, Dallas, Greene, Hale, Marengo, Perry, Sumter and Wilcox.

State Lived Within Income.

Alabama lived within its income during the fiscal year which ended September 30, and had \$116,118.41 to pay on the deficit of about \$2,500,000, which had been gradually increasing for each year for 10 years. Records of the State auditor's department made public by M. C. Good, state auditor, at the close of business September 30, show that the total receipts during the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1916, were \$7,670,642.84, while total disbursements were \$7,554,524.42, leaving a balance of \$116,118.41.

The importance of the state's feat during the year is shown when it is stated that the disbursements for the fiscal year of 1916, which ended September 30, 1916, exceeded receipts by \$422,719.37. Total receipts in 1916 were \$7,138,674.86, while total disbursements were \$7,561,394.23.

Fire Prevention Day.

In a proclamation issued by Governor Henderson, October 9 is set apart for observance of fire prevention day.

This date is the anniversary of the Chicago fire and was selected for that reason. The governor calls upon the schools of the state to set apart one hour for drill and instruction in fire prevention and to give information as to the widespread loss of fires and the cost of insurance in their respective localities.

Co-operation of the citizens in a thorough inspection of all premises will be asked to the end that the number of fires be lessened. In this proclamation the governor calls attention to the fact that Alabama's losses in 1916 were more than \$3,600,000.

New Company Organizes.

With the intention of providing a market for the farm products of Barbour county, the crushing of velvet beans and kindred commodities.

Sturdivant Brought Back.

George Sturdivant, Jefferson county convict, who escaped from the state tuberculosis hospital, was returned to the Wetumpka penitentiary by R. L. Corbitt, transfer agent. He was recaptured at Cleveland, Ohio.

Many Counties Ask Aid.

According to a statement by State Highway Engineer W. S. Keller, 31 Alabama counties have asked Federal aid for road building under provisions of the recently enacted Bankhead good roads law.

Kennedy Fuel Administrator.

Samuel P. Kennedy has been appointed fuel administrator for Alabama and is now in Washington attending a conference of fuel administrators of the various states.

LEMONS BRING OUT THE HIDDEN BEAUTY



What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes; to bleach the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quarter pint of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to the face, neck, arms and hands it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons. Adv.

The Worst Way.

Back in the dark ages, when the management of the Erie railroad was not all that it should have been—the rolling stock needing more oil and the common stock less water—a west-bound passenger train jolted into Corning one day two hours behind time and halted to patch up the engine and take on such passengers as were in no hurry and preferred waiting to walking.

Just as the train was about to jerk itself in motion an excited individual came rushing along the platform, dragging a heavy carpetbag with one hand and waving a telegram with the other. "You must wait!" he shouted, breathlessly. "I'm in an awful hurry! I want to get to Buffalo the worst way!"

"All right," sang out the conductor of the starting train. "Hurry up and jump aboard. You won't strike anything worse than this!"—Everybody's Magazine.

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY

is her hair. If yours is streaked with gray, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

A Question.

"He was boasting that he did some record flying abroad at the front."

"Aviating or running away?"

One-tenth of the 2,000,000 inhabitants of Uganda are Protestant Christians.

For speedy and effective action Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" has no equal. One dose only will clean out Worms or Tapeworm. Adv.

It is asserted that the best marksmen are usually those with blue or gray eyes.

With the Fingers! Says Corns Lift Out Without Any Pain

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

At little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound, and dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding skin. Just think! You can lift off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or soreness. If your druggist hasn't freezone he can easily get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Rat Deadly Disease Carrier.

The Spanish war developed the fact that the mosquito was the carrier of yellow fever, writes E. W. Nelson in the National Geographic Magazine. Another type of mosquito is known to be the carrier of malaria. The European war has brought to almost universal public knowledge the fact that body lice are carriers of the deadly typhus and many diseases are known to be carried by other insects.

Among these deadly carriers of death and destruction none equals the house rat in its tremendous drain on the prosperity of nations by its destruction of food and other property, while at the same time it is the deadliest of all to mankind as a disease carrier. Within historic times it has caused the death of untold millions of human beings through its dissemination of the bubonic plague.

STOP THAT HACKING COUGH.

Mansfield (formerly Hungarian) Cough Balsam heals the inflamed and lacerated membranes and quiets the tickling nerves that lie underneath the infected portions. Invaluable for babies. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

The New Way.

Chancellor—Sire, we will have to camouflage some of our diplomatic schemes.

Kaiser—Then paint them a neutral tint.

STOP THOSE SHARP SHOOTING PAINS "Femmina" is the wonder worker for all female disorders. Price \$1.00 and 50c. Adv.

Women are fast replacing men in the printing trade.

EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI

MY SIGNATURE *Paul Skinner* ON EVERY PACKAGE

He was boasting that he did some record flying abroad at the front. "Aviating or running away?"

One-tenth of the 2,000,000 inhabitants of Uganda are Protestant Christians.

For speedy and effective action Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" has no equal. One dose only will clean out Worms or Tapeworm. Adv.

It is asserted that the best marksmen are usually those with blue or gray eyes.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and \$1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

A GUARANTEED REMEDY FOR ASTHMA

Your MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED by your druggist without any question if this remedy does not benefit every case of Asthma, Bronchial Asthma, Hay Fever or Difficult Breathing. No matter how violent the attacks or obstinate the case.

DR. R. SCHIFFMANN'S ASTHMADOR

In either form (Cigarette, Pipe Mixture or Powder) positively gives INSTANT RELIEF in every case and has permanently cured thousands who had been considered incurable, after having tried every other means of relief in vain. Sufferers are afforded an opportunity of availing themselves of this "Money Back" guarantee offer as through purchasing from their own regular druggist, they are sure that money will be refunded by him if the remedy fails. You will be the sole judge as to whether you are benefited and will get your money back if you are not. We do not know of any fairer proposition which we could make.

R. Schiffmann Co., Proprietors, St. Paul, Minn.

A wide fertile area will be reclaimed by the construction of a 32-mile canal in Matanzas province, Cuba.

The occasional use of Roman Eye Balsam at night will prevent and relieve tired eyes, watery eyes, and eye strain. Adv.

The crow is the one big black bird larger than a pigeon that flaps its wings all of the time slowly as it flies.

GAVE UP HOPE

Often Wished For Death to End Her Misery. Doan's Effected a Complete and Lasting Recovery.

"I was helpless with kidney trouble," says Mrs. Ellen Janis, 1404 N. Third St., St. Charles, Mo., "and began to think my case was beyond the reach of medicine. The pain in my back laid me up in bed and it seemed as if my back had been crushed. I couldn't sleep and was so nervous I was almost frantic. "Flashes of fire came before my eyes and the pains in my head were terrible. My sight was affected and there were large, puffy spots beneath my eyes. "How I suffered when passing the kidney secretions! I screamed in agony and I often wished I might die and be out of misery. I had night sweats and mornings on getting up I was so weak and numb I could hardly stand up. I grew so pale and emaciated I looked like death. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me completely and I have been as well and healthy since as any woman of my age."



Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box **DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS** FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

PAINT YOUR OWN AUTO Save money. One coat Karmamel will give a fine, durable lustre. For particulars write WALTERS SALES, 201 Association Building, CHICAGO.

WANTED—An agent in each county for entirely new and necessary article. Every man buys at night; easy seller; large profit. Otto Schultz, Box 395, Key West, Florida.

LADIES send for formula for prevention of odors from perspiration. I. COHEN, 1215 AVENUE H, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Frost Hardened Cabbage Plants, the Wakefields, etc. \$2 1.00 delivered. Larger quantities less. Ch. Murray Plant Farm, Selma, Ala. W. N. U., Birmingham, No 40-1917.

E. G. GIVHAN
Physician
OFFICE IN ELLIS BUILDING
MONTEVALLO, ALA.

J. I. REID
Physician

Office: 2nd floor Ellis Building
MONTEVALLO, ALA.
Telephone: Residence, 47J; office, 30

CHAS. T. ACKER
Physician

Office: New Ellis Building (over Brown's Grocery Store). Residence 'phone, 32. Office 'phone, Strong's Drug Store.

W. J. MITCHELL
DENTIST

OFFICE IN NEW ELLIS BUILDING (up stairs)

Montevallo, Alabama

MISS BESSIE ALLEN
Magazines and Dailies
Montevallo, Ala.

Your order filled for any club or special offer given by any publisher or agency. Catalog of prices on request.

I. T. GARNER
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN

Will be in Montevallo, on Rogan's corner, on the 4th Monday in every month. Remember that I AM ABLE TO DUPLICATE ANY BROKEN GLASSES, or fill any prescription. ALL WORK IS GUARANTEED

Pancho Reyes
High Class Jack

Will make spring season at
"BIRD-WOOD FARM."

Colts, to stand and suck, \$10.00.
Jack handled by owner.

K. C. MAHAN
BRIERFIELD, ALA.

Spirella Corsetry

MRS. EVA SPEARMAN,
RESIDENCE CORSETIER
MONTEVALLO, - ALABAMA

\$5,000 Reward

ARREST that man at sight!
and run him down to the

Q. C. & B.
BARBER SHOP

Where I can put him to sleep with a Nancy Hanks razor,—and wake him up with a hot towel, and doll him up so his wife can meet him with a smile.

I solicit your business upon a basis of EFFICIENCY

J. W. VINSON
Montevallo, - Ala.

If you have sewing of any kind to be done see Mrs. Skinner.

Kendrick's
Barber Shop

At W. H. Mitchell's old stand

I will take pleasure in giving you easy, velvet shaves, up-to-date haircuts, shampoos, etc.

Hot and Cold Baths

GEORGE KENDRICK
Montevallo, Alabama

Piano Lessons

Miss Hattie Lyman will give piano lessons on Wednesdays and Saturdays. For terms address 308 Oak Street, Montevallo. Phone 42W.

CALERA LOCALS

Mr. John H. Bradford of Montevallo was here Tuesday.

Mr. H. Honeycutt of Jemison has bought the garage of Mr. H. H. French and now operates it.

Sergeant Henry Jeffers is at home on a 3-weeks sick-leave. He belongs to Battery C, 117 Field Artillery, Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga.

Mr. M. N. Brown, the experienced saw filer of Maplesville, was here Tuesday. He reports that his little boy, Marvin Alvin, 3 years old, has been right sick, but is better.

Take your watch to Mr. G. S. Tate and let him fix it. While you are there perhaps you had better get Mr. M. E. Johnson to show you one of his fine razors and some of the other very useful novelties in his stock of merchandise.

Mr. S. J. Jennings reports that three persons came in to Calera and wrote insurance last week. This is sensible! How strange that a man calling himself a protector of his family should fail for a single day to see to it that his loved ones have insurance as a protection!

Miss Marian Eason is attending the A. G. T. L. at Montevallo. Her friends here wish her unbounded success and many honors in her studies. The path to all good things lies through the pages of books, and happy are those young folks whose parents give them an education.

Mr. S. J. Jennings informs us that his sons, Grady, Race and Byron, are all at Erie, Pa., working in munitions factories and earning wages at the rate of \$30.00 to \$50.00 per week. Mrs. Jennings and her little daughter, Edith, went last week to visit Mr. Jennings's sons, and they report a fine trip and safe arrival.

Yes, Sir, I am a Jew. Rabbi M. Newfield of Birmingham says so, and I hope he is a good judge, for I like the Jews, in spite of their money-loving proclivities. Yet my ancestors are English and not Hebrew. But I measure up to Rabbi Newfield's test. I believe in the unity of the Creator. There is no God but God, and we think the Lord Jesus was simply the human manifestation of God. By and by, as we believe the Old Testament teaches, the Jews will return to their King, the humble Son of Man who is the One and Only God.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.



—“and here's your
Aetna check”

Mighty nice of the folk to bring flowers and fruit. But of all the gifts, nothing is so comforting as this Aetna check for \$250 every four weeks.

I've had some siege of it here—over two months since the boiler explosion in the factory. Doubt if I'd have pulled through if my mind hadn't been at ease about my family. Knew, too, that if I did pass out, they'd be taken care of with the \$15,000 they'd get, in indemnity and increases, from my AETNA DISABILITY POLICY.

As it is, even when I get home, every four weeks \$200 will be coming to me while I'm in bed and then \$25 a week until I'm able to tackle the job again.

Often takes an experience like this to make a man want to

AETNA-IZE

It's a wonder a husky fellow like myself had the forethought. But you never can tell when sickness or accident will grab you—and I wanted to do the right thing by Sue and the kids. Besides, it costs so little. Write, call or 'phone today.

No. Six-Sixty-Six

This is a prescription prepared especially for **MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER.** Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c

**INCREASE PRODUCTION OF
BEEF IN THE SOUTHEAST**

By Carl G. Filler, Agent in Beef Cattle Extension.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

The livestock interests of the nation are confronted with the necessity of increasing beef production, and at the same time conserving grain. In the present emergency, the Southeast is the logical field in which beef production can be increased without the necessity of feeding large quantities of grain. In this section there are extensive tracts of unused lands fairly well adapted to grazing throughout the greater portion of the year.

Reports from all the Southeastern States indicate a very large current increase in the production of feed crops. Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi have planted something like 5,000,000 acres of velvet beans. This crop alone will add enormously to the supply of feed that will be available for stock. Something like as many tons of velvet beans will be produced as there are acres planted to this crop, and probably half of this can be most profitably used in feeding or wintering beef cattle, and would finish for the market something like 2,500,000 or 3,000,000 head of steers, or furnish enough grain for the wintering of three to four times that many females.

The feed crops produced in the Southeast this year should not be sacrificed on a glutted market, but should be used to increase the nation's meat supply, and, at the same time, more than double the profits of the producer. Practically all cattle, except a small percentage of the most inferior grade, should be fed on velvet beans and some cheap roughage before being marketed, in order to avoid selling at the low price which grass cattle command.

Parties who have not sufficient cattle to make use of the feed they are producing this year should secure them as soon as possible, while they are being forced on the market at a low price, and run them in the velvet bean fields later on, or feed them out in the feed lot. However, this is only one of the ways by which beef production may be increased.

Present Emergency Demands Action. We are not growing as many cattle in the Southeastern States as it would be profitable to do, nor as many as we should grow. Changed economical conditions, resulting from the present emergency, now demand the immediate and fullest utilization of all agricultural resources. This means the use of all available grazing lands by the best female beef cattle that it is possible for us to secure.

The success which has attended the campaign for tick eradication, and the increased knowledge of the cattle industry in this section, justify a plan which promises quicker returns than by the slow process of grading up our common cattle by the use of pure-bred bulls.

The Southwestern Range Most Important Source of High-Grade Beef Cattle.

The Southwestern Range is today the most important available source of well-bred, unregistered beef stock. For years the ranchmen of the Southwest have used pure-bred bulls of the highest quality. At a time when good bulls could be purchased for around \$100, the large ranch companies were purchasing car loads of the pick of such herds as those of Messrs. Guggell & Simpson, Cornish & Patton, the Sothams, and the Vanatats, at prices ranging up to \$200, or even, in some cases, to \$250 per head.

In the past the range has retained all well-bred cows and heifers, disposing only of those of inferior grade and quality. At present the range has practically reached its maximum production, and every year large numbers of good high-grade heifers are being forced upon the market. This stock usually comes on the market in the fall. However, owing to the serious drought in a large section of Texas, many good cattle are now being forced upon the market and sold at a sacrifice. These cattle can be bought at reasonable prices, considering the quality and breeding.

United States Department of Agriculture Assisting.

To assist in saving females needed for breeding purposes, the United States Department of Agriculture has placed experienced men in the Southwest to locate cows and heifers that are likely to be forced upon the market. This stock will be graded according to age, quality, breeding and condition. The very best grade and quality can be purchased for 8 cents per pound. The cost of shipping will add about another cent per pound. This is the cheapest female stuff that can be purchased for breeding purposes, as calves from these cows and heifers will produce beef so much more economically than calves from our common or scrub cows.

The United States Department of Agriculture has also placed a man in the Southeast to co-operate with commercial organizations interested in the livestock development of this section, and with the Extension forces of the various State Agricultural Colleges. The purpose is to locate such persons as will be able to handle this class of stock, and put prospective buyers in touch with present owners.

Southeastern Cattlemen and Land Owners' Opportunity.

By taking advantage of this opportunity those desiring to stock large tracts of unused land can put themselves from six to a dozen years ahead in the cattle business. Persons interested in obtaining one or more car loads of steers or heifers should get in touch with their County Agricultural Agent, or correspond with Carl G. Filler, of the Alabama Extension Service, Auburn, Ala., or with the Animal Husbandry Division of the Bureau of Animal Industry, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

These cattle will come from tick-free areas, or will be dipped under Federal supervision, and freed from ticks before being moved interstate.



**SHARPEN
your wits**

The importance of clear minds is shown by the Russian edict against vodka. As soon as their beclouded wits cleared the Russian people saw things in a new light. Real courage resulted—the courage of one's convictions. Whistle—bottled orange,—is a drink that clears the cobwebs from your being. That sharpens your wits, that tunes your body to its best.

**BOTTLED "DRY" BY
THE**

**Montevallo Coca-Cola
Bottling Company**
Montevallo, Alabama.

C. L. MERONEY,
PRESIDENT.

Wm. LYMAN,
CASHIER.

W. H. LYMAN,
ASST. CASHIER.

CAPITAL \$25,000.00

**CHECKING ACCOUNTS
SOLICITED**

**Merchants & Planters
BANK**
Montevallo, Alabama.

**Tax Assessor and
COLLECTOR'S ROUNDS**

We will visit the following precincts of Shelby county, at the following times and places, for assessing taxes for the year 1918, and for collecting the taxes for the year 1917, to-wit:

Calera, beat 3	Monday, October 1st
Montevallo, beat 4	Tuesday, October 2nd
Wilton, beat 4	Wednesday, October 3rd
Maylene, beat 19	Thursday, October 4th
Gurnee, beat 19	Friday, October 5th
Bamford, beat 5	Friday, October 5th
Helena, beat 6	Saturday, October 6th
Saginaw, beat 7	Monday, October 8th
Siluria, beat 7	Monday, October 8th
Pelham, beat 17	Tuesday, October 9th
Highland, beat 12	Wednesday, October 10th
Bold Springs, beat 13, at Farley's Store	Wednesday, October 10th
Chelsea, beat 8	Thursday, October 11th
Westover, beat 11	Thursday, October 11th
Shelby, beat 1	Friday, October 12th
Farmer, beat 2	Friday, October 12th
Wilsonville, beat 9	Saturday, October 13th
Dunnavant, beat 18	Monday, October 15th
Vandiver, beat 14	Monday, October 15th
Sterrett, beat 15	Tuesday, October 16th
Vincent, beat 16	Wednesday, October 17th
Harpersville, beat 10	Thursday, October 18th
Creswell, beat 10	Thursday, October 18th
Blue Springs, beat 9	Friday, October 19th
Columbiana, beat 1	October 22nd to October 27th, inclusive

After the 31st day of December, 1917, all tax payers who have failed to make return of their property will be delinquent in the eye of the law, and will be charged a fee of 50c in each case, whether demand has been made on them or not, and all tax payers who fail to make returns on their property by the first Monday in February, 1918, will incur a penalty of TEN PER CENT, to be added to their assessment after demand has been made upon them for the same. The assessor has no discretion in the matter of remitting the penalty.

W. E. HARRISON,
Tax Assessor for Shelby County.

I, also, will visit each precinct, at the places and dates above specified, for the purpose of collecting the State and County taxes due for the year 1917.

JOE S. BIRD,
Tax Collector of Shelby County.

Fall Goods

NOW COMING IN!

New Line of Smart Shoes, Men's Dress Goods, and other attractive lines of fall goods now coming in.

C. L. MERONEY & CO.

MONTEVALLO, : ALABAMA.

The Montevallo Advertiser

Published in the Organized Community of Montevallo, Alabama.

VOL. III No. 9

R. W. HALL, Editor

MONTEVALLO, ALA., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1917

Price: \$1.00 Per Year



The Story of a Wonderful Pay-roll

NOT only is the L. & N. individually a citizen and large tax payer in nine Southern States, but it has many thousands of Southern people on its payroll who, likewise, are taxpayers. The L. & N. is essentially a railroad of and for the South, and maintains an enormous payroll in the South.

The total number of people employed by the L. & N. in the South for the past ten years, and their compensation, is as follows:

Year	Number	State	Ten Years	Compensation for 10 Years
1907	81,501	Alabama	88,013	\$ 61,353,324.64
1908	24,707	Florida	11,876	8,082,285.83
1909	25,498	Georgia	12,315	8,984,761.75
1910	29,917	Kentucky	136,500	100,033,935.33
1911	29,807	Louisiana	6,655	4,754,745.21
1912	81,789	Mississippi	4,325	2,907,407.94
1913	82,755	N. Carolina	273	148,307.01
1914	24,270	Tennessee	49,102	34,689,835.82
1915	32,366	Virginia	2,447	1,850,333.10
1916	82,487			
Total	504,603		204,603	\$218,395,476.63

Labor constitutes 58.07 per cent of L. & N. expenses, and has increased 116 per cent in sixteen years. Out of every dollar of L. & N. revenue received, 42 cents is paid for labor.

In addition the L. & N. has paid out indirectly for Southern labor engaged by contractors for various construction and extension projects a sum that would materially augment the above enormous total.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

The Old Reliable

DURING the past ten years the L. & N. has paid out in the South for wages alone \$218,395,476.63 which was distributed to an average of 30,460 employees, every one of whom lives and has interests in the South.

On the basis employed by the Bureau of Census that five persons are dependent on each wage earner, it is seen that the L. & N. contributes directly to the support of 152,300 people per annum.

NO COUNTY FAIR

Carnival Company Could Not Be Had

The management of the Shelby County Fair Association announces that there will be no fair this year. The carnival company could not be secured because, owing to the war, the railroads are too busy to haul them promptly, and because the company says prior engagements prevent them.

But we believe the ordinary fair carnival is no good attraction. The moral atmosphere around is not very healthy, and the people know it. Still, many visitors want it.

We believe one thing which has caused the annulment of the fair is the lack of public interest in it this year. Notwithstanding the fine crops which have been produced the public thought seems to be very largely devoted to the great world conflict now in progress, so that due attention has not been given to the county fair. Perhaps, also, the management did not begin its advertising campaign soon enough.

Let us hope everything will be in readiness next year for a fine fair. Now is a pretty good time to begin making preparations for it.

Thief Enters Home

Last Tuesday afternoon, about 3 o'clock, a thief entered the residence of Mr. M. V. Wallace and stole a suitcase, several suits of clothes, a shotgun, razor and several dollars in small change. Mr. Wallace and his family were out in his field and picking peas, at the time. When they returned to the house they found that the thief had also stolen a pot of beef which was cooking for their supper. It is believed a tramp was the thief, and the officers are on his trail.

The articles stolen by the thief, besides four or five dollars in cash, are as follows: One double-barreled shot gun and a number of shells, 1 blue coat, 1 pair of navy blue pants, 1 brown coat, 1 light summer suit (gray color), 1 pair of moleskin pants, several collars and ties, 1 brown suitcase, 1 razor, 2 Sunday shirts, 3 suits of underwear.

Mr. Wallace had the State's blood hounds from Aldrich brought to the scene but they worked on the wrong trail, we believe, till they could not pick up the right one.

Mr. Wallace offers a substantial reward for the capture and return of his effects; and he justly thinks the people generally should help him capture the thief.

Coal, \$4 Per Ton

Mr. J. W. Curd of Underwood, superintendent of the Montevallo Domestic Coal Company, was here Saturday on business.

Mr. Curd announces that, taking effect next Monday, his company has given all its employees a 15 per cent raise in wages. And on the same day the Government has set the price of coal at his mine at four dollars per ton.

WILTON LOCALS

Mrs. J. W. Hill, who has been right sick, is much improved.

Mrs. George Nabors of Randolph is the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. V. Cleveland.

Miss Addie Curry of Dry Valley was here the first of the week visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Little.

"Whenever Mr. O. P. Head tells you anything you can depend on it," say his friends. A mighty fine recommendation.

Mr. Josh West has moved to near Garnsey, where the Griffin saw mill began, a week ago, to cut up the timber on several sections of University land.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Hill of Dogwood spent the week-end here with their daughter, Mrs. E. E. West. We learn that they will move to our town in the near future.

Mrs. Alice Denson's horse was injured some days ago by falling through a defective bridge in our town and I understand our town authorities will justly pay the lady for damages sustained.

The body of Mrs. Murk Smitherman of Seymour was brought through here Monday morning en route to Randolph, her old home, for interment. Mr. Smitherman is the section foreman at Seymour

Grand Jurors

Following are the grand jurors for the fall term of circuit court, Mr. Houston Nelson of Saginaw being the foreman:

John F. Atchison...Columbiana
Barrington Dennis...Helena
James O. Holcombe...Chelsea
G. D. Budd Isbell...Dunnavant
Millard Hughes...Columbiana
Edward Martin...Calera
Richard R. Ray...Wilsonville
William Messer...Wilsonville
Samuel S. Doss...Helena
J. Edward Salser...Vandiver
Robert E. Cosper...Sterrett
Marcus A. Farley...Leeds
Thos. A. Bearden...Montevallo
Josh Wyatt...Siluria
Houston Nelson...Saginaw
Levi Carter...Siluria
Ed. W. Bell...Vincent
Chas. C. McDonough...Montevallo

Circuit Court Jurors

The following petit jurors were drawn for the circuit court for the week beginning Oct. 15th, from the town of Montevallo:

Foster Lee, Geo. W. DeShazo, and Pleasant Fancher.

From Aldrich: Jack E. Harper.

From Gurnee: Newton J. Acker.

From Calera: Wiley T. Millstead.

Oscar Pilgreen, John Beasley, C. Ervin Seale, and Chas. E. Sullivan.

A Planer Added

The Messrs. Brown Bros. have just added a planer to their saw mill here. We are glad to learn that they are doing finely with their mill. A new tramway has been built to the railroad, too, and the mill is now sawing lumber for shipment. The sawdust is being used at the ice factory to reduce the cost of coal. All honor and success to these enterprising gentlemen, who are using their dollars to develop Montevallo.

For the Legislature

"Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Smith of Brierfield were here last week on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. John P. Kennedy," says the Centerville Press. "The Press has heard the name of Mr. Smith mentioned as a probable candidate for the legislature. He is well qualified for the position, should he decide to make the race."

Montevallo Local Items

For good Taxicab call phone 21.

Mr. George Kendrick wields a sharp razor.

Mr. O. P. Ivey was in Columbiana Tuesday attending court.

Mrs. F. F. Crowe is visiting relatives and friends in West Blocton.

Mr. Howard Latham was a visitor at the Birmingham Fair Thursday.

Yesterday was the 21st anniversary of the opening of the A. G. T. I.

Messrs. George Kendrick and Ed Hooker visited the Fair at Birmingham Thursday.

Mr. S. J. McGaughy and family motored to Birmingham Thursday to attend the Fair.

Mr. R. F. McKibbin was among the visitors at the State Fair at Birmingham this week.

Mrs. M. J. Warner of Selma spent three days here this week with her mother, Mrs. Julia Rogan.

Mrs. E. F. Mulkey returned Monday from a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Ross, at Sandy.

Mosquitoes will soon quit biting, but the Q. C. & B. still dispenses those slick and slippery shaves.

Messrs. Albert Starr and C. S. Day, Jr., announce that they are out of the automobile business till 1920.

Miss Mary Rogan and Bruce Rogan visited relatives in Birmingham yesterday and also attended the State Fair.

It is delightful to stop at the St. George Hotel. Such excellent cooking! Such pleasant surroundings! See Mr. J. R. Johnson for rates.

We are sure the public can hardly understand the trials which befall a postmaster. We are fortunate in that Messrs. E. C. Hoskin and James McConaughy bear them so pleasantly and serve the public so efficiently.

Mr. C. H. Mahaffey was among those who attended the Fair in Birmingham this week. Also, were Mr. Earnest Marcus and Miss Erlene Moody.

Mrs. Ford of Florida, who formerly lived at Selma, is stopping in our healthful city for the benefit of her health. She is a guest at the Mulkey House.

Mrs. J. R. Routt and her sweet little son, Robert, have returned to their home in Ensley after a week's visit here to Mrs. Routt's sister, Mrs. E. B. McGlocklin.

Call at the Merchants & Planters Bank and let its officials point out to you the advantages of investing in the second liberty loan. Note the Bank's ad. in this issue.

If a stranger from the good planet Mars could visit one of our prayer meetings he might conclude that it took a good many houses in some of our towns to domicile about a dozen people.

We call the attention of our friends to the fact that drop letters now require two cents postage. We have a few times had to pay postage on letters because they contained only one cent stamps.

A Christian is necessarily an optimist and cannot believe he is on the losing side, said Rev. Mr. Ogle-tree, in a very interesting talk at the Baptist prayer meeting Wednesday night. The 16th chapter of St. John supplied the Bible reading and was the topic of discussion. The pastor's observations were truly interesting.

Mr. Henry Latham returned last Wednesday from a visit to his fine farm at Whitehall, in Lowndes county. He reports fine crops of cotton in that section and says that the farmers are prosperous. One man and his family, he says, has already picked sixteen bales of cotton, and, when it is remembered that each bale, with its seed, is worth \$200, it can be seen how fortunate cotton farmers are.

Brother, can't you pay that subscription you owe us? We need it.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Wells leave today on a visit to their son, Mr. A. J. Wells, who is an employee of the Piper Coal Company, at Piper. They will be gone for several weeks. We learn that Bro. A. J. Wells is a good church worker and that he belongs to several lodges. The young gentleman makes from four to five dollars per day.

"The love of God does not swell a man's head, but his heart," said Rev. Mr. Herndon in a very instructive sermon at the Methodist Church Sunday night. His discourse was based on the wonderful 13th chapter of Corinthians. Among other things the pastor showed that our troubles are largely imaginary, and that good Christians cannot rejoice at the evil rumors which are often set afloat about some fellow being.

Mr. A. C. Crowe, who has been holding an important position in the chemical department of the Aniston Steel Company, was here last week visiting his parents, Dr. and Mrs. F. F. Crowe. On Tuesday the young gentleman left for Mobile where he goes to prosecute his studies in the medical college of the University of Alabama, and where his friends believe he will so apply himself as to make a good mark in the professional world.

Mr. E. B. McGlocklin returned last Tuesday from a visit to his old home at Athens. The Limestone County Fair was in progress while he was there and Mr. McGlocklin reports that many fine farm products were in evidence, among them a hog that weighed 850 pounds. Mr. McGlocklin also says that great quantities of cotton were raised around Athens this year and he saw a long procession of wagons in the street loaded with the staple waiting their turn at the gin. He served as city policeman while away and his friends there tried to get him to stay on the job, but he refused and came back to the good town of Montevallo.

Lyric Theatre

TO-NIGHT!
PATHE PRESENTS
MOLLY KING

IN THE

Mystery of the Double Cross

SEE IT EVERY

SATURDAY

CAST:

Philippa Brewster.....Molly King
Peter Hale.....Leon Barry
Bridge Bentley.....Ralph Stuart
The Masked Stranger.....???

You Will Like It

If You See One You Will Want to See All of Them

SEVENTH EPISODE TONIGHT

BIG DEVELOPMENTS
IN 7th "MYSTERY OF THE DOUBLE CROSS"

WORTH OVER \$125 A BOTTLE HE SAYS

Georgia Farmer Says Tanlac Relieved His Rheumatism Entirely.

SUFFERED 45 YEARS

"I Am a Well Man in Every Way and Feel as Strong and Healthy as I Ever Did," He Says.

"I wouldn't take five hundred dollars in cash for the good four bottles of Tanlac did me," said J. M. Mallory, a well-known farmer of Stonewall, Georgia, a short time ago.

"For forty-five years I suffered almost every day," he continued, "and was so crippled up with rheumatism that I had to hobble around on crutches. My knees were so stiff I could hardly bend them and often I have been so weak that I have had to take to my bed for weeks at a time. More than half the time I couldn't do any work. I had indigestion and stomach trouble, too, and my back hurt so bad that I couldn't lay on my left side at all. I tried every medicine I saw advertised and many prescriptions besides, but kept getting worse.

"My brother living in Atlanta told me what Tanlac had done for him and begged me to try it. Well, sir, I have taken four bottles in all and have thrown my crutches away for the rheumatism is entirely gone and I can jump two feet off the ground without it hurting me a bit. I am a well man in every way and feel as strong and healthy as I ever did in my life."

"There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

MUST NOT BOTHER EDISON

Visitors Not Permitted to Intrude on Great Inventor When He Is Busy at His Experiments.

Thomas A. Edison's favorite pursuit is chemistry. Even as a boy telegraphist getting his first start toward a career, this inclination was manifest in his experiments with batteries and electric devices, and it still remains his greatest pleasure, observes an exchange.

His new laboratory is splendidly equipped. Every known substance ranging through all the kingdoms of matter from lanthanum to shark's teeth and including over 200,000 specimens, is kept on hand for immediate availability. It is a collection of over 30 years' standing, encouraged from time to time by prizes for new additions offered by the inventor to his men.

His own laboratory table is never, in any circumstances, allowed to be touched. A notice posted on the doorway reads to the effect that Mr. Edison is not to be disturbed in the course of his experiments except for matter of the utmost importance. So fond is he of his beloved pastime that he declares his idea of heaven is to be able to continue it, and his injunctions to his staff are: "When I die I want my table forwarded to me by wireless."

A Possible Reason.

"Beanborough always looks on the bright side of things."

"Why?"

"Well, the other day I went with him to buy a pair of shoes. He didn't try them on at the store, and when he got home he found that a nail was sticking right up through the heel on one."

"Did he take them back?"

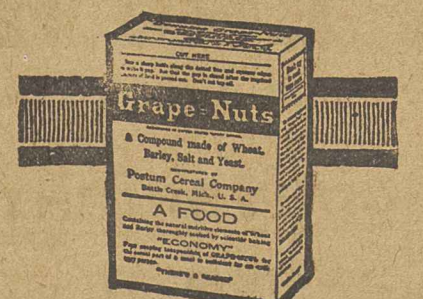
"Not much. He said that he supposed the nail was put there intentionally to keep the foot from sliding forward in the shoe."

Very Long Game.

Hostess—But when you got so far north that the nights were three months long, it must have been inexpressibly dreary. How did you put in your time?

Arctic Explorer—Madam, we devoted the evening to a game of chess.

People eat Grape-Nuts because they like it and they know it's good for them



ACHIEVEMENTS OF "WAR SESSION" OF CONGRESS

Leaders Declare Work Done Is Most Remarkable in Parliamentary History.

HARMONY MADE A FEATURE

Lack of Dissension Was Noticeable—Administration Was Defeated on Only One Important Bill During the Six Months.

IMPORTANT BILLS PASSED IN SESSION

Here are the most important measures passed by congress at the special war session:

Declaration of war against Germany on April 6.

War bond issues aggregating \$15,538,000,000.

War appropriations and contract authorizations totalling \$14,390,000,000.

War loans aggregating \$7,000,000,000 to the allies.

The selective draft bill, making 10,000,000 men liable to military service.

The espionage bill, including the embargo provision.

The \$2,235,000,000 war revenue bill.

The food control bill.

The trading with the enemy act.

The soldiers' and sailors' insurance bill.

Washington.—"The most remarkable session in the parliamentary history of the world," was the way Democratic and Republican leaders characterized the first war session of the Sixty-fifth congress, which came to a close at three o'clock in the afternoon of October 6, exactly six months after the declaration of war against Germany.

The record of legislation enacted and money appropriated has no parallel anywhere in the annals of all time.

Beginning with the declaration of war against Germany in April, congress has passed bill after bill of the most revolutionary character, including such measures as the draft bill and the food control bill. Appropriations and contract authorizations for the present fiscal year, totalling \$21,890,000,000, including \$7,000,000,000 in loans to the allies, were voted without a single dissenting voice, a record equalled nowhere, not even in the kaiser-dominated German reichstag.

How Money Is Expended.

The following table shows how the money is to be spent:

Army	\$3,911,000,000
Navy	1,875,000,000
Merchant shipping fleet	1,839,000,000
Loans to the allies	7,000,000,000
Defense fund for—	
President	100,000,000
Food and fuel control	173,000,000
Soldiers' and sailors' insurance	176,000,000
Interest on bonds and certificates	200,000,000
Civil establishment of government	958,000,000
All other expenses	102,000,000

As a part of the scheme of meeting these enormous expenditures congress passed the \$2,585,000,000 war revenue bill, the largest taxation bill in American history, levying directly or indirectly upon every man, woman and child in the United States. Something more than a billion dollars of this amount will be taken from war profits. All incomes more than \$1,000 for single men and more than \$2,000 for married men are made subject to taxation.

Where New Taxes Fall.

Here are some things upon which the average citizen will pay taxes under the new war tax bill:

Approximately 2 per cent increase on incomes of \$5,000 or less.

Letter postage, except local letters, increased to 3 cents and postcards to 2 cents, beginning November 3.

One cent for each 10 cents paid for admissions to amusements.

Five-cent shows and 10-cent outdoor amusement parks exempted.

Ten per cent on all club dues of \$12 a year or more.

One cent for each 25 cents paid for parcel post.

One cent on each 25 cents express package charge.

Three per cent of all freight charges.

Eight per cent of passenger fares by rail or water, except trips of less than 30 miles.

Ten per cent of charges for seats, berth and staterooms on parlor cars or vessels.

Five cents on each telegraph, telephone or radio message costing 15 cents or more.

Three per cent on jewelry.

Eight cents on each \$100 of life insurance. The tax on whisky is increased from \$1.10 a gallon to \$3.20.

The tax on beer is increased from \$1 a barrel to \$2.75.

Increased tax on cigars, cigarettes and manufactured tobacco and snuff.

Little Dissension During Session.

Despite pacifist activities, the session was marked with comparatively little dissension, the fighting centering about questions mainly affecting policy. The most stubborn contests were staged over the revenue bill, the draft

bill and the food control bill. In every case, except censorship of the newspapers and speech, the administration has received everything it asked of congress for the conduct of the war.

Congress was in session 188 days. During that time more than 10,000 army, navy and marine corps nominations sent to the senate were confirmed, among them the advancement of Major General Pershing, commander in chief of the armies in France, and Major General Bliss, chief of staff, to the rank of full general, held only four times previously in American history. The only important appointment held up was that of Col. Carl Reichmann, to be a brigadier general. Action was blocked until the December session because it was charged he uttered pro-German sentiments.

An unprecedented feature of the session was the reception of the special missions sent to the United States by the allied governments, and the special representatives of Great Britain, France, Belgium, Italy, Russia and Japan addressed both houses. Invitations of the British and French governments to have the United States the Atlantic to see war conditions and co-operate with the interparliamentary congress were rejected.

Important Measures Passed.

Following is a list of the most important measures passed by congress: Resolution declaring a state of war exists between the Imperial German government and the government and the people of the United States and making provision to prosecute the same.

On April 2 the resolution for war against Germany was introduced in the house and on April 6, or four days after the assembling of congress, the president attached his signature to the measure. No delay was involved in the passage of this resolution, perhaps the most important ever offered either in this or any other congress.

General deficiency appropriation act, appropriating \$163,841,400.52, of which \$100,000,000 was for the national security and defense and for each and every purpose connected with the war.

Act authorizing an issue of bonds to meet expenditures for the national security and defense and for the purpose of assisting in the prosecution of the war and to extend credit to foreign governments and for other purposes. This act appropriated \$3,007,063,945.46 for establishing credits in the United States for foreign governments by purchase of bonds of our allies and expenses incident to preparation and issue of bonds and certificates; authorizes the issue of bonds amounting to \$5,063,945,460, of which \$3,000,000,000 is for meeting the loans authorized to foreign governments, \$2,000,000,000 to meet domestic expenditures, and \$63,945,460 to redeem the three per cent loan and also authorizes \$2,000,000,000 of one year certificates of an indebtedness temporarily to provide revenue.

Huge Military Expansion.

Act authorizing one additional midshipman for each senator, representative and delegate in congress.

Act appropriating \$273,046,332.50 for the support of the army for the fiscal year 1918.

Act authorizing the president to increase temporarily the military establishment of the United States. This act authorized a selective draft of 1,000,000 men and contains other important legislative features pertaining to the army.

Resolution authorizing the president to take over for the United States any vessel owned in whole or in part by any corporation, citizen or subject of any nation with which the United States may be at war.

Act to increase temporarily the commissioned and warrant and enlisted strength of the navy and Marine corps from \$7,000 to 150,000 men, in the first instance, and from 17,400 to 30,000, in the second.

Act appropriating \$1,344,896.18 for the support of the military academy for the fiscal year 1918 and for other purposes.

Largest Single Grant in History.

Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to Regulate Commerce," as amended, in respect of car service, and for other purposes.

Act amending the war risk insurance act and appropriating \$45,150,000 to insure vessels and their cargoes and expenses connected therewith.

Act appropriating \$147,363,928.77 for the sundry civil expenses of the government for the fiscal year 1918.

Act authorizing the issue to states and territories and the District of Columbia of rifles and other property for the equipment of organization of home guards.

Act appropriating \$3,281,094,541.60 for the military and naval establishments on account of the war expenses. Up to time this was the largest appropriation act known to this or any other country. Among other things it appropriated \$405,000,000 for an emergency shipping fund with which to begin construction of the greatest merchant fleet the world has ever known.

Act to punish acts of interference with foreign relations, the neutrality and the foreign commerce of the United States, to punish espionage and better enforce the criminal laws of the United States.

Conservation Bills Passed.

Act authorizing condemnation proceedings of lands for military purposes.

Act appropriating \$640,000,000 to increase temporarily the signal corps of the army and to purchase, manufacture, maintain, repair and operate airships.

Act authorizing the United States to take possession of a site for use for

permanent aviation stations of the army and navy for school purposes.

Acts enlarging the membership of the interstate commerce commission and amending the act to regulate commerce by authorizing priority shipments by any common carrier, ect.

Act appropriating \$11,346,000 to provide further for the national security and defence by stimulating agriculture and facilitating the distribution of agricultural products.

Act appropriating \$162,500,000 to provide further for the national security and defence by encouraging the production, conserving the supply and controlling the distribution of food products and fuel.

Act to authorize an additional issue of bonds to meet expenditures for the national security and defense and, for the purpose of authorizing in the prosecution of the war, to extend additional credit to foreign governments, and for other purposes. This act makes an additional appropriation of \$4,021,377,890.92 to extend credit in the United States for foreign governments by purchase of bonds of our allies and expenses incident to preparation of an issue of bonds and certificates; authorizes an additional issue of \$4,000,000,000 of bonds to meet loans to foreign governments; authorizes an additional issue of one year certificates of indebtedness amounting to \$2,000,000,000 and an issue of five year war saving certificates amounting to \$2,000,000,000.

New Mark Again Set.

Act appropriating \$5,356,636,016.98 to supply deficiencies in appropriations for the fiscal year 1918 and prior years on account of war expenses and for other purposes, and authorizes contract obligations to be met by future congresses amounting to \$2,401,458,393.50. This is the largest appropriation act passed by this or any other country. This act makes further appropriations of \$635,000,000 for the emergency shipping fund and raises the limit of cost to carry out the purposes of the shipping act to \$1,734,000,000.

Act to define, regulate and punish trading with the enemy and for other purposes, and appropriates \$450,000 to enforce the provisions thereof.

Act to provide revenue to defray war expenses. This measure provides approximately \$2,500,000,000 of revenue with which to pay the expenses of the government.

Act to provide a military and naval family allowance, compensation and insurance fund for the benefit of soldiers and sailors and their families, and makes an appropriation therefor of \$176,250,000.

50,000 BELGIAN HOUSES GONE

Germans' Record of Destruction Is Shown by New Gray Book Issued by Government.

Havre, Oct. 8.—The Belgian government has issued a gray book to refute allegations against Belgium civilians contained in the German white book of May, 1915, in which it was said Belgian civilians savagely attacked German troops in the early days of the war and that the measures adopted by the Germans were necessary in the interest of preservation of the German army. According to the gray book, between 40,000 and 50,000 houses were destroyed by the Germans.

JACKIE KILLS FRIEND; IS HELD

Queenstown Magistrate Says Fatal Blow Constitutes Manslaughter—To Get Bail.

London, Oct. 8.—Machinists Mate Perente of an American naval vessel will be liberated on bail on a charge of manslaughter in connection with the death of a dock yard laborer named Plummer, who died from the effect of a blow on the jaw inflicted by the sailor on September 8. He was held by a Queenstown magistrate. Perente pleaded not guilty and added: "I did not mean to injure my friend."

PERU BREAKS WITH KAISER

German Minister Handed Passports by Government—Uruguay to Take Similar Action.

Lima, Peru, Oct. 8.—Peru formally broke relations with Germany. In accordance with an overwhelming vote in congress for such a rupture the government handed passports to the German minister.

Buenos Aires, Oct. 8.—From Montevideo, Uruguay, came word that congress was momentarily expected to vote an overwhelming majority in favor of an immediate rupture in diplomatic relations with Germany.

C. P. TAFT WEDS MISS CHASE

Son of Former President Marries Daughter of Irving H. Chase of Waterbury, Conn.

Waterbury, Conn., Oct. 8.—Miss Eleanor, the daughter of Irving H. Chase, was married here to Sergt. Maj. Charles Phelps Taft II, U. S. A., son of William H. Taft and Mrs. Taft of New Haven. The ceremony was at Rose Hill, the home of the Chase family. Flags predominated in the decorations. Rev. Robert E. Brown, pastor of the Second church, officiated. The bride was given away by her father, Irving H. Chase.

Urges Federation Out I. W. W. Sacramento, Cal., Oct. 8.—The California State Federation of Labor went on record here against the I. W. W., adopting a resolution recommending expulsion of all members of that organization from unions of the American Federation of Labor.

CHANGES MADE IN ORGANIZING ARMY

PLANS GIVEN OUT FOR ORGANIZATION OF FIRST HALF MILLION MEN

SHORTAGE OF MEN CAUSI

Three National Guard Divisions Shy—To Form a Division of Negro Troops.

Washington.—Orders issued to commanders of national army cantonments disclosed for the first time the war department's complete plans for the training and organization of the first half million men of the national army.

Shortage of men in the three national guard divisions in the South, the 30th, 31st and 39th, coupled with a decision to form a new national army division of negro troops, has made a necessary readjustment of the forces at 15 of the 16 cantonments. The geographical completion of three national army divisions will be changed entirely as a result.

General Bliss, chief of staff, issued this explanation:

"The selected men that are now being gathered into the 16 national army cantonments will be used to form the first force of 500,000 men authorized in the act of Congress, approved May 18, 1917, and to fill up the national guard divisions as practically the maximum strength of the new organization. The balance of the 637,000 selected men will be used to supplement the voluntary enlistment for the special and technical troops that are such an important part of the organization of a modern army. It is expected that the voluntary enlistments for the regular army will be enough to keep that branch of the nation's forces filled up to strength without transferring men to it from the first selection for the national army.

"The force of 500,000 men will be organized into 16 white divisions and one colored division. One white division will be organized at each of the 16 national army cantonments and the units of the colored division will be organized at the various cantonments where the number of colored troops is sufficient to organize a divisional unit.

"Instead of concentrating all of the colored men in the few cantonments of the Southern states, the policy of the war department will be to distribute them more or less evenly throughout all of the 16 national army cantonments.

"In the Southern states whose quotas go to the cantonments at Columbia, S. C., Atlanta, Ga., and Little Rock, Ark. (Camps Jackson, Gordon and Pike), the number of white men required to fill up the national guard divisions furnished by those same states is so great and the proportion of colored to white in the populations of those states is so great that it has been found to be physically impossible to organize three national guard and three national army divisions at full strength from the white quotas of these states and, therefore, the war department has decided to take all of the white men from these states both national guard and national army, and organize them into four full strength divisions (three national guard, one national army). This national army division will be organized at Camp Jackson from the men left over at Camps Jackson, Gordon and Pike after the three national guard divisions (Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Thirty-ninth) have been filled up to strength.

"At Camp Gordon, after its white quotas have been transferred to the national guard and to Camp Jackson, there will be organized a national army division made up of surplus white men drawn from Camps Sherman, Custer, Grand, Taylor, Dodge, Funston and Travis.

Under this plan it is possible to fill each national guard division with men drawn from the same geographical area from which the national guard division is drawn."

TO PREVENT UNJUST PROFITS.

President to Issue Executive Order at an Early Date.

Washington.—Virtually all the staple foods consumed by the American people will be put under government control November 1.

The food administrator announced that within a few days President Wilson will issue an executive order requiring that manufacturers and distributors of some 20 fundamental foods operate under license restrictions designed to prevent unreasonable profits and to stop speculation and hoarding.

Regulations will be prescribed for meat packers, cold storage houses, millers, canners, elevators, grain dealers and wholesale dealers and retailers doing a business of more than \$100,000 annually in the commodities to be named.

Millions More For Great Britain.

Washington.—The treasury department announced another loan of \$15,000,000 to Great Britain, making a total of \$1,255,000,000 advanced to that country, and a grand total of \$2,535,000,000 to all the allies.

Girls! Use Lemons! Make a Bleaching, Beautifying Cream

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quart pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It naturally should help to soften, freshen, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is simply marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands. Adv. ©

Faith Was Weak.

During an extended drought in the land that inspires the rag-time song writers the "Rev'end" George Washington called a gathering of his colored brethren to supplicate the Lord for rain. Before he opened his sermon the "Rev'end" surveyed his congregation critically, and with increasing satisfaction. At last he lamented:

"De lack ob faith of yo' niggers is scandalous and sinful, and makes my heart sore and weary, and afeared for your souls! Heah we hab gathered to beg de Lord to stop de drought dat is burning up our fields, and to bless us with rain in abundance. And not one—no, sah!—not one ob yo' disgraceful sinners had faith enough to bring an umbrella to go home with!"

GREAT PRAISE FOR GOOD MEDICINE

Eight years ago we commenced selling Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and during this time it has found many friends among our customers who speak in the highest terms regarding the benefits obtained from the use of Swamp-Root. We have never heard a single criticism.

Very truly yours,
MEIGS DRUG STORE,
June 15, 1916. Centerville, Ala.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You
Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Has More Endurance.

Tests carried on at Princeton university have proved that the man who weighs about 140 pounds and is about five feet and six or seven inches high is really of the best physical type. He can do more in proportion to his size than a larger man and has more endurance. Likewise the brunette is apt to have more endurance than the blond.

Help to Save Nation's Food Supply

In this time of high cost of living, everybody should use all possible means to prevent waste and to help save food. No means can be more effective than a vigorous campaign to exterminate rats which destroy over two hundred million dollars worth of foodstuffs annually. Keep garbage in rat-proof cans, stop up their holes, and above all exterminate them with Stearns' Paste, the sure and mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

The Reason.

Nell—That man over there is staring straight at my nose.
Bell—Perhaps he's a reporter.
Nell—And why should a reporter stare at my nose?
Bell—They are supposed to keep their eyes on everything that turns up.

CLEAR AWAY PIMPLES

Does Cuticura Ointment—Assisted by Cuticura Soap—Trial Free.

On rising and retiring smear the affected surfaces gently with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. When the skin is clear keep it so by using Cuticura for every-day toilet and nursery purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Taking Long Chance.

Captain Boden of Panama recently bought salvage rights to a boat sunk 22 years ago.

AVOID A DOCTOR'S BILL
on the first of the month by taking now a bottle of Mansfield Cough Balsam for that hacking, hollow cough. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

The woman who believes in half-lights doesn't believe in half-measures.

Constipation generally indicates disordered stomach, liver and bowels. Write's Indian Vegetable Pills restores regularity without griping. Adv.

Any coward can get married, but it takes a hero to stay married.

Corporations Will Pay Their Full Share Toward the Financing of the War—
New System of Graduating the Amount of Assessment Adopted Be-
lieved to Be the Best That Could Be Devised.

The bulk of the increases of between \$250,000,000 and \$300,000,000 made by

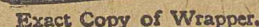
1 the new taxes on new insurance policies issued are 8 cents per \$100 of

If, for example, a retail coal dealer bought a particular kind of coal for \$1.50 in 1915 at an average of \$2 a ton, he sold it to the consumer at \$3 a ton, his gross margin was \$1. Dr. Garfield now allows him to add 50 per cent to this amount, making his gross margin for 1917 \$1.50, provided that is not in excess of his gross margin in July last.

If the retail dealer now pays an average of \$3 for the same kind of coal, he will be allowed to sell it to the consumer for not more than \$4.50 a ton.

Doctor Garfield selected 1915 as a normal coal production year.

Experience is what you know after making a fool of yourself.



THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Genuine bears signature

This old remedy will set you right over night.

Somewhat Hunched.

"So'm I."

"Yes; he's been drafted."

The quest of the usual girl is the golden man.

The following recipes for Corn Bread and Rye Rolls save wheat flour and make attractive and wholesome food for every day when made with

RYE ROLLS

2 cups rye flour
 1/2 teaspoon salt
 3 level teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
 3/4 cup milk
 1/2 tablespoon shortening

1 teaspoon salt
1½ cups milk
2 tablespoons shortening

Mix thoroughly dry ingredients; add milk and melted shortening; beat well; pour into well greased pan and bake in hot oven about 25 minutes.

Our red, white and blue booklet "Best War Time Recipes" containing additional similar recipes sent free on request. Address Royal Baking Powder Company, Dept. W, 135 William Street, New York.

Sift dry ingredients together, add milk and melted shortening. Knead on floured board; shape into rolls. Put into greased pans and allow to stand in warm place 20 to 25 minutes. Bake in moderate oven 25 to 30 minutes.

ing additional similar recipes
135 William Street, New York.

ALABAMA STATE FAIR

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

OCTOBER 8 TO 13

Bigger and Better Than Ever

Large Purses Offered

For Agricultural, Live Stock and Poultry Exhibits—
---In Premiums for Horse Races and Motorcycle Events.

Miss Ruth Law

World's most famous woman aviatrix, who has flown over French battlefields, will fly at the fair.

Thirteen Grand Free Acts

Which will give two free performances daily. The best free act program ever offered in the South.

Cavallo's Concert Band

40 Musical Artists will give Free Concerts Daily.

The Midway

Famous Johnny Jones Shows presenting 30 marvelous attractions, will furnish constant round of amusement and instruction on the Midway.

The Exhibits

Will be one grand display of Alabama's resources and advantages. The greatest display of diversified farm products in the history of the South. Five thousand fowls in the poultry department. Marvelous exhibits of live stock. Mining, manufacturing and merchants exhibits beyond enumeration.

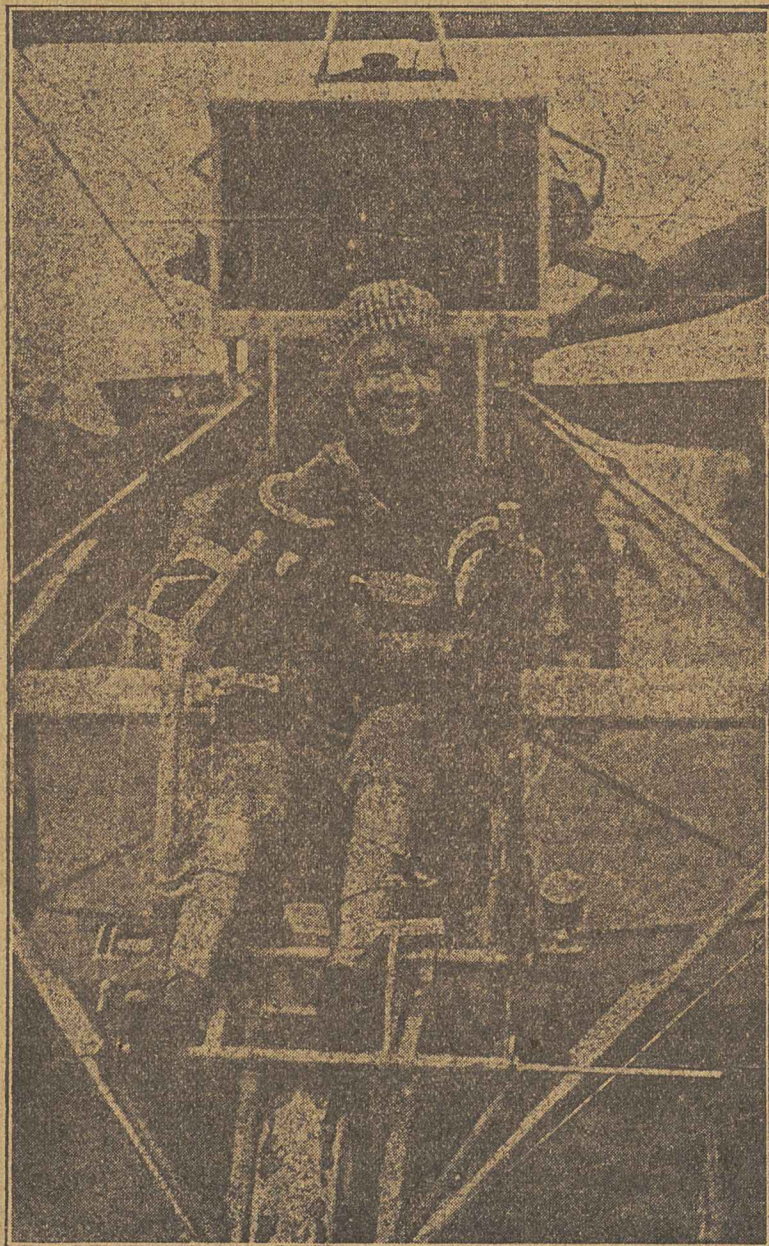
SIX BIG DAYS AND NIGHTS—SOMETHING DOING EVERY MINUTE

ADMISSION: ADULTS FIFTY CENTS, CHILDREN TWENTY-FIVE CENTS
WRITE FOR CATALOG

VERY LOW RATES
ON ALL RAILROADS

J. L. DENT, SECRETARY

Ruth Law Woman Flyer to Fly at Ala. State Fair



Miss Ruth Law Most Marvelous of All Flyers Who Will Thrill Thousands At the Coming Alabama State Fair, in Birmingham, October 8-13

One of the greatest attractions ever presented in the south will be presented at the Alabama State Fair in Birmingham, October 8th to 13th. This extraordinary attraction is Miss Ruth Law, world renowned aviatrix, the woman who has flown over the trenches in France—who has flown from New York to Chicago and has made other notable and hazardous flights. Miss

Law is hailed by press and public as America's greatest aviator and is the holder of the American long distance flying record.

One of the features of the exhibition to be presented by Miss Law will be looping the loop and other amazing stunts as performed by her while on the battlefields of France. In bringing this attraction to the

Alabama State Fair the officials are following the well established policy that nothing is too good for the Birmingham Fair. This attraction was secured at an enormous outlay of money. Miss Law has never appeared in the South and her coming will no doubt be hailed with delight. She is recognized as one of the most wonderful flyers in the world and during her engagement at the Alabama State Fair will fly daily. This is an attraction no one can afford to miss.

HOLSTEIN CATTLE AT ALA. STATE FAIR

The Holstein-Friesians, added class in Dairy Cattle will be judged Friday, October 12th, at the Alabama State Fair in Birmingham and this feature of the fair is expected to be one of the big successes. Owners of Holstein cattle will bring their classiest animals to Birmingham and compete for the prizes. It is open competition class and many entries have already been made. The classes and the prizes follow:

To be judged Friday, October 12		
	1st	2nd
Bull, 2 yrs. old and over	\$15.00	\$10.00
Bull, 2 yrs. and under 3	12.50	7.50
Bull, senior yearling	10.00	5.00
Bull, junior yearling	10.00	5.00
Bull, senior calf	7.00	4.00
Bull, junior calf	7.00	4.00
Cow, 3 yrs. old and over	15.00	7.50
Cow, 2 yrs. and under 3	10.00	5.00
Heifer, senior yearling	7.00	4.00
Heifer, junior yearling	7.00	4.00
Heifer, senior calf	5.00	3.50
Heifer, junior calf	5.00	3.50

Herds and Groups
Aged herd 10.00 5.00 3.00
Young herd 6.00 4.00 2.00
Calf herd 5.00 3.50 1.50
Get of sire 7.00 4.00 2.00
Produce of Cow 7.00 4.00 2.00

Championships
Champion bull 10.00 5.00 3.00
Champion female 10.00 5.00 3.00

The following premiums are offered by the Holstein-Friesian Association of America.

All animals to be eligible to compete for the following premiums must be recorded in the herd book of the Holstein-Friesian Association of America, F. L. Houghton, Secretary, Brattleboro, Va.

The best display of registered Holsteins Silver Trophy
The best breeder's young herd Silver Trophy

Odor.

Any substance that will not dissolve in water has an odor. It is the actual substance itself, floating in particles in the air, as in the case of light and sound. The damper a thing is the more powerful the odor it gives off. A pleasant proof of the fact can be had by walking in a garden after rain. It is the vapor of a liquid that smells and not the liquid in the mass itself.

The premiums for the county exhibits follow:

For the best, largest, greatest variety and most artistically displayed county agricultural exhibit, \$300.

For the second best county exhibit above conditions prevailing, \$200.

For the third best, \$100.

For the fourth best, \$50.

For the fifth best, \$25.

From letters being received from all parts of the State there is every indication that an exhibit of practically everything grown in Alabama will be at the coming State Fair.

COL. HOUSE WILSON AID IN PREPARING FOR INEVITABLE PEACE CONFERENCE

President's Unofficial Counselor Undertakes Unusual Task at Request of Chief Executive—Not Sign That Government Expects Early End of War.

New York.—Col. E. M. House, intimate friend and counselor of President Wilson, has assumed an unusual and complex task in accepting the commission of the president to gather information which will be greatly needed by the United States government when it enters the peace conference which will end the present great war. President Wilson, in making this move, was cognizant of the fact that for nearly three years the European governments have been making similar preparations for the inevitable peace conference.

Colonel House already has begun to carry out the wishes of the president. As his chief assistant in the work he has selected Dr. John H. Finley, New York state commissioner of education, who recently returned to this country from Europe after making an extensive investigation of conditions in several countries.

The selection of Doctor Finley is indicative of the sort of experts with whom Colonel House will confer. No man or woman with a preconceived opinion which might tempt one to color circumstances so as to prove the correctness of a personal point of view will be permitted to participate in a work where open-mindedness is a prerequisite to the arrival at conclusions that will enable the government to determine upon a correct policy.

Emphasis is put upon the unalterable determination that neither professional pacifists nor confirmed militarists can be in the slightest degree useful in preparing statistics for governmental guidance, which must be without taint of bias.

In an interview Colonel House made it plain that his appointment does not indicate any thought of immediate peace is now being entertained by the United States government. He agrees with Lord Northcliffe in his message delivered before the American Bankers' association in Atlantic City that peace seems far off and America should beware the trickery and treachery of such propaganda. The truth is that this effort on the part of the United States to analyze war conditions and evolve a plan of procedure when hostilities end is a belated one, just as our military preparations lagged for a period. But now it is "full steam ahead and damn the torpedoes" with our army and navy wigh not a thought of let-up in mind, so from now on there will be urgent prosecution of search for material, historical and informative, concerning the world war. This quest of data will keep pace with an energetic prosecution of the contest, but will not halt it in any way. To pause now in any phase of belligerent endeavor might make the prospect of peace even more remote than it seems at present.

No Sign of Early Peace.

The government sees nothing whatever to indicate the early approach of peace, nor will Colonel House have anything to do with ascertaining the point of view of either the Entente belligerents or the central powers, or possible terms upon the basis of which they might be willing to enter into negotiations. He will remain in the United States. It is possible that the state department will be able to afford him aid in the work he has undertaken, but he will not work with the department nor in a diplomatic capacity, formal or informal. He will have no title and will receive no salary.

The appointment of Colonel House affords another illustration of the expanding position of the United States in world affairs. Heretofore the state department has been equipped with virtually all the information that was necessary to the solution of international problems in which the United States has taken a direct interest. The war has brought new problems and projected this country into a field of international activity which it has seldom entered before.

The questions which will come before the peace conference at the end of the war will be multitudinous. The freedom of the seas, the neutralization of seaways, the political homeogeneity of peoples who claim the right of self-government and the disposition of territorial possessions involving economic, historical and political questions, will be some of the many subjects to be considered, and the information upon which conclusions may be based and policies decided must be at hand.

With exclusive European problems, it is not expected that the representatives of the United States at the peace council will be concerned. But in the disposition of general questions, relating to economic intercourse and political development which will affect virtually all the nations of the world, the United States will have a potent

voice. In accordance with the policy that has been consistently followed since the outbreak of the war of holding aloof from European combinations except in the prosecution of the war, this government probably will not attempt to aid in the settlement of traditional European quarrels, except possibly as a matter of friendly interest if opportunity arises.

House Likely to Be Delegate.

It was said unofficially that when the time comes to organize a peace conference, Colonel House, by virtue of his present assignment, would in all probability be selected as one of the delegates from the United States.

It will be a part of Colonel House's task to gather intelligence relating to commercial, economic and political situations abroad. He will keep abreast of developments in all non-military affairs.

Colonel House will have associated with him, as has been stated, several experts, probably college professors, economists and specialists in commercial and financial affairs. The work he is to perform will not be connected with similar undertakings in any of the countries with which the United States is associated in the war.

The United States government isn't getting ready to enter into peace negotiations with Germany, isn't going to meddle in strictly European questions relating to the war, and isn't negotiating just yet on the problems of peace with the Entente, as has frequently been surmised.

Must Have Data in Advance.

It is important for the United States government now and will be even more important later on to have a so-called "who's who and what's what" in the war in order that all phases involved may be properly understood by reference to data compiled in advance.

In time of war the government that fails to prepare for peace will ultimately be at a disadvantage, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger in an editorial. The representatives of Great Britain, Austria, Russia and Prussia, found this out after the fall of Napoleon when they met Prince Talleyrand at Vienna. Talleyrand, sent by France, had learned enough of the situation as it concerned all of the smaller European powers and as it concerned much of the opinion of Europe to turn the tables upon the four great powers and to stand as the champion of the public rights of Europe.

Prince Talleyrand maneuvered, and successfully, according to the rules of a secret diplomacy. He really worked in behalf of selfish and nationalistic interests. The partitioning of Europe by the congress of Vienna was the outcome of arbitrary compromise; it was prolific of future wars. The knowledge which the great diplomatic exponent of France displayed was more comprehensive than that of his foes, that is all. Excepting that he recognizes the need of precise information, President Wilson acts upon a principle different from that which guided Talleyrand. He will urge this nation into no alliance, even with the nations with whom it is associated in the common war against the Teutonic powers. He proposes simply to equip himself with knowledge pertinent to the rights of all nations in common with America as they may be concerned by the proceedings of the peace conference.

To Show War Aims.

In this spirit the president has asked Colonel House to survey the field of military, naval and political conditions in the countries of our enemies and our friends; to get at the economic, political and emotional state of things in every country, and to tell frankly to Great Britain, Russia, France, Italy and the neutral powers the things that we are doing and that we intend to do in the war. Moreover, an attempt will be made to lift the heavy curtain of censorship in Germany and Austria-Hungary, in order to spread among their peoples a comprehension of American war aims and potentialities.

Officials are anxious that no impression should be created, as a result of Colonel House's appointment, of any intention to start peace negotiations in the near future. So far as the attitude of the United States is concerned, the president's reply to the pope still remains the unaltered view of the government here.

The appointment of Colonel House is recognition by the government of the fact that the adjustment of peace terms will be a very complicated proceeding. Many points of dispute must be settled. Questions of all sorts, economic, political, and historical, will come up for discussion.

stars in the navy do not always signify the same thing. The young lady says that every theater program ought to print a key to the rank of officers of the army and navy.—Exchange.

Sorry He Asked.

Anxious Father.—Now, that you've heard my daughter sing, what would you advise me to do?

Music Master.—Well, I hardly know. Don't suppose you could get her interested in settlement work or horse-back riding, or something like that?

BROKEN DOWN IN HEALTH

Woman Tells How \$5 Worth of Pinkham's Compound Made Her Well.

Lima, Ohio.—"I was all broken down in health from a displacement. One of my lady friends came to see me and she advised me to commence taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash. I began taking your remedies and took \$5.00 worth and in two months was a well woman after three doctors said I never would stand up straight again. I was a mid-wife for seven years and I recommended the Vegetable Compound to every woman to take before birth and afterwards, and they all got along so nicely that it surely is a godsend to suffering women. If women wish to write to me I will be delighted to answer them."

—Mrs. JENNIE MOYER, 322 E. North St., Lima, Ohio.



Women who suffer from displacements, weakness, irregularities, nervousness, backache, or bearing-down pains, need the tonic properties of the roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA TREATMENT

This treatment is the result of many years of study and experience in the special treatment of diseases of the lungs and throat by the late Dr. J. H. Gault, graduate of New York Medical College and New York Chemical Laboratory, and Dr. J. H. Gault, New York Charity Hospital, and an eminent physician. See and \$1.00 at drug stores. Free sample and practical treatise on Asthma, its causes, treatment, etc. Sent on request. J. H. Gault Co., Rupert, Va.

DON'T CUT OUT A Shoe Boil, Capped Hoof or Bursitis

FOR ABSORBINE

will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. \$2.25 delivered. Box 6 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, the antiseptic liniment for Boils, Bruises, Sore, Swellings, Varicose Veins, Ailments, Pain and Inflammation. Price \$1 and \$2 a bottle at drug stores or delivered. Will tell you more if you write. W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic.

USE ARBONA Carbon Remover. The only real brilliant and efficient cleanser. Saves 25% on gasoline, 8% postpaid. DENLINGER MFG. CO., 21st & Sarah Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

N. Y. State Farms in Great Fruit Belt for sale; good buildings; water; location; any size. Write us your wants. WESTCOTT, OSWEGO, N. Y.

SARGENT'S Concrete Poultry Houses are Hoop-proof, fire-proof, rat-proof, thief-proof and time-proof. Illustrated catalog. JOHN SARGENT, 1000 BLOOMER AVE., ELMIRA, N. Y.

Christmas Neckties. Get in early. Get agency; sample 15 cents; millions sold for Xmas. G. B. WEINER, Box 141, Denver, Colo.

Fair Showing.

"How is your boy getting along in the army?" "First rate," replied Mr. Dopples, "considering his limitations."

"Yes?" "Henry hates to get up in the morning, dislikes all forms of physical exercise, and never was known to obey an order while he stayed around home, yet I understand he hasn't been in the guardhouse but twice since he enlisted."

All the Same to Pat.

An Irish recruit was placed on his first spell of sentry duty, and had vague ideas of what a "sentry" meant. He had wandered a little out of his position.

He was accosted by an officer with: "What are you here for, my man?" "Faith, your honor," said Pat, with his accustomed grin of good humor, "they tell me I am here for a century!"

How's This?

We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Comparisons.

"Do you remember in your days of adventure the story you told me about the trouble you had in one voyage to dodge a man-eating shark?"

"Yes, but that's nothing to the trouble I have to dodge my wife when she wants money for shopping."

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly hair by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

Opposite Result.

"They say there is a three-million ton shortage in the soft coal supply." "Isn't that hard?"

After the Movies

Marine is for Tired Eyes. Red Eyes—Sore Eyes—Itchy Eyes—Granulated Eyelids—Blepharitis—Restores—Marine is a Favorite Treatment for Eyes that feel dry and smart. Give your eyes as much of your best care as your teeth and with the same regularity. CARE FOR THEM. YOU CAN'T RUN NEW EYES! Sold at Drug and Optical Stores or by Mail. Ask Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for Free Book.

FAIR EXHIBITS ARE BEING PREPARED

Officials of Association Are Offering Many Premiums For Farm Products.

The agricultural exhibits at the coming Alabama State Fair, October 8 to 13, will excel all other agricultural exhibits ever shown in the South, and

these exhibits will be worth coming miles to see, according to the management.

The officials of the Fair Association offer many premiums in the agricultural department.

The association will pay \$100 in cash to the authorized representative of each county exhibit that is properly installed and completed ready for exhibit 24 hours before the fair opens. The association will give \$25 for the individual agricultural exhibits ready and in place 24 hours before the fair

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK! CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS MY WAY

Just Once! Try "Dodson's Liver Tone" When Bilious, Constipated, Headachy—Don't Lose a Day's Work.

Live up your sluggish liver! Feel fine and cheerful; make your work a pleasure; be vigorous and full of ambition. But take no nasty, dangerous calomel, because it makes you sick and you may lose a day's work. Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into your bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

Listen to me! If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning, because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.



Best for rough work
OVERALLS of
STIFEL'S INDIGO CLOTH
Standard for over 75 Years
FOR MEN, and of
MISS STIFEL INDIGO CLOTH
FOR WOMEN

"Miss Stifel Indigo" the kid glove finish cloth is of the same high quality as her famous big brother. Inch for inch Stifel's Indigo gives greater wear and satisfaction than any other garment fabric. It's the real economy cloth for work clothes.

When you buy, LOOK FOR THE BOOT trade mark on the back of the cloth inside the garment—it's your guarantee of the genuine Stifel's Indigo Cloth. Remember it's the CLOTH in your Overalls that gives the wear!

J. L. STIFEL & SONS
Indigo Dyers and Printers
WHEELING, W. VA.

New York.....260-262 Church St.
Philadelphia.....1033 Chestnut St.
Boston.....31 Bedford St.
Chicago.....223 W. Jackson Blvd.
San Francisco.....Postel Telegraph Bldg.
St. Joseph, Mo.....Saxton Bank Bldg.
Vancouver.....506 Mercantile Bldg.

Baltimore.....Coca-Cola Bldg.
St. Louis.....228 Victoria Bldg.
St. Paul.....238 Endicott Bldg.
Toronto.....14 Manchester Bldg.
Winnipeg.....400 Hammond Bldg.
Montreal.....Room 508 Road Bldg.
506 Mercantile Bldg.

Pianos Made in Italy.
In order that all industries in Italy may be national, that kingdom is setting up a piano factory designed on the best American and French models. Before the war the piano trade was nearly all in the hands of Germans.

PROMPT RELIEF.
can be found in cases of Colds, Coughs, La Grippe and Headaches by using Laxative Quinine Tablets. Does not affect the head or stomach. Buy your winter's supply now. Price 25c.—Adv.

Needed a Silencer.
The Haberdasher—Let me show you this. It's the latest cry in waistcoats. The Customer—Does a plain silk muffler go with it?

Where petticoats are, there will the men be gathered together.

Back Lame and Achy?

There's little peace when your kidneys are weak and while at first there may be nothing more serious than dull backache, sharp, stabbing pains, headaches, dizzy spells and kidney irregularities, you must act quickly to avoid the more serious trouble, dropsy, gravel, heart disease, Bright's disease. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that is so warmly recommended everywhere by grateful users.

An Alabama Case

"Every Picture Tells a Story"
A. L. Womack, painter and decorator, 222 Ave. F, Birmingham, Ala., says: "I had attacks of kidney complaint, my kidneys became weakened by the run from the turntable. My back ached and I had sharp twinges through my kidneys. The kidney secretions were irregular in passage and discolored. Finally, I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they soon rid me of the backache and put my kidneys in good shape."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



OXIDINE
Kills Chills
Good for Malaria, constipation, biliousness—a fine tonic. Guaranteed or money back. Ask your dealer.
Behrens Drug Co., Waco, Tex.

Every Woman Wants
Paxtine
ANTISEPTIC POWDER
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 41-1917.

BIBB TO HOLD BOND ELECTION

TO DECIDE ON ISSUANCE OF \$200,000 BONDS TO TAKE CARE OF INDEBTEDNESS.

RECORD PRICE FOR COTTON

Negro Sells Bale of Cotton and Seed For \$215.67—Cotton Graded Middling

Centerville.—At a meeting of the Court of County Commissioners it was decided to call an election to decide the question as to the issuance of two hundred thousand dollars of bonds to take care of the outstanding indebtedness of the county. The election will be held on the 12th of November.

Gets Record Price for Cotton.
Tusculum.—Henry Meredith, a negro farmer, in this city, sold a bale of cotton, including the seed, for the sum of \$215.67, the cotton grading middling, the amount representing more than was ever before received in Tusculum for a bale of cotton and the seed.

Three Die in Gun Fight Over Negro
Montgomery.—Three men were killed and three wounded in a gun battle fought at LaPine, Ala., 35 miles south of here. The injured: Hugh Enzeer, 32; will die. Prof. L. H. Hudson, shot in both arms; Justin Enzeer, aged 35, shot in side. Accompanied by Kirk Brown, Cannon, Griffith and Hudson went to the home of Oliver Enzeer to look for a negro who, three days ago had held up a white man and who was said to be on the Enzeer place. The request for the negro, it was stated, was greeted with a hail of shot. The casualty list resulted.

Road Will Be Built.
Albany.—Following notification that the State Highway Engineer has recommended that \$12,000 of the Federal good roads fund should be allotted to Morgan county, the Commissioner's Court has met the government requirement by voting an equal amount, the total to be used in the building of that link of the State Highway extending from Albany to Hartselle. The estimated cost is \$22,500, and the specifications provide for a fourteen-foot roadway with eight-inch macadam top.

Rev. J. T. Terry Makes Statement.
Russellville.—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Rev. J. T. Terry, the Methodist preacher, who was found wounded with the dead body of Dr. Tom Hughes a few feet away, and who since the tragedy has been hovering between life and death. Sheriff Wilson, it is said, will make the arrest as soon as the wounded man's condition warrants the placing of a guard. It is understood that Mr. Terry has made a statement, though only the legal advisers and relatives of the minister were allowed to hear it. It is said, however, that Mr. Terry claims that Dr. Hughes shot him and that he shot Dr. Hughes.

Mysterious Shooting Affray.
Russellville.—Rev. J. T. Terry, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, was desperately wounded and Dr. Tom Hughes, a prominent physician, was killed in a mysterious shooting affair which took place six miles from Russellville. Mr. Terry was shot through the lungs and was unable to make a statement of the tragedy. The two men had gone out squirrel hunting together. Dr. Hughes died of gun shot wounds through the face and head and his entire right hand was shot away. Mr. Terry was shot through the lungs and physicians who examined him say that he will not live.

Organization of Farmers Formed.
Florence.—The directors of the Farmers' and Merchants' Co-operative Association held their first meeting at the Chamber of Commerce. The Association has set itself the task of promoting the growing of potatoes, corn, and other farm products in sufficient quantities so that they may be shipped by the hundreds of carloads, the growing of pure bred stock, for which they will furnish money to progressive farmers, and to secure those benefits to the farmers of the county which can only be achieved through organization and co-operation.

Trains Collide; Two Are Injured.
Anniston.—Engineer John Sanders and Fireman Dan Evans suffered painful injuries and several passengers sustained bruises and a violent shake-up in collision of Southern passenger train No. 9, between Anniston and Wilton, with a string of freight cars being handled by a switching crew just below the Oxanna Hotel. Much damage was also done to railroad equipment.

Ervin Goes to New York.
Mobile.—Federal Judge R. T. Edvin, of the Mobile district has gone to New York, where he will hold court in the southern New York district for Federal Judge Hand. Judge Hand expects to be absent for the next two months.

Bibb County Jail Is Empty.
Centerville.—For the first time in 25 years the doors of the county jail of Bibb county are open, there not being a single prisoner confined therein.

Anniston Plants to Be Merged.
Anniston.—Merger of the interests of the Anniston Steel Company, the Anniston Metallurgical Company, the Southern Munitions Corporation and the Southern Manganese Corporation will be announced at an early date it was stated. A new company to be known as the Anniston Steel Products Company will take over and operate the properties of all the other concerns. The new company proposes to purchase the property of the Anniston Ordnance Company, and pay for it by giving each shareholder one share of preferred stock in the new company. The consolidation of so many important concerns will be one of the biggest deals consummated in Anniston in many years, and is expected to introduce a new era in the steel products industry in Anniston.

Former Alabama Statesman Dead.
Indianapolis.—William J. Wood, a member of the Indiana Utilities Commission and formerly attorney examiner for the Interstate Commerce Commission with headquarters in Washington, died at his home here of heart trouble. Mr. Wood was born in Florence, Ala., March 30, 1850, the son of General S. A. M. Wood, of the Confederate army. Before coming to Indiana Mr. Wood practiced law, editing a paper in Florence, and served in the Louisville and Nashville railroad, in charge of the legal department, with headquarters in Nashville, Tenn. Mr. Wood was considered one of the best informed men in the country on railway legislation and in 1912 was chairman of the executive committee of the National Association of Railroad Commissioners.

Negro Escapes From County Jail.
Birmingham.—Outwitting the wardens at the Jefferson county jail Walter Hartley, alias Walter Hardy, a negro, held here for safe keeping on a charge of murder from Cullman county, made a clean get-away during the early hours of Thursday night. The loss of the prisoner was not discovered until Friday morning about 7 o'clock, when the day warden opened up the cells to allow the negroes to walk around in the corridors. Notice of the escape was immediately given and a vigorous investigation was started by Chief Warden C. W. Austin.

Agents Are Deported.
Anniston.—Officers of the constructing quartermaster's department issued the statement that the labor situation at Camp McClellan is nearly normal again. Three labor agents from Newport News, Va., were given the briefest possible time to get out of the camp, after having been detected in the act of enticing skilled labor to leave the camp.

Troops Ship Cotton.
Anniston.—The men from New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland are much interested in seeing cotton growing, and are threatening Calhoun county with a short crop by their extensive shipments of cotton bolls by mail. Of them expected to find it growing in fabric form, and one man from the Fifth Jersey is said to have passed by several cotton patches in his search for a glingham-apron plant.

Looking Over Site at Sheffield.
Sheffield.—It seems positively assured now that the Muscle Shoals site adjacent to this city will be awarded the government's experimental nitrate plant and powder mills. Captain Hempill, representing the ordnance bureau of the War Department, is here investigating land values and will report his findings to higher officials in Washington.

Some 'Tater.
Albany.—J. W. Hodges is exhibiting here a sweet potato nine feet long. The potato is of average size for a distance of a foot and then stretches out into one long string. Local potato growers state that they have never seen such a pronounced freak of the potato family.

Scott to Represent Negroes.
Washington.—Interests of the nation's ten million negroes are to be represented at the War Department during the war by Emmett J. Scott, for 18 years confidential secretary of the late Booker T. Washington. His appointment as a special assistant was announced by Secretary Baker.

Chilton's Cotton Crop Off.
Clanton.—It is now conceded that there will be scarcely 4000 bales of cotton produced in Chilton county for 1917. Mr. W. H. Conway, the Chilton county demonstrator, estimated four weeks ago that close to 7000 bales was expected. He now cuts that estimate to between 3500 and 400 bales.

Burglars Raid Altoona.
Gadsden.—Burglars entered ten stores in Altoona in one night according to information reaching here. Nothing except money was taken from any of the places. While no arrests have been made, it is said that the police are following several clues.

Alabama Corn Is Being Marketed.
Birmingham.—Alabama corn is now being marketed, but the grinders are demanding that the growers shuck the product. Corn is holding a stiff price around \$1.75 per bushel. Mississippi is sending in considerable corn to this market already. The mills are working steadily and corn meal, grits chops and other products are being produced right along, some twelve to fifteen cars of corn having already been ground in one of the prominent mills of Birmingham.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES

What Has Occurred During the Week Throughout This Country and Abroad.

EVENTS OF IMPORTANCE

Gathered From All Parts of the Globe and Told in Short Paragraphs.

Domestic.
For the first time in the history of Florida armed men will guard bankers who are placed on trial at Madison for embezzlement. The men are charged with misapplication of the funds, embezzlement and false entry in the books of the bank, and there are nine indictments.

Thirty Mexican government troops were killed and forty captured when bandits, claiming to be Villa followers, attacked a federal command at San Antonio Pass, opposite Candelaria, Texas, according to a report sent out from Presidio, Texas.

Efforts toward the relief and control of hookworm disease in eight Southern states of this country and fifteen foreign countries occupied the chief attention of the international health board at a meeting in New York City.

In the presence of a great throng at Camp Mills, Mineola, N. Y., the forty-second, or "Rainbow" division, marched in review before Major General Mann and his staff. The thousands of soldiers from all parts of the United States carried themselves with a military precision that thrilled the spectators.

Ten of the negroes who have been on trial at Belleville, Ill., for a week, charged with the murder of Detective Samuel Coppedge on the morning of July 2 last, which precipitated the East St. Louis riots, were convicted and sentenced to fourteen years each in the penitentiary. Three were acquitted.

An over-subscription of nearly 75 per cent to the five million dollar pension fund for the support of retired Episcopal clergymen has been announced.

Cook Clayton, clerk of the United States court for the southern district of Georgia, has been indicted by the federal grand jury at Macon for the embezzlement of \$15,000 of government funds and for making false statements to the attorney general as to his accounts.

Perhaps the most extraordinary record set in all the record smashing of the Sixty-fifth congress was the voting of more than twenty-one billions of dollars for the first year of the war without a dissenting voice in either house.

Notice to the public to make its tax returns to the government under the new war revenue tax law has been issued. All individuals receiving incomes of \$1,000 and over come under the operation of the new law. Persons failing to make returns will be prosecuted as slackers.

It is pointed out since congress has adjourned that the administration has had its way in every instance save one—that of censoring the newspapers, and the newspapers practically volunteered to preserve the interests of the country in the publication of war news.

The Greater Savannah Commercial Club adopted resolutions asking for the expulsion from the United States senate of Senator Thomas W. Hardwick of Georgia, declaring that his published utterances and antagonistic attitude toward the government demanded that such be done.

European.

Greece is nearly ready to put a very large and effective army in the field to co-operate with the allies, according to dispatches received in Washington from Athens. Lack of equipment is being met with that facility which has characterized the French since the beginning of the war, who are supplying the Greeks with the sinews of war.

A large crowd of soldiers and women in London broke up a meeting pacifists attempted to hold in the Brotherhood church at Kingsland by lighting a bonfire on the floor in front of the pulpit. The flames were extinguished by the police after considerable damage had been done to the carpets, the pews and the pulpit.

Frankfort-on-the-Main was bombed by airships and five people are reported to have been killed.

Zeile, in eastern Flanders, has been fined \$8,000 marks for the giving of food and cigarettes to passing English prisoners.

The German minister to Argentina has been forced to leave Argentina. Things got so hot for him, that his friends spirited him out and placed him aboard a Spanish steamer.

The British in Flanders, it is reported, are getting ready for another hack at the German lines.

The best fighting, accompanied with the most consistent gains, thus far in the war, has been done by the Italians. Not since they entered the war have they been on the defensive, and their campaign has been one long advance. They now practically control the Adriatic sea, and it is only a question of a few weeks till they will have taken the greatest port at the head of that sea, Trieste.

An Austrian officer was killed in a naval battle in the Adriatic between an Austrian warship and an Italian destroyer. The warship got away, however.

In their offensive in the Ypres sector the British gained all their objectives on a front of 16,000 yards and to a depth of 2,500 yards. Sixteen thousand yards would mean a battle front of more than nine miles. A penetration of 2,500 yards would mean more than a mile gain into the German-held territory by the British forces.

Eleven British merchantmen of more than 1,000 tons each and two vessels under 1,000 tons were sunk by mines or submarines last week.

England's impending retaliation for the German air raids is the main feature now occupying the space of the British newspapers.

The British cruiser Drake has been torpedoed and sunk. The Drake was torpedoed off the north coast of Ireland.

Washington.

The Ecuadorian secretary of foreign affairs sent a cablegram to the Ecuadorian legation at Lima announcing that Doctor Perl, the German minister to Peru and Ecuador, resident at Lima, will not be officially received by the Ecuadorian government in case he attempts to go to Ecuador. This action is no surprise to official Washington.

Car shortage leads labor troubles as a factor in reducing the country's coal supply.

The department of labor and commerce says that in the last six weeks labor troubles have cost the country more than one million seven hundred thousand tons of coal, this being the amount of one day's output of all the soft coal mines in the country.

Vice Admiral Sims has cabled the navy department that an American patrol vessel, on duty at night in the war zone, had fired on an Italian submarine which failed to answer recognition signals. One officer and one enlisted man were killed before the mistake was discovered.

An extensive movement to lead and express public opinion on the war has been inaugurated by the formation of the League for National Unity, representing church, political, labor, agricultural and industrial organizations, to which the president has given endorsement. The president emphasizes the need for team-play by the forces of American thought and opinion.

President Wilson says that Americans who are discussing early peace with Germany forget that it would mean crushing the democratic ideals for which the United States has always stood. He says the only way to end the war is by complete victory.

President Wilson says the United States is in the war because the existence of democracy is threatened, and it ought to be patent to every United States citizen that if the United States had not entered, the success of the central powers would have ere this been attained.

Two German commerce raiders, manned by the crew of the famous Seeadler, which, it now develops, stranded on Mopeha Island, in the south Pacific, after roaming the seas for seven months preying upon American and allied shipping, are operating somewhere in the south seas, according to a report received at the navy department from the commander of the naval station at Tutuila, Samoan Islands.

Coal jobbers throughout the country were ordered by the fuel administration to register with the federal trade commission by October 25, stating the financial interests of all stockholders and partners of jobbing concerns in mines.

Uruguay has severed diplomatic relations with Germany. A presidential decree announced the rupture following a vote in favor of it by the chamber of deputies, 74 to 23. The German minister has been sent his passports. The vote in the chamber was taken at two o'clock in the morning.

The Peruvian government which handed passports to the German minister has ordered the Peruvian minister to Germany, A. Ven Der Heyde, to leave Berlin.

It is announced in Washington that the Peruvian government has ordered the withdrawal of all the Peruvian consuls in Germany.

Decisive ascendancy for the allies in the supreme test of battle strength now taking place on the bloody fields of Flanders is claimed by Secretary of War Baker in the weekly review of war operations issued by the war department.

It may be premature to assert that the British war machine has forced a decision over the Germans, but Secretary of War Baker says the victories of the past fortnight threatening the German submarine bases on the Belgian coast, show the ascendancy of the allies in the ultimate.

Confirmation of press reports of the appalling damage and extreme suffering from the disastrous floods in North China has been received in messages to the American board of commissioners for foreign missions made public in Boston.

With the \$10,000 maximum insurance plan restored, as urged by the administration, and with an additional provision raising Maj. Gen. J. J. Pershing and Major General Bliss, the chief of staff, to the rank of general, the soldiers' and sailors' insurance bill was passed by the senate by a vote of 71 to 0.

The war tax bill became a law with President Wilson's signature. No formalities attended the signing of the measure, which levies for this year more than two and a half billion dollars new taxes to provide war revenue.



Give the Wheat to the soldiers, but give me POSTTOASTIES
(MADE OF CORN)—Bobby

E. G. GIVHAN
Physician
OFFICE IN ELLIS BUILDING
MONTEVALLO, ALA.

J. I. REID
Physician
Office: 2nd floor Ellis Building
MONTEVALLO, ALA.
Telephone: Residence, 47J; office, 30

CHAS. T. ACKER
Physician
Office: New Ellis Building (over
Brown's Grocery Store). Residence
phone, 32. Office phone, Strong's
Drug Store.

W. J. MITCHELL
DENTIST
OFFICE IN NEW ELLIS BUILDING
(up stairs)
Montevallo, Alabama

MISS BESSIE ALLEN
Magazines and Dailies
Montevallo, Ala.
Your order filled for any club or special offer given by any publisher or agency. Catalog of prices on request.

I. T. GARNER
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN
Will be in Montevallo, on Rogan's corner, on the 4th Monday in every month. Remember that I AM ABLE TO DUPLICATE ANY BROKEN GLASSES, or fill any prescription. ALL WORK IS GUARANTEED

Pancho Reyes
High Class Jack
Will make spring season at
"BIRD-WOOD FARM."
Colts, to stand and suck, \$10.00.
Jack handled by owner.

K. C. MAHAN
BRIERFIELD, ALA.

Spirella Corsetry
MRS. EVA SPEARMAN,
RESIDENCE CORSETIER
MONTEVALLO, - ALABAMA

\$5,000 Reward

ARREST that man at sight!
and run him down to the

Q. C. & B.
BARBER SHOP

Where I can put him to sleep with a Nancy Hanks razor,—and wake him up with a hot towel, and doll him up so his wife can meet him with a smile.

I solicit your business upon a basis of EFFICIENCY

J. W. VINSON
Montevallo, - Ala.

If you have sewing of any kind to be done see Mrs. Skinner.

Kendrick's
Barber Shop

At W. H. Mitchell's old stand

I will take pleasure in giving you easy, velvet shaves, up-to-date hair-cuts, shampoos, etc.

Hot and Cold Baths

GEORGE KENDRICK
Montevallo, Alabama

CALERA LOCALS

Another Auto Caught Carrying Whiskey

Miss Alma Davis of Clanton is visiting Miss Inez Davis.

Miss Inez Davis spent Sunday last with friends in Clanton.

Mr. Fred Howard of Sylacauga was here Sunday visiting friends.

Mr. O. S. Davis, who recently accepted a position with the United Grocery Company at Montgomery, will spend Sunday, Oct. 14th, with his family here.

Messrs. W. M. Chism and Dan Ruddy are putting the finishing touches on Mr. Wade's beautiful new garage with their paint brushes. They will also paint the telephone exchange.

You wouldn't have said it if you had been in our place. Well, we wish we had said it in a better way. But what would you have said? We like you, anyhow. That's what we say. Now it's your say.

Mr. D. W. Boyd returned from the State Fair Wednesday night, having enjoyed the day there. It is very seldom indeed that Mr. Boyd spends more than a day away from Calera. He is too faithful to his job to do so.

Quite a number of Calera folks visited the State Fair at Birmingham Thursday. Among them we may mention Mrs. P. Baer and family, Mr. Gordon DuBose, Mr. C. W. Wade, Miss Willie Pearle Wade, and Mr. Otis Riggs and family.

The many friends of Mr. C. D. Cowart, who recently re-entered the U. S. navy, will be gratified to learn that he has been promoted as captain of a siezed German ship at New Orleans. He now has charge of 100 men, whom he is training as soldiers of the sea.

Mr. D. B. Kern was at the State Fair yesterday. Mr. Frank DeLaney took it in Tuesday, and Bro. B. R. Martin seems to be too busy selling tickets for other pleasure-seekers to go anywhere himself. Messrs. G. C. Long and Max Baer are interested in the world-series ball games, and Mr. Tom Hale smiles because he has so many friends.

Bro. W. M. Chism says he is going to Jacksonville, Fla., with his family, in a few days, to spend the winter. While there Mr. Chism will work on the buildings at the big army camp which the Government is building there, and on which we understand it will expend three million dollars. We regret to note Mr. Chism's leaving, but wish him and his family a pleasant stay in the Land of Flowers.

Mr. G. S. Tate went a fishing last Thursday. How many of our friends would be willing for us to publish the things they did on Thursday? It is our earnest belief that an unseen movie photographer follows each one of us and takes pictures of every act we perform. How will we feel when we see these pictures reeled off on the stage in the Spirit Land? Hadn't we better be careful to furnish good photos? We are all on the stage, whether we like it or not.

The Shelby County Sun says: "Another automobile load of 'moonshine' whiskey was captured Sunday afternoon on the pike road, near Calera, by Deputies Roy Finley and Frank Fallon. The car had three occupants, Wm. Guy and Miles McMath, white men, and a negro, Joe Bowie, all giving their residence as Coalmont, a small mining town near Helena. The car, which was a five-passenger Dodge, was flagged down by the deputies, but refused to stop and tried to run around the car of the deputies, which was stopped in the middle of the road. As the car passed Deputy Finley shot at the rear tire, puncturing it and causing the car to run off the road and down the bank. The 3 men were then captured and taken to the county jail. This is the third automobile captured carrying whiskey within the past three weeks. This car had in it about ten gallons of moonshine corn." All honor to Calera's deputy sheriffs and to Marshal Martin, who assisted in the arrest of these men!

At Home Sunday

Mrs. Jas. G. Oakley of Ashby was here shopping one day last week. She has with her this winter her niece, Miss Clyde Ellis, who has spent the past six years in Chicago. Mrs. Oakley's husband and son are both in the army. Capt. Oakley, of Battery E, 117th Field Artillery, Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga., spent Sunday at home in Ashby.—Centerville Press.

Piano Lessons

Miss Hattie Lyman will give piano lessons on Wednesdays and Saturdays. For terms address 308 Oak Street, Montevallo. Phone 42W.

FOOD CONSERVATION

The week of Oct. 21 to 28 has been set aside by the Government as Food Conservation Week and everybody is expected to sign the food conservation pledge.

MISSIONARY UNION

Baptist Ladies of County Meet at Shelby

The annual associational meeting of the Woman's Missionary Union of Shelby county was held Oct. 3rd, at Shelby Baptist Church.

In the absence of the superintendent, Mrs. C. L. Meroney, Mrs. T. W. Palmer presided over the meeting.

Twenty-five delegates were present, besides a number of visitors.

Reports were read from six societies, after which a most interesting program engaged the attention of the women.

Miss Addie Cox, field secretary, thrilled the audience with facts and stories relating to her work. The house was filled to overflowing when the school children filed in and listened, spell-bound, to Miss Cox. They promised to form a Sunbeam Band to help send out the Gospel.

Dinner under the trees was a delightful feature of the day.

The neat little church nestling in the grove is a product of our church building fund, and now it is helping to build other churches.

The Nominating Committee recommended the following officers: Superintendent, Mrs. W. D. Ogletree; secretary, Mrs. M. L. Hare; Southern District secretary, Mrs. Fred Hillman of Shelby; Northern District secretary, Mrs. J. F. Trucks of Helena; Eastern District secretary, Mrs. J. C. Emery of Vincent; Western District secretary, Mrs. J. R. Powell of Wilton.

The Memorial Committee reports the death of Mrs. W. Tinney, who was for a short time, a member of our union.

The Resolutions Committee offered the following:

"Resolved, That we express our sincere thanks to the ladies of Shelby for their lovely entertainment."

"Resolved, That we appreciate the work of Mrs. C. L. Meroney and regret the sickness that caused her absence."

"Resolved, That we thank Miss Cox for her helpful words, Mrs. Palmer for conducting our meeting, the ladies who led the music, and those who, with their automobiles, made it possible for many to attend who, otherwise, would have been deprived of the pleasure."

The next annual meeting will be held in Montevallo, in September, 1918. Mrs. M. L. HARE, Sec.

Box Supper

There will be a box supper Saturday night, Oct. 13th, at the home of Mr. P. O. West, for the benefit of the church. Cream will be served.

Presbyterian Services

The union services next Sunday night will be held at the Presbyterian Church, and the public generally are cordially invited to attend.

Only 122 Bales Ginned

Mr. John W. Edwards of Wilsonville, special U. S. cotton reporter for Shelby county, announces that 122 bales were ginned in Shelby county before Sept. 25th, as compared to 722 bales ginned to same date last year.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

FOR SALE

Four sows and seven pigs. They are thoroughbred Poland-China stock. Will sell cheap. J. C. RICE, R. 1, Montevallo.

Colt for Sale

Horse colt, six months old; bay color, good condition; \$35.00, a very cheap price. S. L. CHESNUTT.



IS HE A knocker?

Cure him of knocking. Take him to the nearest dealer, buy him a bottle of "Whistle" and he will remember you gratefully.

You see knocking is caused by carbon. He doesn't know that Whistle cuts the carbon off the nerve ends. You do—tell him—show him. A lot of people don't know their systems crave fruit. "Whistle" calms the nerves, and cools the blood,—it makes you whistle.

BOTTLED "DRY" BY
THE

Montevallo Coca-Cola
Bottling Company
Montevallo, Alabama.

C. L. MERONEY, PRESIDENT. Wm. LYMAN, CASHIER. W. H. LYMAN, ASST. CASHIER.

CAPITAL \$25,000.00

We solicit subscriptions for bonds of the second

LIBERTY LOAN

On partial payment plan or for cash

Merchants & Planters
BANK
Montevallo, Alabama.

Tax Assessor and COLLECTOR'S ROUNDS

We will visit the following precincts of Shelby county, at the following times and places, for assessing taxes for the year 1918, and for collecting the taxes for the year 1917, to-wit:

Calera, beat 3	Monday, October 1st
Montevallo, beat 4	Tuesday, October 2nd
Wilton, beat 4	Wednesday, October 3rd
Maylene, beat 19	Thursday, October 4th
Gurnee, beat 19	Friday, October 5th
Bamford, beat 5	Friday, October 5th
Helena, beat 6	Saturday, October 6th
Saginaw, beat 7	Monday, October 8th
Siluria, beat 7	Monday, October 8th
Pelham, beat 17	Tuesday, October 9th
Highland, beat 12	Wednesday, October 10th
Bold Springs, beat 13, at Farley's Store	Wednesday, October 10th
Chelsea, beat 8	Thursday, October 11th
Westover, beat 11	Thursday, October 11th
Shelby, beat 1	Friday, October 12th
Farmer, beat 2	Friday, October 12th
Wilsonville, beat 9	Saturday, October 13th
Dunnivant, beat 18	Monday, October 15th
Vandiver, beat 14	Monday, October 15th
Sterrett, beat 15	Tuesday, October 16th
Vincent, beat 16	Wednesday, October 17th
Harpersville, beat 10	Thursday, October 18th
Creswell, beat 10	Thursday, October 18th
Blue Springs, beat 9	Friday, October 19th
Columbiana, beat 1	October 22nd to October 27th, inclusive

After the 31st day of December, 1917, all tax payers who have failed to make return of their property will be delinquent in the eye of the law, and will be charged a fee of 50c in each case, whether demand has been made on them or not, and all tax payers who fail to make returns on their property by the first Monday in February, 1918, will incur a penalty of TEN PER CENT, to be added to their assessment after demand has been made upon them for the same. The assessor has no discretion in the matter of remitting the penalty.

W. E. HARRISON,
Tax Assessor for Shelby County.

I, also, will visit each precinct, at the places and dates above specified, for the purpose of collecting the State and County taxes due for the year 1917.

JOE S. BIRD,
Tax Collector of Shelby County.

MEAT MARKET!

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS
SAUSAGES AND ALL MEAT PRODUCTS

MARKET NOW OPEN. In order to serve the public properly it will be absolutely necessary to sell all meats *strictly for cash*. No credits—no expensive book-keeping, as profits are *small*. Good service demands CASH.

I cannot sell meats on Sunday. Remember, when my doors close on Saturday nights they will not be opened again till Monday morning.

W. L. Brown
Montevallo, Ala.

NOW

Is the time to settle all accounts which are due

C. L. MERONEY & CO.
MONTEVALLO, : ALABAMA.

Probate Judge, File Copy

The Montevallo Advertiser

Published in the Organized Community of Montevallo, Alabama.

VOL. III No. 10

R. W. HALL, Editor

MONTEVALLO, ALA., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1917

Price: \$1.00 Per Year

EVERY DAY

the L. & N. distributes \$148,300 throughout the South for operation of its trains and up-keep of its property.

This daily distribution is made possible through the successful management of a constructive railroad which is an important factor in Southern progressive development and commercial supremacy.

Because the L. & N. realizes that its interest and the interest of the people are mutual, it co-operates in every possible manner for better farms, (the foundation of all prosperity); for better industrial conditions; for better commercial co-operation; for better educational facilities; for more cordial social relations.

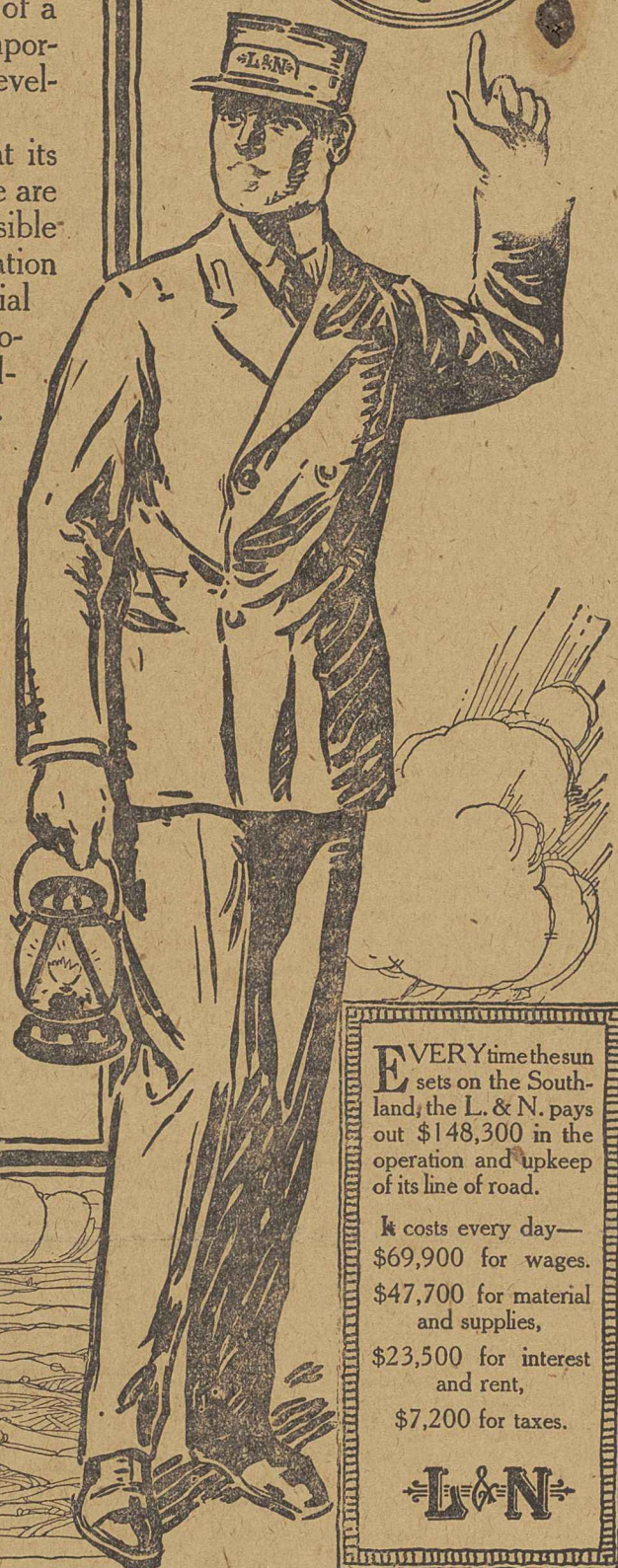
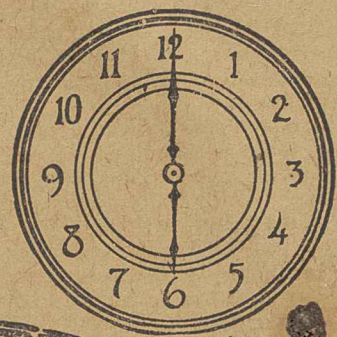
Through their share in the L. & N.'s daily distribution of \$148,300 many individuals and enterprises are able to realize their desire for business prosperity and personal happiness.

A considerable portion of the \$7,200.00 paid daily for taxes is devoted to Southern education.

One out of every ten people derives his or her means of livelihood directly or indirectly from the railroad industry. The L. & N. operates in nine Southern states. Therefore the ability of the L. & N. to operate successfully is a matter of vital concern to Southern prosperity.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE
RAILROAD CO.

The Old Reliable



EVERY time the sun sets on the South-land, the L. & N. pays out \$148,300 in the operation and up-keep of its line of road.

It costs every day—
\$69,900 for wages.
\$47,700 for material and supplies,
\$23,500 for interest and rent,
\$7,200 for taxes.



every honor and a large financial reward for their services.

The electric lights did not shine at the union services at the Presbyterian Church Sunday night, but the Lord's gospel did under the ministrations of Rev. Mr. Liston, who chose for his text the great parable of the prodigal son. "We live in an atmosphere of alienation from God," said the preacher, and we all know how worldly-minded men are. Too many of us have, like the prodigal, lost an appetite for truth, and, though the preachers show us our danger, we still pursue our ruin! Therefore, young man, before bad habits have confirmed you in the path to destruction learn to love righteousness.

Montevallo's Share

To meet the Treasury Department's allotment Montevallo must subscribe \$10,000.00 to the second Liberty Loan.

Farm Loan Association

Mr. John Allen of Spring Creek was in Columbiana Tuesday attending a meeting of the Shelby County Farm Loan Association.

Mr. Allen is well pleased with this Association, which lends money to farmers at 5 1/2 per cent, for a period of 40 years, if desired, and makes every reasonable allowance in case of sickness or crop failure.

A very pretty feature of this Government Loan, according to Mr. Allen, is the fact that by simply paying six per cent interest for 36 years both principal and interest of the debt will be paid.

It is said that this association of farmers has already perfected arrangements to borrow \$28,000.00.

As an evidence of the effect this organization has already had, we hear that money lenders in Columbiana are now offering loans at six per cent.

What helps the farmer builds up the country.

The Embroidery Club

The weekly meeting of the Embroidery Club was held at the home of Mrs. Luther T. Fowler Wednesday afternoon and was an occasion of extreme enjoyment to all present. It was the club's privilege to have Miss Claudia Crumpton address it in the interest of the Better Speech movement, for the purpose of enlisting its cooperation in this important work. After listening to Miss Crumpton's able presentation of the benefits derived from her better speech campaign a vote was cast in favor of endorsing it and lending any assistance possible in furthering the improvement of our, or that of future generations' English. Mrs. Inzer was chosen to appropriately represent the Embroidery Club in the Better Speech Parade.

At the usual hour, dainties of a very delicious character were partaken of, after which the club dispersed, to meet next Wednesday afternoon, promptly at 3 o'clock, with Mrs. Inzer.

Mrs. Eliza Smith Dies

Mrs. Eliza Smith, a very estimable lady, well known in Bibb and Shelby counties, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. F. Thompson of Six-Mile, Saturday, Oct. 13th.

The remains were interred at the Smith cemetery, near Brierfield, on Monday, Rev. W. D. Ogletree conducting the funeral ceremonies.

Mrs. Smith is survived by two daughters and four sons, as follows: Robert Smith, of Birmingham; Oscar Smith, of Percy, Ill.; Lester Smith, of Nashville, Tenn.; Thomas Smith, of Brierfield; Mrs. Whit Thompson of Six-Mile, and Mrs. R. V. Ray of Birmingham.

Montevallo Syrup

Mr. C. L. Meroney has shipped this week 100 gallons of new-crop home-made syrup to Birmingham. The syrup made in this vicinity acquires a fine quality from the soil it grows in, when carefully made, and it is hoped a good business may be built up here in the manufacture of home-made molasses. We believe Messrs. Lyman & Wells will manufacture several thousand gallons this season, and, in our opinion, the quality of the syrup made around Montevallo merits a ready sale at a dollar a gallon. It is fine.

Piano Lessons

Miss Hattie Lyman will give piano lessons on Wednesdays and Saturdays. For terms address 308 Oak Street, Montevallo. Phone 42W.

A WESTERN TRIP

Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds Return from the West

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Reynolds returned this week from their trip in the West, and they are gladly welcomed home by their many Montevallo friends, who are happy to see them with us again.

Mr. Reynolds, on being asked to write up his experiences, said he had made this trip so often and had told of it so many times that he felt it would be an imposition on the readers of the Advertiser to do so again, but we are sure our readers have no such thought.

"We left here in July," said Mr. Reynolds, "routed to California, with stop-over privileges. We stayed a week in Chicago, and it was the hottest weather I have ever seen. More than a hundred people died there from heat that week. So we were glad to get away and next stopped in Colorado. From there we went up in Oregon for a fishing trip, then down to San Francisco, where it is always cool—August being their coldest month. Then on to Los Angeles, where we spent the time pleasantly. Met up with Mr. Whitaker, the former editor of a Montevallo paper. We also saw Mrs. J. B. Luckie, formerly Miss Grace Berry.

"A fishing and hunting trip next attracted us up in Southern Montana, near the famous Yellowstone country. We were fortunate in securing a furnished ranch house, ten miles from nowhere, in the wildest of the wilds, and in the midst of the best fishing and hunting country on this continent. I just had to quit killing duck and catching fish, because we couldn't use them. Ducks flew over us by the thousands, and the noise of their wings was exactly like that of a flying machine.

"Mr. Corey, the former president of the U. S. Steel Corporation, who is a great fisherman and hunter,

bought a ranch a few miles from us last year, and has spent nearly fifty thousand dollars in building and equipping a model hunting lodge. During the time we were there he had a special train to bring out a dozen of his New York friends for the sport to be found there. They came over and took me out on one of their beautifully-equipped motor boats, which I enjoyed very much.

"The scenery on the river and surrounding mountains, all covered with snow, was grand and peculiarly beautiful. At night the coyotes were around us in great numbers, and the surrounding country is full of bear and elk and moose.

"From the time we left Chicago, in July, until our return home, we slept under blankets, and saw only one shower of rain.

"The whole trip was delightful," said Mr. Reynolds, "but the trains did not run too fast to bring us back to old Montevallo."

We are sure this brief account of their trip has been enjoyed by the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds, who are readers of The Montevallo Advertiser, and we wish we could obtain some accounts of their travels for every issue of this paper.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Subscribe for your home paper.

LIBERTY BONDS OFFER SMALL INVESTOR DISTINCT ADVANTAGE

The second issue of Liberty Bonds now being offered to the public is of exceptional interest to the small investor for the reason that they bear four per cent interest and are exempt from all state, county, city, income, excess profit or war profit taxes that may now be in force or that may be levied later. This is only true where the amount of bonds held by an individual or corporation is not in excess of \$5,000.00. Where the value of bonds held is in excess of that amount, they are not exempt from income, excess profit or war profit taxes.

This is one time where the small investor gets the best of it, and this feature is expected to make the bonds very popular with those who have a comparatively small amount of money to invest.

As a matter of fact, a four per cent investment under existing conditions that is free from tax is more attractive than mortgages or other high class investments bearing a much higher rate of interest. The Government very properly considers that any one who is able to buy large numbers of bonds is able to pay a higher tax than is the person who can only invest a small amount.

South Should Buy Heavily

The South is more prosperous than at any time in recent years. Everything that is raised here can be sold readily at a price that a few years ago would have been considered unreasonable. No section of the country has been more liberal in its contribution of men, but this contribution of flesh and blood will be wasted unless we are equally liberal with our money.

When the first Liberty Bond issue was sold, the South's subscription was not what it should have been. This was largely because of the fact that Southern people have never been in the habit of buying bonds of any kind to the extent that prevails in the North and East. We are now more familiar with securities of this kind, and it is expected that our record on this second issue will be very much better.

LIBERTY BONDS WILL HELP TO SOLVE THE CHRISTMAS GIFT PROBLEM

The sale of the second Liberty Loan bond issue at this time has been hailed in many quarters as being particularly timely. This applies especially to people who are anxious to make Christmas gifts of unusual value, because they will be able, by making small payments from time to time, to acquire Liberty bonds before the arrival of the holiday season.

Here are some straight from the SHOULDER and interesting facts about the bonds of the Second Liberty Loan now offered for sale:

1. A LOAN.—You lend your money at interest, you do not give it.
2. EASY PAYMENTS.—A few dollars down buys a bond. Bankers and employers everywhere arrange payment of balance out of savings.
3. SUPERLATIVE SAFETY.—The promise to give you your money back, a promise signed by all our 110,000,000 people, including the signature of every multi-millionaire in America. Your bond is like a mortgage on the whole United States.
4. SAFE KEEPING.—Absolutely safe in any honest banker's vault; safer anywhere than currency, for it is plainly a receipt for money you deposited in the Treasury of the United States.
5. TAX FREE.—No tax as long as you live on any purchase not above \$5,000.
6. MARKET VALUE.—You can sell your bond or borrow on it on a moment's notice.
7. THE GOVERNMENT IS NO RICHER than the people. It needs the \$50 of the average man. All patriots must help.

J. A. McCORD TERMS LIBERTY BONDS THE MOST CONSERVATIVE INVESTMENT

"Liberty Loan bonds are the safest investments in the world, and the most conservative bond buyers in the country will be the heaviest purchasers of every loan floated," says J. A. McCord, governor of the Sixth Federal Reserve Bank. He added, however, that these specialists would not have the field to themselves in the present war loan, as they did to a large extent in the first issue.

The great majority of the American people were at that time unacquainted with bonds and securities, according to Mr. McCord, and needed to be educated. That they have received this education, he said, was evidenced by the interest shown by our laboring class in the Second Liberty Loan.

If you can't enlist, invest.

Montevallo Local Items

For good Taxicab call phone 21.

Judge E. S. Lyman attended court in Columbiana Tuesday.

Mrs. J. W. Comer and son, John, motored to Centerville Monday.

Bro. Shep Scott of Dry Valley was in town Thursday and paid us a pleasant visit.

Mrs. H. W. Clark returned last Monday from a visit to relatives in Louisville, Ky., and other points in the Blue Grass State.

The friends of Mrs. John Harrison are glad to learn that she is recovering nicely from the operation performed Wednesday at the Birmingham Infirmary.

Mrs. and Mrs. H. M. McGehee of Ensley have returned home after spending a week at Brierfield visiting Mrs. McGehee's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Cooper.

The Montevallo Canning Factory shipped 200 cases of beans to the Albert Mackie Grocery Company at New Orleans last week. Pretty good shipment, and we learn that they brought a good price.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Meroney invite their friends to be present at the marriage of their daughter, Miss Mamie, to Dr. William Earl Wofford, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 6th, at six o'clock, at the Baptist Church.

The Shelby County Sun says: "Dr. and Mrs. T. W. Palmer of Montevallo spent a short while in our town Tuesday morning. They were accompanied by S. L. Chesnutt, a prominent attorney of Tennessee and father of Prof. Chesnutt of the A. G. T. I."

Mr. Wade, an expert canner of Birmingham, was here Saturday demonstrating the approved and successful methods of canning sweet potatoes at the canning factory. Mr. Wade complimented the Messrs. Brown Bros. on their well-

devised cannery here and the neatness of its operation. The company expects to can a large quantity of sweet potatoes this fall and are already working on them.

Mrs. F. M. Peterson and her daughters, Misses Mary and Overton, left Tuesday on a visit to Mrs. Peterson's brother, Mr. Chas. Winston, her sister, Mrs. Dr. Parham, and other relatives. They will stay in Gainesville for about a month, and their many friends here wish them a happy visit.

The community singing at the public school Sunday afternoon was a delightful occasion. And specially delightful was the instrumental music furnished by little Misses Alice Lyman on the violin and Adalina Austin on the piano. They deserve much praise for their well-rendered selection.

Prof. A. B. Mauldin, principal of the school at Sterrett, was here the first of the week visiting home folks. On Tuesday Mr. Mauldin was called before the exemption board at Columbiana, as he is one of those chosen by the selective draft for military service. He has a fine school of about 70 pupils at Sterrett.

Mr. John T. Ellis has over forty houses, all of which are rented, and all of which are in the best condition, for Mr. Ellis believes in keeping his property in good repair. All of his houses but four are painted, and the paint brush is now getting ready to embrace those four. That is the spirit that makes towns grow into cities.

The Pathe News exhibits very realistic scenes from the war front, U. S. training camps, and divers parts of the world, every Thursday night at the Lyric Theatre. We do wish the public would manifest a greater interest in these truly educational and instructive views than in some of the debasing love stories which seem to strike the popular fancy. How would it do to crowd the theater on Thursday nights as an evidence of popular approval of these most interesting views?

Mr. Ab. Fancher, a traveling salesman for Eli Lilly & Co., of Indianapolis, a pharmaceutical house, was here this week. About sixteen years ago Mr. Fancher was a resident of our city and a clerk in the store of Dr. D. L. Wilkinson, who now resides in Birmingham, where we are pleased to hear, he has a large practice and is prospering.

Mr. Charlie Coats has accepted a position at Seymour on Section Foreman Murk Smitherman's section, on the Southern's Blocton Branch. Charlie is a vivacious worker during the day, and at night he helps the boys catch opossums, of which, he says, the mountains in that section are full. Charles is full of praise for Mr. Smitherman and thinks he is one of the best men in the Southern's employ.

Rev. W. D. Ogletree conducted the services at the prayer meeting at the Baptist Church Wednesday night and very interestingly discussed the 17th chapter of John's gospel. We believe there were only four men present, but a goodly number of women. Do women like religious meetings better than men? If so we are a confirmed woman suffragist, because the religious influences of a country should control it. If the women of Europe had a voice would their sons and husbands be killing each other today?

Mr. Herman Woolley left this week for South Dakota, where he goes to accept a profitable job with a prosperous farmer for whom he and his brother, Knox, worked a year ago. A big corn crop has been raised in that section, and the gentleman who has employed Mr. Woolley writes that it will take him all the winter to harvest it. Mr. Knox Woolley is now with the Rainbow Division of the army in New York, and Mr. Ross Woolley, who has been employed in a pharmacy at Atmore, joined the army during the summer and is now a sergeant at Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga. The many friends of these virile young Americans wish them

KENNEDY NAMES STATE FUEL BOARD

STATE FUEL ADMINISTRATOR ANNOUNCES MEMBERS OF CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

BUT LITTLE CHANGE IN PRICE

Thinks Government Regulation Will Not Result in Any Material Reduction to Consumer.

Birmingham.—Sam P. Kennedy, fuel administrator for Alabama, in Birmingham announced four of five members of the central committee which he has recommended to N. A. Garfield, federal fuel administrator, for service in this state.

The four members who have accepted follow: Robert Jemison, Birmingham, chairman; J. J. Bradley, Huntsville; Reed Barnes, Opelika, and J. C. Henderson, Troy. The fifth member will be a resident of Mobile.

Following the completion of the business, Mr. Kennedy discussed briefly the coal situation as it more nearly concerns the ultimate consumer. It developed that Mr. Kennedy is of the opinion that as a result of government regulation, there will be no material reduction in price to the consumer. The activity of the government, however, he declared, will prevent a general pyramiding of current prices.

Doubt Vanishes As To Plant Site.

Sheffield.—Whatever doubt that may have existed in the matter of locating the government's \$5,000,000 experimental nitrate plant and powder works was completely removed when the information was authoritatively given out that the Muscle Shoals location had been selected. The announcement, in effect, means that the plants will be built here on the site located in West Sheffield and midway between this city and Tusculum, construction of which will be begun immediately, the necessary machinery and equipment having been ordered for immediate delivery, and the work of finishing the plants will be rushed to completion.

Food Committee is Named.

Decatur.—D. F. Green, appointed by Herbert C. Hoover to wage a campaign for food conservation in Morgan County the week of October 21, has named an executive committee of four to assist him in directing the work, and has enlisted the co-operation of the school teachers of the county to make the campaign a success.

Short Demurrer Record is Hung Up.

Montgomery.—The shortest demurrer in the history of Montgomery was filed by a contractor, who is building Camp Sheridan. It consists of thirteen words and is in reply to a suit filed against him for a receivership, to tie up about one million dollars due on the contractor's contract with the government. The demurrer reads: "There is no equity in the bill; (2) that the bill is without equity."

Old Soldiers Had Good Time

Birmingham.—All who are left of the four battalions of Alabama Civil War Veterans left Birmingham after their two days' annual State reunion. And the old soldiers went away with joy in their hearts, proud of the success of their reunion, and pleased with the hospitality and kindness shown them by Birmingham citizens. The reunion parade was one of the most impressive and beautiful parades ever seen in Birmingham.

More Men Are Needed.

Huntsville.—The Madison County Board of Exemptions has issued a call for 300 additional registered men to come forward and submit to physical examination to ascertain their fitness for service in the National Army. So many men have been exempted that Madison County lacks about 100 men of its quota of 410 even though 1,120 have been examined physically. The registered men in this county number 4,352.

Brandon Enters Governor's Race.

Tuscaloosa.—In a letter addressed to Hon. Frank S. Moody, chairman of the mass meeting which urged him to enter the governor's race, Judge William W. Brandon of Tuscaloosa, announces he will be in the race for gubernatorial honors. He promises an announcement of his views on all public questions in a formal statement which will be made at an early date.

High Price For Bale of Cotton.

Wetumpka.—James Heiser sold to M. Hohenberg & Co., of this city one bale of cotton which together with the seed netted him \$233.61. This is a record-breaking price for cotton.

Record Price is Paid.

Opelika.—The highest price ever paid for cottonseed here was paid when they sold for \$30 per ton.

Cotton Crop is Short.

Greenville.—There were 2,020 bales of cotton of the 1917 crop ginned in Butler County prior to September 25. Up to the same date last year there were 1,406 bales of cotton ginned. The crop in Butler County will fall short of that expected in the early harvesting season.

Gin Report For 1917 Made.

Montgomery.—Alabama is over 40,000 bales short in the amount of cotton ginned from the 1917 crop as compared with the 1916 crop, according to the report of the bureau of census which has just been made public. So far in 1917 a total of 96,936 bales have been ginned. In 1916 there was a total of 137,478 bales ginned. Jefferson county has ginned 14 bales out of this year's crop in comparison with 185 bales ginned in 1916.

Following are the figures given for each county: Autauga, 2,117; Barbour, 2,637; Blount, 38; Bullock, 2,611; Butler, 2,020; Calhoun, 127; Chambers, 3,119; Cherokee, 27; Chilton, 983; Clarke, 1,417; Clay, 104; Cleburne, 17; Coffee, 4,338; Colbert, 260; Conecuh, 1,640; Coosa, 16; Covington, 4,051; Crenshaw, 2,149; Cullman, 17; Dale, 917; Dallas, 6,266; Dekalb, 1,000; Elmore, 3,705; Etowah, 66; Fayette, 73; Franklin, 26; Geneva, 7,748; Hale, 1,049; Henry, 4,496; Houston, 5,152; Jackson, 1,000; Jefferson, 14; Lamar, 205; Lauderdale, 62; Lawrence, 192; Lee, 3,095; Lime stone, 98; Lowndes, 1,410; Macon, 5; Madison, 69; Marengo, 3,600; Marion, 53; Marshall, 23; Monroe, 3,468; Montgomery, 4,005; Morgan, 107; Perry, 1,945; Pike, 2,359; Randolph, 500; Russell, 3,818; St. Clair, 130; Shelby, 122; Sumter, 305; Talladega, 710; Tallapoosa, 951; Walker, 1,000; Wilcox, 3,256; Winston, 3,867. Totals, 96,936.

Rattler Found in Load of Peanuts.

Troy.—J. A. Massey, a farmer who lives about five miles from Troy, had a rather thrilling experience the other day. He, with some others, was at work hauling up peanuts. He had hauled a load and was ready to unload the peanuts, when one of the men stepped up to the wagon to get a handful of peanuts and spied a huge rattlesnake coiled in them. He shouted and the snake jumped to the ground. Mr. Massey also jumped and together the men soon killed the snake, which had six rattles.

Exchange is Opened.

Auburn.—As one feature of the more profitable marketing of every agricultural product of Alabama, a Livestock Exchange has just been established by the extension service here. This is the announcement just made by J. F. Duggar, director. He states that the Livestock Exchange will be under the immediate supervision of Mr. Carl G. Filler, Auburn, Alabama, who is the joint representative of the extension service and the U. S. Department of Agriculture, in matters relating to beef production.

Tuscaloosa Fire Burns 10 Houses.

Tuscaloosa.—A loss of approximately \$25,000, according to estimates and available figures, resulted from the fire which swept through University Avenue and Thirteenth street. Ten houses were destroyed during the raging conflagration and the exact losses sustained are not yet available as insurance figures have not been compiled. The fire started at the home of Mrs. Emma Donoho and spread rapidly, being fanned by a high wind, and for a time it seemed as if the blaze could not be controlled.

Tax Increase is Shown.

Albany.—Owing to the enhancement in value of local real estate, the municipal taxes collected by the city of Albany will be more than \$5,000 in excess of that of last year, according to the compilation of City Clerk Henry Hartung, just completed. The city schools will now receive an annual revenue of \$10,349, more than \$2,500 in excess of the amount received last year. The total assessed valuation is \$3,449,917.

Soldiers Get Pay.

Anniston.—During the past week no less than \$912,000 was paid to the enlisted men at Camp McClellan and the commissioned officers have just been paid \$180,000, bringing the total army payroll for the month to \$1,092,000. This does not include the pay of the employees engaged in construction work on the army reservation, which amounts to about \$400,000 for the month.

Cotton Crop is Short.

Opelika.—One-third of a cotton crop for Lee County this year is predicted by A. H. Collier, official government ginning reporter in his report on ginning just made public. He predicts that between 10,000 and 11,000 bales will be grown in Lee this year. In 1916 there were 17,676 bales produced in this county, which was about half a crop.

Labor is Scarce.

Lomax.—The Vida Lumber Company finds it difficult to get laborers sufficient to carry on their immense construction work here as rapidly as they wish. The work on the narrow gauge railroad and at the saw mill is going on as well as possible with the shortage of men.

New Service to Start.

Greenville.—The workman who have been completely remodeling the Greenville postoffice have nearly completed their job and the postoffice looks much better and the postal force is better equipped to take care of the greatly increasing business of the postoffice. Beginning November first Greenville will have free city delivery, and this is a convenience Greenville has been long anticipating. Its reality will be received in Greenville with universal gratification.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES

What Has Occurred During the Week Throughout This Country and Abroad.

EVENTS OF IMPORTANCE

Gathered From All Parts of the Globe and Told in Short Paragraphs.

Domestic.

Where there is a shortage of coal, Fuel Administrator Garfield says, appeal should be made to the state fuel administrator, if there is one; if not, communication should be made direct with the fuel administration in Washington.

With a majority estimated at 30,000 to 35,000 Iowa voters decided to prohibit the manufacture and sale of liquor in this state by constitutional amendment. The state had been dry by statutory law for three years. The amendment is immediately effective.

With thousands of delegates from all the Southern States in attendance the ninth annual convention of the Southern Commercial Congress met in New York City, and were welcomed by Oscar S. Strauss, Governor Whitman, Mayor Mitchell and others.

Chicago American League team won the world's championship in the best four out of six games from the New York National League team. It was necessary to play six games, Chicago winning the first two and the last two, New York capturing the first two played on her home grounds.

Frederick Roe Searing of Philadelphia played dead for two years in order that his wife might collect his life insurance, but failed to recover. The facts came to light in the trial at Philadelphia. Searing had only confided his secret to his young stenographer, with whom he was recently arrested in New Orleans.

Fuel Administrator Garfield announces that communities really in need of coal can get it at government prices.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo will speak in Memphis and Nashville, Tenn., October 23, in the interest of the second Liberty Loan.

Formal notification has been sent to Secretary of War Baker by Col. W. D. Newbill, U. S. A., officer in charge of camp grounds in the Vicksburg National Military park, that arrangements have been completed for caring for 12,000 veterans to attend the national memorial reunion of the Blue and Gray at Vicksburg, Miss.

A meeting held by Polish residents of Chicago to celebrate the centennial of the death of Thaddeus Kosciuszko, Poland's national hero, was the occasion, October 14, for the greatest patriotic demonstration ever made by Chicago Poles.

Atlanta, Ga., will entertain Secretary McAdoo, October 24, where he will speak on the second Liberty Loan.

In San Antonio, Texas, an order for the court martial of more than one hundred and twenty negroes, charged with participation in the rioting at Houston, August 23, which will be held at Fort Sam Houston, is expected. Sixty negroes will be charged with mutiny and murder and the remainder with lesser offenses.

An appeal to the federal shipping board to build, sell or lease on an installment plan a large fleet of barges to enable the Mississippi river to relieve the railroads, all overtaxed, was voiced at the closing session of the sixteenth annual convention of the Upper Mississippi Improvement association at Winona, Minn.

Mayors throughout the state of Ohio are preparing to seize coal to prevent suffering, which is becoming widespread in their communities. Some have already done so.

The appearance of killing temperatures in part of the western belt has caused a further reduction of crop estimates and a further sharp advance in the cotton market.

European.

The German forces which landed on Oesel island, in the Gulf of Riga, under cover of ninety war vessels, have occupied the whole northern and eastern part of the island.

The Russians still occupy Serel Point and the Svob peninsula, on the southwestern coast of the Gulf of Riga.

The leader of the Central party in the German reichstag says that developments recently will not interfere with the majority parties' attitude or in any way retard the movement for parliamentarization.

Emperor William visited Wilhelmshaven in company with the chancellor after the mutiny of sailors had been suppressed. He is reported to have wanted one out of every seven of the mutineers shot. Chancellor Michaelis declined on the ground that he could not assume such responsibility before the reichstag. Only three were shot.

Vice Admiral von Capelle, the German minister of marine, has resigned. He was one of the administrative directors of the ministry of marine before the war, and had served as a captain at sea. He succeeded Admiral von Tirpitz.

A mutiny among the crews of four battleships of the German fleet has occurred at Wilhelmshaven. One of these battleships was the Westfalen, whose captain was thrown overboard and drowned. The crews landed. Marines refused to fire on them, whereupon the soldiers surrounded the sailors who surrendered.

The German forces which landed on the island of Oesel at the head of the Gulf of Riga, have captured Arenburg, capital of the island, and are pursuing the Russians at various places. Aiding the operations as far as possible are German cruisers and torpedo boats which have shelled the coast batteries and towns.

In Flanders no military operations on a large scale have been attempted for some time, but big guns are carrying out reciprocal bombardments of severe violence, like those which always precede the starting of an infantry offensive.

Attempts by the German fleet to enter the Gulf of Riga and to operate in the waters between Oesel and Dago Islands are meeting with resistance from the Russian land batteries and Russian naval units. In the latter region the Germans declined to accept battle and retired in the face of the Russian warships.

After accusing Great Britain of attempting to bully Holland by stopping all commercial cable communication with Holland until The Netherlands government places an absolute restriction on transit of sand, gravel, and scrap metal through Holland from Germany to Belgium, the influential organ, The Handelsblad, of Amsterdam, bitterly denounces the refusal of the United States to give bunker coal to Dutch ships as an unfriendly act and an act of bad faith.

Reliable reports received in London by way of Holland indicate the growth of a strong disinclination on the part of German seamen to serve on submarines. This news, the authority of which is undoubted, is to the effect that several seamen already have been shot for refusing to perform U-boat duty.

Washington.

President Wilson's executive order putting into operation the "trading with the enemy law," added another substantial obstacle to the German cause. It effectively blockades the channels through which the Germans have recently received much "aid and comfort."

More than anything else, department officials say, the new blockade law will emphasize to the German millionaires and commercial caste leaders that the United States is in earnest in its war plans.

A London dispatch says that two hundred and fifty lives were lost when the steamer Medie was torpedoed September 23, in the western Mediterranean. The torpedo exploded the munitions in the ship's cargo.

President Wilson, in behalf of the Liberty Loan, has issued a proclamation setting aside October 24 as Liberty Day and urging the people of the nation to assemble on that day in their respective communities and pledge to one another and to the government that represents them the fullest measure of financial support.

In the president's proclamation anent the setting aside of October 24 as Liberty Day, he says: "Let the result be so impressive and emphatic that it will echo throughout the empire of our enemy as an index of what the United States intends to do to bring this war to a victorious conclusion."

The requisition by the American merchant marine will include cargo ships of more than 2,500 tons dead weight capacity and passenger vessels of more than 2,500 gross tons register. The limit will probably be lowered to include craft of more than 1,500 tons.

Representative Kahn of California, the Republican who led President Wilson's forces in the house when the army draft law passed, says a new draft act will have to be passed at the next session of congress. It is contemplated to have every man between the ages of an and 21.

Government control of foodstuffs has been extended to take in virtually all the essential articles of diet by a proclamation of the president.

After November 1 the manufacture, storage, importation and distribution of some twenty odd prime commodities will be licensed. However, many small dealers will be exempt.

An agreement between the war industries board and steel manufacturers fixing maximum prices for steel products, about a third under existing market prices, has been approved by the president.

England will renew loans on American farms. The letter from the British government instructing British companies to call one hundred million in mortgages has been rescinded. The money was to have been used by the British authorities for war purposes. The credit the United States government has extended Britain more than offsets any money British capital has invested in the United States.

With the swearing in of nine new cabinet members the members of the Liberal party who see in compulsory military service the only solution for bringing forth the full strength of the Dominion of Canada in the prosecution of the war have joined hands with Sir Robert Borden, says an Ottawa, Ont., dispatch.

Admiral Mayo, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, and his staff have returned from England, where they participated in a naval conference with the allies. This announcement is authorized by the navy department. No details of the conference have been made public.

Secretary Lansing has made public more of Ambassador Bernstorff's treachery. This time it is shown that he was engaged in plots to blow up Canadian railroads and to use Irish-Americans in the United States for carrying on sabotage on their own countrymen.

A Medicine for Women

For Forty Years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has Relieved the Sufferings of Women.

It hardly seems possible that there is a woman in this country who continues to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, proving beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other medicine in the world.

Mrs. Kieso Cured After Seven Month's Illness.

Aurora, Ill.—"For seven long months I suffered from a female trouble, with severe pains in my back and sides until I became so weak I could hardly walk from chair to chair, and got so nervous I would jump at the slightest noise. I was entirely unfit to do my house work, I was giving up hope of ever being well, when my sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took six bottles and today I am a healthy woman able to do my own housework. I wish every suffering woman would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and find out for herself how good it is."—MRS. KARL A. KIESO, 596 North Ave., Aurora, Ill.

Could Hardly Get Off Her Bed.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—"I want you to know the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was in such bad health from female troubles that I could hardly get off my bed. I had been doctoring for a long time and my mother said, 'I want you to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.' So I did, and it has certainly made me a well woman. I am able to do my house work and am so happy as I never expected to go around the way I do again, and I want others to know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—MRS. JOSIE COPNER, 1668 Harrison Ave., Fairmount, Cincinnati, Ohio.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS FOR LIVER ILLS

What Constipation Means

It means a miserable condition of ill health that leads to all sorts of special ailments such as headache, backache, dyspepsia, dizziness, indigestion, pains of various kinds, piles and numerous other disorders—CONSTIPATION is a crime against nature, and no human being can be well for any length of time while constipated. DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS is the remedy and has been used successfully all over this country for 72 years. Get a box and see how it feels to have your liver and bowels resume their health-giving natural functions. For sale at all druggists and dealers everywhere.

Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills

It is unkind to look a man's religion in the pocketbook.

Why buy many bottles of other Vermifuges, when one bottle of Dr. Tutt's "Dead Shot" will act surely and promptly? Adv.

G. W. Parkes of Granite City, Ill., twice divorced by one woman, recently married another.

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY but like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "La Creole" Hair Dressing—It's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

Not a Bit of Use.

There was some speculation as to whether the instrument would benefit the old gentleman or not. One was holding the ear trumpet, while another was explaining its use and showing old Mr. Shortcash how to hold it to his ear.

"Say something to him through it, Binks," said one to the other.

Now Binks had long waited for an opportunity to reach Mr. Shortcash's ear, so, speaking very distinctly into the trumpet he said:

"You've not paid me that five dollars you owe me yet, Mr. Shortcash."

But the old gentleman put the instrument down with disappointment on his face, and they could see it was a failure even before he had time to say:

"That thing's not a bit of use to me."

And he sighed, but his sigh was not so deep as that which came from Binks.

The Particular Landlord.

"I understand the police backed the patrol wagon up to an apartment house in your neighborhood and took out a bunch of disorderly tenants."

"Yes. Great world, isn't it? The man who owes that place wouldn't rent an apartment to anyone who had children."

New York's Mortality Rate.

New York's mortality rate for 1916 stands at 14 per 1,000 of population.

YOU BET I'M HELPING SAVE THE WHEAT says Bobby

Post Toasties
For me 3 times a day

EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI

MY SIGNATURE
ON EVERY PACKAGE

SKINNER'S MACARONI

CABBAGE PLANTS

Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield Succession and Flat Dutch. Satisfaction Guaranteed. By express: 500, \$1.00; 1,000, \$1.50; 5,000, at \$1.25; 10,000 up at \$1.00. F. O. B. HERE. Delivered Parcel Post 100, 25c; 1,000, \$1.75.

D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

PLANTS, CABBAGE—COLLARD—ONION

any variety, \$1.40 per 1,000. Egg: Pepper and Missionary Strawberry plants, \$2.00 per 1,000. Immediate shipment. Southern Fruit Specialists, Ft. Lauderdale, Fla.

CABBAGE PLANTS. Frost Proof. Charleston, Jersey Wakefield, Flat Dutch. Express \$1.50 thousand, parcel post paid \$2. Large quantities cheaper. Satisfaction guaranteed. J. F. & W. Clark, Thomasville, Ga.

FREE to all sufferers of catarrh, hay-fever, asthma, bronchitis, lung-trouble, eczema, salt-rhums, all sores, piles, can of Dr. Nardine's never failing remedy. NARDINE MEDICAL CO., Inc., JOHNSON CITY, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED \$11.55 clear profit every gross; 50c each; \$2.50; necessity for every man; new article; send time for sample and prices. WOOD, 78 VIRGIL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

Christmas Neckties Get in early, ties; get agency; sample 15 cents; millions sold for Xmas. G. B. WHEELER, Box 1441, Denver, Colo.

SAVE YOUR SWEET POTATO VINES worth \$2.00 each. My method will keep them green all winter. Write me, W. G. Blackburn, Mt. Pleasant, Texas

WANTED TO BUY trained coon and possum bounds, also pointers and setters. M. L. Crawford, Tiger, Ga.

W. N. U., Birmingham, Mo. 42-1917.

CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK, UGH! IT'S MERCURY AND SALIVATES

Straighten Up! Don't Lose a Day's Work! Clean Your Sluggish Liver and Bowels With "Dodson's Liver Tone."

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. Take a dose of the vile, dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

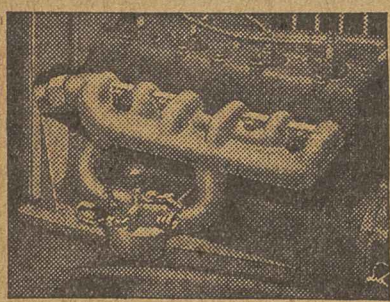
Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful tonight and if it doesn't

straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous by morning, I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot sallow or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.—Adv.

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and \$1.00 at all Drug Stores.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC



The MULTIPLE MANIFOLD

For FORD Owners
Insures Perfect Combustion
Hence MORE MILES per GALLON
Price \$7.50 each

POSITIVELY WILL SAVE YOU DOLLARS

By perfectly vaporizing the low grade gasoline which you are compelled to use today. Works equally well in winter or summer.

ARMSTRONG & WHITE

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Hot Scotch.

Scot Sergeant (drilling some raw recruits)—Hoo is it ye dinna tur-n-rn about when Ah aboot tur-n-rn ye? Can-na ye one'er-r-ran guid King's English?—Passing Show.

How's This?

We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 75c. Testimonials free. J. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Wait on Yourself.

"Everything comes to him who waits."
"Maybe so, but the cafeteria idea is gaining ground."

BREAD WITHOUT SALT IS TASTELESS
A medicine chest without Magic America Liniment is useless. Best of all liniments for sprains, swellings, bruises, rheumatism and neuralgia. Three sizes, 25c, 50c and \$1.00.—Adv.

You can't get foot notes out of a shoe horn.

WAS ALL RUN DOWN

Faulty Kidneys Caused Acute Suffering. Completely Recovered Since Using Doan's.

Mrs. Harry A. Lyon, 5 St. William St., Boston, Mass., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills have surely done me wonderful good. About two months prior to the birth of my baby, I had two convulsions and was taken to a hospital. Doctors said the convulsions were due to my kidneys not working properly."

"I had swelling of the feet and ankles so that I had to wear large-sized slippers. My back ached intensely. I was nervous and unable to sleep. I also suffered from awful headaches and felt weak, tired, languid, and run down. After I came home a friend suggested that I try Doan's Kidney Pills, and I got some. I soon noticed improvement; my back became stronger and I felt better in every way. I kept on taking Doan's and was cured. They are surely reliable."

Mrs. Lyon gave the above statement in May, 1915, and on March 12, 1917, she said:

"My cure has lasted. I take Doan's occasionally, however, as a strengthener for my kidneys."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

ECZEMA!

Money back without question if HUNTS CURE fails in the treatment of ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. H. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman Tex.

LAST CHANCE OFFERS

A two year's subscription to either Cosmopolitan, Good Housekeeping or Hearst's Magazine for the special price of \$2.00. These offers good only until November 10th.

Youth's Companion—the Ideal American family weekly—may be included for \$3.00 additional. The American Literary Exchange (Established 1899) West Hoboken, N. J.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

The chap who steals a woman's purse is apt to get a lot of trash.

ON FIRST SYMPTOMS
Use "Renovine" and be cured. Do not wait until the heart organ is beyond repair. "Renovine" is the heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and \$1.00.—Adv.

The under dog is entitled to little sympathy if he starts the fight.

RED FACES AND RED HANDS

Soothed and Healed by Cuticura—Sample Each Free by Mail.

Treatment for the face: On rising and retiring smear affected parts with Cuticura Ointment. Then wash off with Cuticura Soap and hot water. For the hands: Soak them in a hot lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry, and rub in Cuticura Ointment.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

A sermon that is long drawn out is naturally narrow.

59 YEARS OLD, HALE AND HARDY

And Praises Cardui, Which She Says Pulled Her Through a Most Dangerous Period.

Mercer, Ky.—"About 15 years ago," writes Mrs. W. T. Ball, of this place, "I began suffering with change of life, and was suffering very much. . . I began taking Cardui after having suffered for 3 years, and I felt dreadfully nervous. Hardly felt like doing my work. Couldn't sleep well at nights. However, after several doses of Cardui I saw an improvement and in a few days I could do my work with ease and in two weeks I was able to walk six miles and went to the street fair at Central City and enjoyed myself. After using two bottles. I got my natural health and strength and it pulled me through that most dangerous of periods in a woman's life with no trouble or suffering."

I am now hale and hearty, and was 59 years old the 11th of this month. I will never cease praising Cardui, which did me so much good. It also saved my daughter's life when she had such a dreadful spell. . .

Over 40 years in use, Cardui has proven its efficacy as "the woman's tonic." If you are weak, and run-down, and suffer from symptoms of troubles peculiar to women, give Cardui a trial.—Adv.

A good looking woman ought to make a successful detective.

A torpid liver condition prevents proper food assimilation. Tone up your liver with Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. They act gently and surely. Adv.

Probity is the chiefest of all good.

When Your Eyes Need Care
Try Murine Eye Remedy
No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

EASTERNERS FACE SUGAR SHORTAGE

CONSUMERS ARE URGED TO EAT LESS CANDY AND SWEETS FOR TIME.

MUST NOT INCREASE PRICE

Shortage Due to Failure of Public to Reduce Consumption and Unusual Exports.

Washington. — The eastern states face a sugar shortage, with no prospect of relief before late in November, when the new Hawaiian and western beet crops arrive. In a statement forecasting the shortage the food administration again appealed to the American people to cut down their consumption of candy and sweet drinks, and at the same time gave warning that retailers already have received their stocks at prices recently agreed upon and the public should pay no more during the temporary scarcity in the east than it had been paying during the past 30 days.

The shortage is due, the administration says, to the failure of the public outside of a few loyal homes, to reduce consumption, and unusual exports to France in order that the French people may have their meagre ration of one pound of sugar per person per month.

In regard to prices, attention is called to the fact that by agreement the price of beet and Hawaiian sugar has been fixed at 7 1/4 cents a pound, Atlantic and Pacific seaboard basis, under which the maximum retail price at interior points should be 8 1/4 cents, which by agreement with the cane refiners and Cuban producers the price of cane sugar has been held down so that it should reach the consumer at about nine cents a pound. The administration notes that it still is waiting a reply to its appeal to the Louisiana producers to join in the agreement.

The food administration requests that all jobbers in the west, as well as in the east, should distribute their sugar with care amongst the retailers in such reduced quantities, and that the retailers, in turn, should refuse to sell but very limited quantity to any one customer. We also trust that jobbers will refuse to sell sugar to any retailer who advances the price.

A remedial contribution can be made if the American people will at once reduce their consumption of candy and sweet drinks. Many householders of the country have responded to the appeals for voluntary reduction, and unless we can secure a wider and immediate reduction of the sugar consumption in candy, ice cream and sweet drinks, it will be necessary next year to curtail the supplies to these industries, as has been done all over Europe.

Mercilessly Shells Ships Small Boats.

Washington.—Small boats from a British steamer recently attacked by two submarines were mercilessly shelled by one of the U-Boats, two men being killed and seven others wounded, the state department was advised in consular dispatches. One other man was killed before the crew abandoned the steamer, which carried a number of Americans. One of the men killed by the shelling of the boats was James D. Tringor, a horseman, of Roanoke, Va., while another American, Frank Donovan, a horseman, of Philadelphia, was among the wounded. The other Americans were saved. The date and place of the attack was not disclosed.

Stock Yard Fire in Kansas City.

Kansas City.—Reports that the fire which destroyed a large portion of the Kansas City stockyards had resulted in the death of approximately 11,000 cattle and 3,300 hogs was of an incendiary origin, persisted, although discredited by officials of the corporation owning the yards. While no definite fire damage estimates have as yet been made, insurance adjusters and officials of the stockyards corporation place the loss at approximately \$750,000.

Operators Pledge Loyal Support.

Washington.—Anthracite coal operators, representing most of the country's hard coal output, at a conference with the fuel administrator, pledged full support to the government in solving the coal problem. They agreed to name a representative to act as an assistant to the administration and a committee to represent the industry in all government dealings.

American Loans to Allied Nations.

Washington.—Loans of \$50,000,000 to Russia, \$25,000,000 to Great Britain, \$20,000,000 to France and \$3,000,000 to Belgium, has brought the total credits of the United States to allied nations up to \$2,711, 400,000.

Returns to Port With Cargo Afire.

An Atlantic Port.—A large British steamer, loaded with \$2,000,000 worth of admiralty stores, principally munitions and 6,000 barrels of oil in bulk, was towed back into port with fire in her engine room compartments under control after a 24-hour battle to keep the ship from exploding. The fire broke out when the ship was 30 miles out of this port. Blue flames were seen coming from the engine room compartments where oil was stored in every available reservewater tank.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR OCTOBER 21

THE TEMPLE REBUILT AND DEDICATED.

LESSON TEXT—Ezra 3:13-15; 6:14-18.
GOLDEN TEXT—Enter into his gates with thanksgiving, and into his courts with praise.—Psalms 100:4.

The remnant which returned had now become settled in their new homes. As it would be a considerable time before the temple could be rebuilt, arrangement was made for the religious life as early as possible, as religion was the very heart of the nation's life. They first set up the altar of the God of Israel (3:1-3) and offered burnt offerings thereon. They next revived the annual festivals (3:4-7) which had a powerful, unifying influence upon them.

I. The Appointment of Officers to Set Forward the Work of the Lord's House (v. 8, 9). Overseers were needed to direct this great work. Rubbish needed to be cleared away so the building operations could begin; timber needed to be cut in the Lebanon forests and floated down to Joppa; stones needed to be cut from the quarries; intelligent and consecrated men were needed to direct this work, as it was needful that it be done with the utmost expedition. The Lord's house demands the most systematic adjustment of its labors. Mere zeal will not make up for lack of intelligence.

II. The Foundation of the Temple Laid (3:10-13). This was done amid great rejoicing. The consciousness that the Lord's house was taking shape, even though the mere foundations could be seen, provoked great enthusiasm on the part of the people. Musicians were appointed to furnish music while the work was being done. Under the influence of music men will do better work, armies will march and fight better when bands are playing. While there was great joy, there was also, mingled sorrow. This was on the part of the elders who had seen the former temple. The meanness of the present temple in comparison with Solomon's temple caused their praise to be drowned with their sorrow. These people belonged to that class who think that nothing now is so good as in the former days. So completely were these voices commingled that the people could not discern the one from the other.

III. The Building of the Temple Delayed by Opposition. (Chapters 4 and 5). For a time matters went smoothly with them, but as soon as the work had taken such shape as to show that there was some prospect of success, the half-heathen Samaritans began to oppose them. No vital work of God will be allowed to go on without opposition. Satan resents and bitterly opposes all inroads upon his kingdom. These Samaritans sought to frustrate this work of God by:

(1) An Alliance With the Jews (4:2, 3). They wanted to bring the work in harmony with their own religious practices, as God's pure worship would be a constant rebuke to them. This is ever the way of the world, to seek to effect a compromise with God's children; but God's call is separation. "Come out from among them" (2 Cor. 6:14-18). Nothing so weakens God's cause as worldly alliance and compromise. There is but one answer to be given to such an offer of compromise. "Ye have nothing to do with us in building a house unto our God." We are in the world, but not of the world.

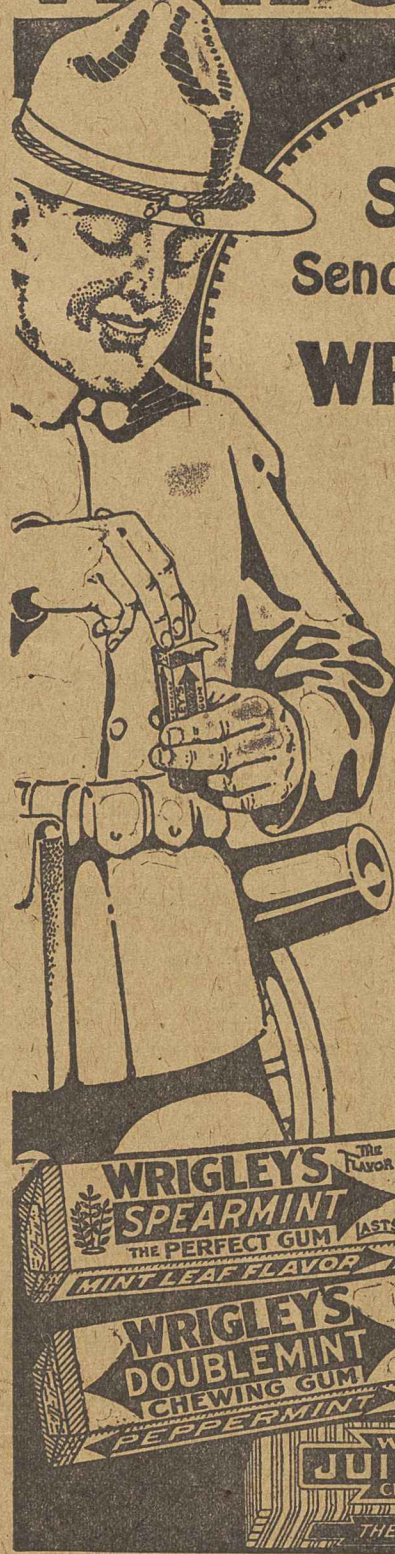
(2) Weakening the Hands of the People (4:4). Doubtless this included the withdrawal of supplies, the spreading of dissension among the workmen, and the employment of counselors against them.

(3) Letters of Accusation to the Persian King (4:6, 7). So severe was this opposition that the building was delayed for a term of years. These counselors succeeded in creating doubt as to whether Cyrus had ever issued a decree for their return. This wicked opposition resulted in the undoing of the opposers, for search was made and a copy was found. Darius confirmed this by his own decree, and directed that aid be given from the royal taxes so that the house of God might be built.

IV. The Temple Completed and Dedicated (6:14-18). The Prophets Haggai and Zachariah now appear, and by warnings, exhortations and entreaties stir up the people so that the work goes forward to a successful completion. Without their aid probably the work would never have been completed. Human nature at times needs to be cheered and urged forward. These prophets did not themselves work in the building of the walls, yet their work was of even greater importance.

It is generally found that this is so with the religious leaders today. The words of cheer and encouragement of the Christian minister are needed daily for those who labor in the building of the Lord's house. Were it not for them many would give up the struggle. When the building was finished it was dedicated to God with great joy. This was possible because they had builded and finished their task according to the commandment of the God of Israel. The service of dedication was much after the order of that of Solomon's temple, only on a less magnificent scale.

WRIGLEY'S



S. O. S.
Send Over Some
WRIGLEY'S

Keep your soldier or sailor boy supplied. Give him the lasting refreshment, the protection against thirst, the help to appetite and digestion afforded by Wrigley's.

It's an outstanding feature of the war—"All the British Army is chewing it."

AFTER EVERY MEAL

The Flavor Lasts

Few people would be satisfied if their dreams came true.

A HINT TO WISE WOMEN.
Don't suffer torture when all female troubles will vanish in this air after using "Femenina." Price 50c and \$1.00.—Adv.

"By their fruits ye shall know them." This applies to family trees.

Don't Neglect Kidneys

Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Prescription, Overcomes Kidney Trouble

It is now conceded by physicians that the kidneys should have more attention as they control the other organs to a remarkable degree and do a tremendous amount of work in removing the poisons and waste matter from the system by filtering the blood.

The kidneys should receive some assistance when needed. We take less exercise, drink less water and often eat more rich, heavy food, thereby forcing the kidneys to do more work than nature intended. Evidence of kidney trouble, such as lame back, annoying bladder troubles, smarting or burning, brick-dust or sediment, sallow complexion, rheumatism, maybe weak or irregular heart action, warns you that your kidneys require help immediately to avoid more serious trouble.

An ideal herbal compound that has had most remarkable success as a kidney and bladder remedy is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. There is nothing else like it. It is Dr. Kilmer's prescription used in private practice and it is sure to benefit you. Get a bottle from your druggist.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper. Adv.

Spanked the Kitty.

The little black kitten hid under the veranda and refused to come out and be friends again with Polly. Mamma found the little girl in tears, and asked the cause of the trouble.

"Kitty scratched me, so I was 'bliged to spank her an' now she won't play with me," sobbed Polly.

"If you spank kitty, she won't love you," explained mamma.

"I didn't know 'bout that," replied the little one miserably. "'cause you spank me an' I love you just the same."

Why Look?

Mrs. Jenkins, a regular visitor in the doctor's consulting room, started on the long story of her troubles. The doctor endured it patiently and gave her another bottle. At last she started out, and the doctor was congratulating himself, when she stopped and exclaimed:

"Why, doctor, you didn't look to see if my tongue was coated?"
"I know it isn't," wearily replied the medical man. "You don't find grass on a race track."

Well-Known Firm.

"Who painted Brown's house?"
"I think he said it was done by Fitz & Starts."

Folly to Make Promises.
It isn't policy to promise men things; they like better to be uncertain of you.



THERE'S
NO DOUBT
ABOUT
POSTUM
AS A
HEALTH
IMPROVEMENT
OVER
COFFEE

E. G. GIVHAN
Physician
OFFICE IN ELLIS BUILDING
MONTEVALLO, ALA.

J. I. REID
Physician
Office: 2nd floor Ellis Building
MONTEVALLO, ALA.
Telephone: Residence, 47J; office, 30

CHAS. T. ACKER
Physician
Office: New Ellis Building (over Brown's Grocery Store). Residence 'phone, 32. Office 'phone, Strong's Drug Store.

W. J. MITCHELL
DENTIST
OFFICE IN NEW ELLIS BUILDING
(up stairs)
Montevallo, Alabama

MISS BESSIE ALLEN
Magazines and Dailies
Montevallo, Ala.

Your order filled for any club or special offer given by any publisher or agency. Catalog of prices on request.

I. T. GARNER
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN

Will be in Montevallo, on Rogan's corner, on the 4th Monday in every month. Remember that I AM ABLE TO DUPLICATE ANY BROKEN GLASSES, or fill any prescription. ALL WORK IS GUARANTEED

Pancho Reyes
High Class Jack
Will make spring season at
"BIRD-WOOD FARM."

Colts, to stand and suck, \$10.00.
Jack handled by owner.

K. C. MAHAN
BRIERFIELD, ALA.

Spirella Corsetry
MRS. EVA SPEARMAN,
RESIDENCE CORSETIER
MONTEVALLO, - ALABAMA

\$5,000 Reward

ARREST that man at sight!
and run him down to the

Q. C. & B.
BARBER SHOP

Where I can put him to sleep with a Nancy Hanks razor,—and wake him up with a hot towel, and doll him up so his wife can meet him with a smile.

I solicit your business upon a basis of EFFICIENCY

J. W. VINSON
Montevallo, - Ala.

If you have sewing of any kind to be done see Mrs. Skinner.

Kendrick's
Barber Shop

At W. H. Mitchell's old stand

I will take pleasure in giving you easy, velvet shaves, up-to-date haircuts, shampoos, etc.

Hot and Cold Baths

GEORGE KENDRICK
Montevallo, Alabama

CALERA LOCALS

Bro. Morton Nye Gets 35 Cents a Shave

Born: To Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Pilgreen, on the 8th inst., a fine boy.

Dr. S. D. Motley was in Montevallo Monday on professional business.

Fresh bread, cakes, candies, etc., at the Calera Bakery, made by those who know how.

Miss Ruby Hearn of the A. G. T. I. spent Sunday and Monday here visiting the family of her uncle, Dr. S. D. Motley.

Mr. Henry Jeffers, who has been at home on a sick leave, has returned to his company at Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga.

His friends say that our esteemed townsman, Mr. Will Blevins, makes so many trips to Georgia they fear he is going to wear out his fine car.

We regret that Mrs. S. M. Tomlin's health has not been very good, following the recent operation, but her friends look for her to be fully recovered ere long, by careful living.

Mr. W. M. Chism has painted the town's water tank. Our enterprising citizen, Mr. C. W. Wade, had it erected. It holds 15,000 gallons and is both a protection and a convenience to Calera.

Bro. J. R. Crowson, our good mail rider, walks four miles daily, after duty, for exercise. Some of you dainty young chaps who are afraid of working too hard should get advice from Bro. Crowson.

Miss Roberta Howell is the new clerk at Mr. Max Kolodner's. Mr. Kolodner is selling many goods now and reports that during the past month his firm has done a bigger business than ever before.

Mr. W. F. Pilgreen, who spent some time here in the summer, has returned with his family to River Falls. Mr. Pilgreen is a millwright and has accepted a position with the Horse Shoe Lumber Company.

We learn that Marshal Martin captured and destroyed two moonshine stills Tuesday, 3 miles south of Shelby. Mr. Martin found at the place several barrels of beer intended for distillation, so we hear.

Engineer J. H. Harper of Birmingham, who has been with the L. & N. for fifteen years, has accepted the run on the Columbiana Branch in place of Engineer Carlisle, who is quite sick in a Missouri hospital.

County Commissioner W. P. Eason attended the meeting of the Board of Revenue at Columbiana the first of the week. He says the Board is now giving attention to our county roads and is building the smaller bridges in different parts of the county.

We are pleased to learn that Mr. G. S. Tate, our experienced jeweler and optometrist, is doing a very good business. We believe Mr. Tate gives his customers conscientious service, and, as the public finds this out it naturally makes his business grow.

Our city council has appropriated funds for the employment of another teacher in our public school, which will give us four instructors to care for our 150 pupils. Sixty new desks and seats have also been ordered to accommodate the increasing number of pupils.

Mr. S. J. Jennings reports his son's wife improving, after nine weeks of suffering in an Erie, Pa., hospital, where she has been successfully operated upon for appendicitis. He reports insurance is rather dull and hard to write but is greater needed now than ever. Let him show you.

Mr. Chas. Boyer and Mr. Race Jennings, at Erie, Pa., last week made a close race in their pay-day for the week. Boyer got \$46.83, and Race Jennings got \$46.75, falling behind Boyer eight cents only. Mr. Grady Jennings, a more experienced machinist, got above \$50.00 for the week, and Byron Jennings, a mere boy, received more than \$30 for his week's wages. Hurrah for these boys in the cold North!

Mr. Morton Nye and family are now in Prescott, Arizona, where they went for their health. Their friends here will be pleased to learn that they like their new home and are doing well. Mr. Nye says Prescott is a pretty city, but the climate is mighty dry, and there are no dews at night. He says there is plenty of work to do and that a shave in Prescott costs 35 cents, while a hair-cut sets you back 50 cents. Have a shave?

FOR SALE

Four sows and seven pigs. They are thoroughbred Poland-China stock. Will sell cheap.

J. C. Rice, R. 1, Montevallo.

WILTON LOCALS

Mr. Ed. Griffin is busy putting up a new saw mill near Piper.

Mr. and Mrs. Josh West of Garnsey were here Sunday visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. West.

Miss Carrie Head has returned from a pleasant visit to her friend, Miss Mary Mayberry, at Centerville.

Bro. John Broadhead, who owns a valuable farm near here, was in Montevallo Thursday transacting business and talking about hard times in his usual cheerful way. We hope he may yet get rich.

Mr. George Moore has sold his interest in the saw mill here to Mr. S. A. Curry, Jr., and Mr. J. H. Middleton, we learn. The mill is now busy sawing lumber, the cooerage machinery having been set aside for the present.

M. E. Missionary Society

The Woman's Missionary Society of the M. E. Church South will be held Monday afternoon, Oct. 22nd, at three o'clock, with Mrs. C. S. Starr. Mrs. White, the district secretary, is expected to be present.

A full attendance is desired. This is the regular mission-study meeting. Come.

Sunday School Rooms

The Baptist Church is preparing to add a number of Sunday school rooms in the south wing and in the basement to facilitate the work of the different classes. Lumber is now on the ground for this purpose, but operations are temporarily checked on account of lack of the flooring.

Dr. F. F. Crowe and Mr. M. P. Jeter are the committee having the work in charge.

For the Soldiers

On Monday, Oct. 22nd, the Boy Scouts of Montevallo, will make a house-to-house canvass of the town for books and magazines to be sent the soldiers and sailors. If you have read a book or magazine with enjoyment pass that pleasure on to some soldier who is hungry for something to read. In every camp, cantonment, and even in the trenches, they are clamoring for reading matter. So have your collection ready for the Scouts Monday.

Montevallo has already shown herself generous in giving money to the War Library Fund. Her quota was \$100, but, with the help of Wilton and Calera, she over-subscribed \$27.87. Of the total, Montevallo gave \$69.06. The remainder was contributed as follows:

A. G. T. I.	\$42 47
Calera	2 00
Wilton	14 32

To every one who made that campaign such a success I wish to express my heartiest thanks. I am sure our boys in camp and field will be glad to know that the ones at home are helping them.

Miss Olive Mayes,
Campaign Manager.

To Our Contributors

Please, dear friends, when you wish anything in the Advertiser, get it to us not later than noon on Thursday. We frequently receive articles for publication on Friday. It's like sending vegetables to the cook at 11:45 and telling him to have them ready for a 12 o'clock dinner.

The Thief Is Known

The thief who last week entered the home of Mr. Wallace was last seen about a mile south of Montevallo on the John Fancher farm, by a colored woman who knew him and who said his name was Arthur Williams. He was going towards Wilton and spoke of going to Ramon Mines, near Bessemer.

He is a colored man, not real black, weighs about 130 pounds, and, when last seen, was wearing white tennis shoes, two coats, two shirts, a light pair of pants and carrying a suitcase and shot gun.

The articles stolen by the thief, besides four or five dollars in cash, are as follows: One double-barreled shot gun and a number of shells, 1 blue coat, 1 pair of navy blue pants, 1 brown coat, 1 light summer suit (gray color), 1 pair of moleskin pants, several collars and ties, 1 brown suitcase, 1 razor, 2 Sunday shirts, 3 suits of underwear.

Mr. Wallace offers a substantial reward for the capture and return of his effects; and he justly thinks the people generally should help him capture the thief.

FOOD CONSERVATION

The week of Oct. 21 to 28 has been set aside by the Government as Food Conservation Week and everybody is expected to sign the food conservation pledge.



GIVE IT

Whistle!

Your body is complaining—you think this wrong and that wrong. You experiment with this and that—and all the time your poor old body was asking for a drink—for pure liquid refreshment instead of starch foods and fat foods. For fruit acids to neutralize the heavy foods.

BOTTLED "DRY" BY
THE

Montevallo Coca-Cola
Bottling Company
Montevallo, Alabama.

C. L. MERONEY,
PRESIDENT.

Wm. LYMAN,
CASHIER.

W. H. LYMAN,
ASST. CASHIER.

CAPITAL \$25,000.00

We solicit subscriptions
for bonds of the second

LIBERTY LOAN

On partial payment plan or for cash

Merchants & Planters
BANK
Montevallo, Alabama.

Tax Assessor and

COLLECTOR'S ROUNDS

We will visit the following precincts of Shelby county, at the following times and places, for assessing taxes for the year 1918, and for collecting the taxes for the year 1917, to-wit:

Calera, beat 3	Monday, October 1st
Montevallo, beat 4	Tuesday, October 2nd
Wilton, beat 4	Wednesday, October 3rd
Maylene, beat 19	Thursday, October 4th
Gurnee, beat 19	Friday, October 5th
Bamford, beat 5	Friday, October 5th
Helena, beat 6	Saturday, October 6th
Saginaw, beat 7	Monday, October 8th
Siluria, beat 7	Monday, October 8th
Pelham, beat 17	Tuesday, October 9th
Highland, beat 12	Wednesday, October 10th
Bold Springs, beat 13, at Farley's Store	Wednesday, October 10th
Chelsea, beat 8	Thursday, October 11th
Westover, beat 11	Thursday, October 11th
Shelby, beat 1	Friday, October 12th
Farmer, beat 2	Friday, October 12th
Wiltonville, beat 9	Saturday, October 13th
Dunnivant, beat 18	Monday, October 15th
Vandiver, beat 14	Monday, October 15th
Sterrett, beat 15	Tuesday, October 16th
Vincent, beat 16	Wednesday, October 17th
Harpersville, beat 10	Thursday, October 18th
Creswell, beat 10	Thursday, October 18th
Blue Springs, beat 9	Friday, October 19th
Columbiana, beat 1	October 22nd to October 27th, inclusive

After the 31st day of December, 1917, all tax payers who have failed to make return of their property will be delinquent in the eye of the law, and will be charged a fee of 50c in each case, whether demand has been made on them or not, and all tax payers who fail to make returns on their property by the first Monday in February, 1918, will incur a penalty of TEN PER CENT, to be added to their assessment after demand has been made upon them for the same. The assessor has no discretion in the matter of remitting the penalty.

W. E. HARRISON,
Tax Assessor for Shelby County.

I, also, will visit each precinct, at the places and dates above specified, for the purpose of collecting the State and County taxes due for the year 1917.

JOE S. BIRD,
Tax Collector of Shelby County.

MEAT MARKET!

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS
SAUSAGES AND ALL MEAT PRODUCTS

MARKET NOW OPEN. In order to serve the public properly it will be absolutely necessary to sell all meats *strictly for cash*. No credits—no expensive book-keeping, as profits are *small*. Good service demands CASH.

A FRESH SHIPMENT OF FINE SODA
CRACKERS JUST RECEIVED

W. L. Brown
Montevallo, Ala.

NOW

Is the time to settle all
accounts which are due

C. L. MERONEY & CO.
MONTEVALLO, : ALABAMA.

The Montevallo Advertiser

Probate Judge, File Copy

Published in the Organized Community of Montevallo, Alabama.

VOL. III No. 11

R. W. HALL, Editor

MONTEVALLO, ALA., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1917

Price: \$1.00 Per Year

BETTER SPEECH

Next Week Is For Better Speech Week

Better speech week begins at the Public School and at the A. G. T. I. next week. The citizens of Montevallo are cordially invited to attend the exercises and to help make the week successful.

The program for the week is as follows:

Monday, 3 p. m., parade.

Tuesday and Thursday, 4:30 p. m., dramatizations and games on the campus.

Friday, 4:30 p. m., special program in A. G. T. I. chapel.

Students of both schools will be in charge of these exercises.

The parade this year will be especially attractive. Mrs. Brice Inzer will represent the Embroidery Club. The Red Cross Organization will have an interesting unit. There will be a very pleasing float to represent speech in the home.

This year we are requesting, especially, that all mothers and fathers should encourage the movement for better speech. We realize that agitation and instruction in school will amount to little in effect unless the homes have an atmosphere favorable to the formation of better speech habits.

Irwin Cobb says that only a genius needs no grammar. President Elliot of Harvard, in a discussion of the meaning of culture, says that the only point on which all agree, in defining the word, is this: A cultured person uses pure and beautiful speech.

The Better Speech movement is popular now in every State in the Union. It is a source of pride to us that our A. G. T. I. is a leader in the movement. Will the citizens of our community join us in making this leadership a complete reality?

CAROLYN POLLARD, President of the Speech Council.

LILLIE SEAY, Secretary of the Speech Council.

CLAUDIA E. CRUMPTON, Adviser of the Speech Council.

Mr. Jones Announces

Mr. Emmet A. Jones has announced his candidacy for the office of Commissioner of Agriculture.

Mr. Jones is too well known in Montevallo to require any introduction or good words at our hands. He commenced his career here as a clerk in a drug store and, while here, married one of Capt. H. C. Reynolds's daughters. For the past three years he has been at the head of the Bureau of Markets, in Montgomery, and we feel safe in saying no public official has done more to advance the agricultural interests of the State than he. His friends claim that he was practically the introducer of velvet beans to their present high place of honor in Alabama, and it was he who insisted so strongly on the planting of peanuts. He is active and keenly alive to the interests of both the producer and handler of agricultural products.

Mr. Jones truly says: "It is particularly important at this time that we have some one as commissioner who will watch out for the marketing of our crops. We want to do everything possible to aid our country, but we must, first of all, see that the farmer receives a just return for his labors."

We feel sure Mr. Jones will receive the unanimous support of the voters of Montevallo and the surrounding country, and that Shelby will be found for him when the voting time comes.

The Embroidery Club

The Embroidery Club was very charmingly entertained on last Wednesday afternoon by Mrs. Brice Inzer. Industrious fingers plied needles in and out, to the accompaniment of gay chatter, and the time passed so rapidly that all were surprised to know that—as the children say—"it was time for the party." Tempting plates of salad, etc., were served. After doing ample justice to the hostess's bounty, adieux were said. The club will meet next Wednesday afternoon at the same hour, with Mrs. W. M. Jones-Williams.

Ribbon Cane Syrup

New crop well-made and good ribbon cane syrup now on hand at C. L. Meroney & Company's, in bright new gallon buckets. Try it.

Montevallo Local Items

For good Taxicab call phone 21.

Mr. J. W. Curd of Underwood was here yesterday.

Mr. F. W. Rogan was on the jury list at Columbiana this week.

Mr. Henry Latham is having a new shingle roof placed on his residence.

Mr. R. F. McKibbin is erecting a very tasty garage near his residence. It is of bungalow style.

Mrs. J. W. Frost and child will visit the family of Mr. L. B. Frost, in Birmingham Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bundy have just purchased a new 5-passenger Dodge auto. It's a beauty.

Dr. Chas. Acker is enjoying a new Ford car, 1918 model, self-starter, and a mighty good machine.

Bro. Terrell Ingram of Spring Creek was in town the first of the week moving a small house.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Houlditch visited the former's mother, Mrs. Jim Houlditch, near Oakley Sunday.

Mr. John T. Ellis has received a big shipment of the famous Bain wagons, made in Kenosha, Wis., and has them for sale.

Mr. John Moore, a very prominent farmer and saw mill man of Dry Valley, was in town transacting business Thursday.

Mr. N. R. Newman, the clever and accommodating manager of the Lyric Theater, returned Thursday from a business trip to Selma.

Mr. R. W. Horsley of Russellville was here visiting friends this week. We were glad to see him and hope he may come to stay ere long.

Mr. D. G. Wallace of Calera, line-man for the Southern Bell, was here Monday and put a new 'phone in the residence of Mr. Lewis Campbell.

Mr. I. T. Garner, the practical optician, was here Monday filling his regular appointment. He carries a nice supply of eye glasses of all kinds.

Mr. J. A. Long, who has a very nice little farm near Maylene, has sold a portion of it, reserving for himself 25 acres, as much as he cares to attend.

Mrs. W. E. Brinkerhoff of Harri-man, Tenn., is visiting the family of Mr. R. F. McKibbin. Mr. Brinkerhoff was formerly in the banking business at Calera.

Mr. Pat Harrison, who has a contract at the Marvel mine for getting out coal and who has a number of men employed at that work, was visiting his family here Monday.

Under the skillful management of Mr. T. M. Allen Dr. Givhan's new sanitarium is nearing completion. We believe it is going to be a nicely fitted institution, with modern conveniences and comforts.

"I had as soon leave my money in George Kroell's hands as in a National Bank," said one of Mr. Kroell's friends the other day. This typifies the confidence which many of his friends have in him.

Mr. C. E. Hoskin, Jr., who has recently been appointed a clerk in the big postoffice at Camp McClellan, Ala., was here Monday visiting home folks. Uncle Sam is building quite a city there, and Charles has a nice job in it.

Mr. Joe Gilliland of Bessemer was here Tuesday negotiating the sale of a big car. He was formerly in business here with our esteemed townsman, Mr. O. P. Ivey, but is now an expert mechanic in the T. C. I. shops at Bessemer.

We are indebted to Mr. Henry Woolley for half a gallon of fine home-made syrup. Mr. Woolley has about 70 gallons of this syrup, freshly-made, in nice gallon buckets, which he is offering at only 60 cents a gallon, if taken soon.

Mr. Bob Harrison has his wheat planted and already up. Before planting he ran a harrow over his field of velvet beans, disced them under and planted his wheat on top of them. As his land is good, too, we shall look for him to make a nice crop of wheat.

Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Garner of Ashby and Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Garner of Selma were here Sunday visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. F. Garner. Mr. W. I. Garner is both telegraph operator and station agent at Ashby, while Mr. H. E. Garner is flagman on a local train between Selma and Wilton.

Messrs. Joe DeShazo and Howard McGaughy attended the box supper at Salem school house Wednesday night. Miss Louise Latham teaches the school there, and we believe the supper was given to raise funds to make necessary improvements on the school building.

Messrs. Lyman & Wells have just finished making up into some of the finest syrup we ever tasted their crop of Japanese cane and have now started on their ribbon cane. If you wish to buy some good syrup perhaps you had better do it now, before the price goes up.

Mr. S. Fred Allen, who is teaching in the Wright school, six miles east of Columbiana, was here Saturday visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Allen. The young gentleman says his school is situated in a fine community and seems well pleased with his charge.

Mr. Geo. W. Freeman of Randolph was in town Monday and looking well. He formerly owned a fine farm near Montevallo which, he says, if he owned now he would not sell. His sons, Messrs. Isaac and Herbert, are both in the Rainbow Division of the army and both of them, we hear, have fine records in their companies.

Miss Gertrude Meroney attended the wedding of Miss Em. Peeble and Mr. Abner Morrow at Aliceville Wednesday. Miss Peeble is a graduate of the A. G. T. I. and is a classmate of Miss Gertrude, who was one of the bridesmaids at the wedding, which was a social affair of importance. The bride is an excellent young lady, and we believe the groom is a young merchant.

We had the pleasure of taking a ride with Mr. T. A. White Wednesday on his Coca-Cola carriage. He was carrying a shipment of the Montevallo Coca-Cola Company's good bottled goods out to Sam Lit's, at Maylene, taking the route via Dr. Harrison's picturesque farm. There is much excellent farm land near Maylene, and the farmers must do much trading with Bro. Lit, judging from his pleasant countenance and a house full of goods. We had a fine ride—and mighty pleasant company.

Taking the first two verses of the 12th chapter of the Epistle to the Hebrews as his text, Rev. Mr. Ogle-tree delivered an instructive sermon at the Baptist Church Sunday night. A very common fault, to which the pastor called attention, is the lack of aim with so many of us. Much time and labor are lost because so many of us are content to drift along with the world, unmindful of the solemn fact that while our aims are not being fashioned towards heaven the Devil is busy moulding our souls to fit a place in hell.

Mr. Albert Storrs, who has been here since February assisting Mr. N. Morrison, on the Calera pike, with his dairy farm, returned this week to his home in Cincinnati. Mr. Storrs's father is a member of the firm of Storrs-Schaefer Tailoring Company of Cincinnati and is a man of wealth. The young man is a graduate of the University of Wisconsin, but, notwithstanding his financial standing, he has been here rising early and working hard on Mr. Morrison's farm. We hope he may prosper and come to see us again in the early future.

Another Brick Yard

Mrs. J. G. Oakley of Ashby was in town shopping Tuesday. This lady has both her husband, Capt. Oakley, and her only son, Mr. J. G. Oakley, Jr., in the army, who came of age just a few days before the selective draft law took effect. Being left alone, her niece, Miss Clyde Ellen Alvis, of Chicago, has come down to spend the winter with her.

Mrs. Oakley reports that, in addition to the brick yard already operating at Ashby, there is prospect for another at an early date.

Capt. Oakley and his son are expected to leave for France soon.

Canning Potatoes

At the Montevallo Canning Factory when the season plays out for one thing it opens up for another. The factory just recently began to put up sweet potatoes and have already canned 8,000 packages. They expect to put up 50,000 cans.

New Postal Rates

Beginning Nov. 2nd, 1917, postage on letters will be three cents per ounce, and two cents on postal and post cards.

Parcel post rates will remain the same as at present.

WILTON LOCALS

Mr. W. T. Pitts, foreman of the car department, has purchased a dandy 2-passenger Buick car.

Mr. J. B. Hill, the energetic blacksmith at Dogwood, has been quite sick, but we hope is improving.

Mrs. Henry McDill returned Saturday from New Orleans where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. M. G. Hord.

Little Lucy Vest is right sick sick with fever. Last month her father, too, was sick and lost 18 days from his work on that account.

We hear that Fred, the little son of Mr. Jim Pruett, is sick with typhoid fever, and that 'Lige, the son of Mr. Ed Pitts has the same disease.

Mr. H. J. Fitts has put up a fresh meat market here. He proposes to keep on hand a nice stock of beef, pork, fish, oysters, etc. Call on him and give him your trade.

Mr. J. W. Shanton of Knoxville, Tenn., has put up a lunch and cold drink stand near the postoffice. He went to Birmingham Monday to get additional goods for his establishment and we think he's going to have something good for the hungry before long.

Rev. M. E. Myer, pastor of our Methodist Church, returned to Birmingham College Monday, where he is a student. We regret to hear that the church is behind with Mr. Myer's salary, which is only \$300. We must pay it, brethren, according to our promise.

Friend, if you owe the Advertiser for subscription will you not please pay us? Do not promise to pay and then neglect to do so, as numbers of our patrons do. What a comfort to the newspaper man is the subscriber who promptly pays his dues! Some day you will understand.

Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Cleveland not only have one of the nicest homes in Wilton but its situation on the hill commands a very pretty view of the town and surrounding country, and we hope they may live long to enjoy it. The trouble with very many of us is that we do not appreciate our blessings till we lose them.

The saw mill of Messrs. Curry & Middleton did not run Monday on account of the sickness of the sawyer, Mr. J. W. Hill. We are glad to note that the mill is now supplied with plenty of water, a pipe line from the creek having just been completed. Two or three wells, of great depth were dug in search of water, but it could not be found, in sufficient quantity, till the creek was tapped. Under the management of Messrs. Curry & Middleton we look for the mill to be quite a factor in the upbuilding of Wilton.

Mr. Geo. Nabors of Randolph, who owns some of the most valuable property in Wilton, is spending a few days in Birmingham preparatory to leaving for far-off Arizona, where he will in future reside. Mr. Nabors has purchased a 12-acre tract near Phoenix City, unimproved, we believe, but irrigated, for which we hear that he has paid \$3500.00. We learn that ten acres of this will be set out in oranges, and that the grove will be bordered with olives. That looks very attractive—from this distance—but we shouldn't be surprised to hear, in less than 5 years, that Mr. Nabors would like to be back in Wilton. We understand that he has left his affairs here in the hands of Mr. L. N. Nabors of Montevallo.

Mr. Bryant Comes

Mr. Wm. Bryant, a prominent hardware merchant of Cleveland, Tennessee, has bought the Berry Farm, a pretty and very valuable tract of about 700 acres, three miles north of town, and was here this week supervising the removal of household effects from Cleveland to his farm here. His son, Mr. W. C. Bryant, and the latter's family are removing here to take charge of this good farm, and it is thought the elder gentleman is coming later. We welcome them to Montevallo.

Mr. Bryant is stocking his place with fine-blooded cattle and will devote his attention to the production of stock and grain.

It is believed that such farmers as he will assist very materially in the development of the boundless agricultural possibilities of this region, which some of our farmers do not appreciate because they do not know of them.

RECITAL

BY MRS. JAMES MIDDLETON

SUNDAY AFTERNOON, AT 4:30 P. M.
A. G. T. I. CHAPEL.

All the people of Montevallo are cordially invited to attend this recital.

From Cullman

Prof. and Mrs. Marvin H. Killingsworth of Cullman were here Saturday, the former on business and the latter visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Horn.

Prof. Killingsworth has charge of the science department in the Cullman County High School, of which Prof. H. G. Dowling was principal last year. It will be interesting to Mr. Dowling's many Montevallo friends to know that he was chosen in the selective army draft, that he made no claims for exemption, and that three weeks ago he left for training at Camp Pike, Little Rock, Arkansas. We feel sure that Mr. Dowling will exert a healthy, moral influence on Uncle Sam's fighters. It is a pity that so few of the soldiers have his lofty ideals.

Mrs. Killingsworth has taken charge of a kindergarten class at Cullman, and both she and her husband like their work in Alabama's most prosperous town.

Mr. Killingsworth tells us that the farmers of Cullman have already marketed fifty thousand barrels of sweet potatoes, at \$2.50 to \$3.50 per barrel and now have on hand a fine fall crop of Irish potatoes. They also made two-thirds of a cotton crop.

Miss Mary Woolley, who has many friends in Montevallo, is teaching mathematics in the county high school at Cullman.

A very distinctive feature of the Cullman County High School is the fact that it had, last year, a larger attendance than any county school in the State, and its enrollment this year is very nearly as good.

Beautification Committee

A meeting of the Beautification Committee is called for Tuesday, Oct. 30, at the Public School. The hour is 7:30 p. m.

A report will be heard from the sub-committee looking to the completion of work at the railway station.

Prof. Fowler will speak to the committee. All interested are cordially invited to be present.

CHMN. COMMITTEE.

New Machinery

Messrs. Brown Bros. shipped this week three carloads of lumber from their new sawmill, one to Bessemer, one to North Birmingham, and one to Knoxville, Tenn.

We are pleased to report that these gentlemen are now adding new machinery to their mill. Not only are they adding a planer, but an edger, a moulding machine and some other accessories needed by a saw mill that's out for business and development of new trade.

Supper at Spring Creek

There will be a Halloween party and box supper at Spring Creek school house Saturday night, Oct. 27th, for the benefit of the School Improvement.

FOOD CONSERVATION

The week of Oct. 21 to 28 has been set aside by the Government as Food Conservation Week and everybody is expected to sign the food conservation pledge.

LIBERTY BONDS OFFER SMALL INVESTOR DISTINCT ADVANTAGE

The second issue of Liberty Bonds now being offered to the public is of exceptional interest to the small investor for the reason that they bear four per cent interest and are exempt from all state, county, city, income, excess profit or war profit taxes that may now be in force or that may be levied later. This is only true where the amount of bonds held by an individual or corporation is not in excess of \$5,000.00. Where the value of bonds held is in excess of that amount, they are not exempt from income, excess profit or war profit taxes.

This is one time where the small investor gets the best of it, and this feature is expected to make the bonds very popular with those who have a comparatively small amount of money to invest.

As a matter of fact, a four per cent investment under existing conditions that is free from tax is more attractive than mortgages or other high class investments bearing a much higher rate of interest. The Government very properly considers that any one who is able to buy large numbers of bonds is able to pay a higher tax than is the person who can only invest a small amount.

South Should Buy Heavily

The South is more prosperous than at any time in recent years. Everything that is raised here can be sold readily at a price that a few years ago would have been considered unreasonable. No section of the country has been more liberal in its contribution of men, but this contribution of flesh and blood will be wasted unless we are equally liberal with our money.

When the first Liberty Bond issue was sold, the South's subscription was not what it should have been. This was largely because of the fact that Southern people have never been in the habit of buying bonds of any kind to the extent that prevails in the North and East. We are now more familiar with securities of this kind, and it is expected that our record on this second issue will be very much better.

LIBERTY BONDS WILL HELP TO SOLVE THE CHRISTMAS GIFT PROBLEM

The sale of the second Liberty Loan bond issue at this time has been hailed in many quarters as being particularly timely. This applies especially to people who are anxious to make Christmas gifts of unusual value, because they will be able, by making small payments from time to time, to acquire Liberty bonds before the arrival of the holiday season.

Here are some straight from the SHOULDER and interesting facts about the bonds of the Second Liberty Loan now offered for sale:

1. A LOAN.—You lend your money at interest, you do not give it.
2. EASY PAYMENTS.—A few dollars down buys a bond. Bankers and employers everywhere arrange payment of balance out of savings.
3. SUPERLATIVE SAFE.—TV.—The promise to give you your money back, a promise signed by all our 110,000,000 people, including the signature of every multi-millionaire in America. Your bond is like a mortgage on the whole United States.
4. SAFE KEEPING.—Absolutely safe in any honest banker's vault; safer anywhere than currency, for it is plainly a receipt for money you deposited in the Treasury of the United States.
5. TAX FREE.—No tax as long as you live on any purchase not above \$5,000.
6. MARKET VALUE.—You can sell your bond or borrow on it on a moment's notice.
7. THE GOVERNMENT IS NO RICHER than the people. It needs the \$50 of the average man. All patriots must help.

J. A. McCORD TERMS LIBERTY BONDS THE MOST CONSERVATIVE INVESTMENT

"Liberty Loan bonds are the safest investments in the world, and the most conservative bond buyers in the country will be the heaviest purchasers of every loan floated," says J. A. McCord, governor of the Sixth Federal Reserve Bank. He added, however, that these specialists would not have the field to themselves in the present war loan, as they did to a large extent in the first issue.

The great majority of the American people were at that time unacquainted with bonds and securities, according to Mr. McCord, and needed to be educated. That they have received this education, he said, was evidenced by the interest shown by our laboring class in the Second Liberty Loan.

If you can't enlist, invest.

TERRY TRIAL WILL BEGIN OCTOBER 29

METHODIST PREACHER CHARGED WITH MURDER IS ABLE TO BE UP NOW.

WOMAN WILL BE ON BOARD

Tuscaloosa City Commissioners Vote To Place a Woman on the School Board.

Russellville.—Rev. J. T. Terry, Methodist preacher, charged with the murder of Dr. Tom Hughes on October 3, and who came near dying from the effects of two pistol wounds received in what is thought to be an attempt to take his own life, has practically recovered and is able to sit up several hours each day. October 29 has been set for the preliminary hearing, and it is thought that some light may be thrown on the horrible tragedy which has been a mystery and a shock to the entire community.

Woman Will Be on Board.
Tuscaloosa.—At their regular session the City Commissioners voted unanimously to appoint a woman on the City School Board, to take the place of Dr. Alston Fitts, who recently resigned in order to accept a commission in the reserve medical corps.

Women to Tour State.
Tuscaloosa.—Miss Rebecca Hourwich, of the National Woman's Party of Washington, is in Tuscaloosa for a couple of days, making arrangements for the Dixie tour of the party, which, besides Tuscaloosa, will probably visit Birmingham, Mobile, Montgomery and a few other cities of the State. Miss Maude Younger, prominent and wealthy suffragist and labor leader of San Francisco, and Mrs. Howard Gould, of New York, will arrive in Tuscaloosa on the morning of November 1, coming in their purple and gold car, in which they are touring the South. They will make several addresses while here.

Soil Improvement Men Meet.
Birmingham.—Two hundred or more representatives of Southern fertilizer industries organized under the Soil Improvement Committee of the Southern Fertilizer Association, met in Birmingham for a two days' lecture course, the annual convention taking the form of a school of instruction. Experts from all parts of the country appeared on the lecture program in the different departments embraced in the Soil Improvement Committee. The lecture schools are being held throughout the principal fertilizer centers of the South, forming a chain. The first session was held in Norfolk, Va., October 15-16; in Charleston, S. C., October 16-17; Savannah, Ga., October 17-18; in Birmingham, October 18-19, and the concluding session was held in New Orleans October 19 and 20.

Albany Building Booms.
Albany.—Another building was added to the long list now under process of erection in Albany or which will be built in the near future, when Casey Holland announced that he had let the contract for the erection of a two-story brick structure on West Moulton street. Business houses to the value of more than \$200,000 will be completed here by January 1.

River Traffic Increasing.
Tuscaloosa.—Although complete reports of shipping will not be available until after November 1, indications are that traffic on the Warrior River, between Tuscaloosa and Mobile, during the month of October, will far exceed the figures for September, when many hundreds of tons of freight were transported between the two cities over this great waterway.

Convention Closes Session.
Montgomery.—The thirty-third annual convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Alabama, closed after a two days session at the First Baptist Church. The feature of the closing session was an address by Dr. Carolyn Geisel, of the Advisory Committee, National Women's Clubs.

Pensions Are Unclaimed.
Tuscaloosa.—Nineteen of the more than 300 Confederate Veteran pension warrants received in Tuscaloosa the first of the month remain at the probate office unclaimed for. Unless they are claimed before November 1 they will be returned to the pension board at Montgomery.

Fire Damages Cotton.
Greenville.—Fire in the Peoples Warehouse in East Greenville damaged fifty bales of cotton. The total loss will be about \$4,500, partially covered by insurance.

Cleveland Man Shot at Camp.
Montgomery.—Robert Caughlin, 19 years of age, member of a prominent Cleveland family, is dying at St. Margaret's Hospital here, having been shot through the abdomen by a member of the military police. Caughlin, member of Company F, 148th Infantry, was returning to camp in his own automobile and was shot when ordered by the sergeant of military police to halt. Versions differ as to whether he obeyed the command promptly. The man who did the shooting was arrested by the military authorities.

Alabama Men Are Given Discharge.
Little Rock, Ark.—The following Alabama men have been discharged from the national army at Camp Pike for physical deficiencies: H. C. Wood and Colen Hudson, of Birmingham; J. W. Beasley and J. E. Reynolds, of Tusculumbia; J. C. Rogers, of Morgan; J. A. Black, of Tusculumbia; E. S. Blizard, J. L. Grayson and Otto Butler, of Decatur; R. L. McGee, of Florence; J. L. Kirkland, of Decatur; L. Stanford, C. M. Sandefer and P. T. Waddell, of Athens; T. A. Snow, of Double Springs; H. A. Stone, of Tusculumbia; G. G. Starkel, of Scottsboro; C. A. Thompson, of Lawrence; William Warren, of Decatur; R. Ballison, of Fort Payne; R. M. Byars, of Carrollton; D. G. Colburn and H. A. Hallman, of Tusculumbia; C. Hightower, of Fort Payne; T. F. Land, of Carrollton; A. H. Lloyd, of Cullman; R. F. Nix, of Fort Payne; J. J. Parryman, of Guntersville; R. J. Smith, of Fort Payne; P. E. Stephenson, of Guntersville; R. E. Smith, of Florence.

Birmingham Man Killed in Battle.
Birmingham.—The first man on an American war vessel to give his life in the fight for world freedom was a Birmingham man—Gunner's Mate Osmond Kelly Ingram of the United States Navy. When a German torpedo struck the destroyer on which Ingram was a gunner, he was blown overboard by the shock of the explosion, and his body was not recovered. The attack took place in the war zone waters off England. Ingram was an old navy man, and this was his second term of service. In 1903, when his mother moved here from Oneonta, Osmond, a boy just out of school, joined the navy and served until 1908. Then he returned to Birmingham and for four years was a fireman at the Pratt City station of the fire department. In 1912 he joined the navy again.

Chemists May Meet in Birmingham.
Birmingham.—Birmingham may be selected as the 1918 meeting place for the American Electro-Chemical Society. It is to be heard that because of the great development in this district and the further fact that the government will establish a big nitrate plant at Muscle Shoals, near Sheffield, that the membership of this organization is anxious to come this way for the next meeting.

Farm Land Sells High.
Demopolis.—Recently a farm five miles from Demopolis sold for \$100 an acre. This same farm sold for \$17.50 an acre eight years ago. Then it was a cotton farm with tenant labor. Now it is in alfalfa, with shorthorn cows, Jersey dairy cows and Southdown sheep, and business methods. This farm is now paying 18 per cent on \$100 an acre. Eight years ago it did not pay 3 per cent on \$15 per acre.

Fine Cows Being Bought.
Florence.—The desire for thoroughbred stock to replace the scrubs has taken hold of Lauderdale County with compelling force, and permeated all classes. Already far in advance of most southern counties in that line, Lauderdale has adopted a plan which should entirely eliminate the scrubs.

Demopolis Will Hold Great Show.
Demopolis.—From November 5 to 10 the Demopolis Livestock Show will be held at Demopolis. There will be exhibited from the Demopolis section, every type and breed of livestock, and probably the best livestock ever shown in Alabama will be seen during the week given over to the show.

City Within Income.
Gadsden.—During the year ending September 30, 1917, the city of Gadsden spent over \$233,000, according to a memorandum compiled by the City Clerk. During this time the receipts amounted to \$260,000. Included in the receipts are the returns from the improvement bonds which were sold to pay for the paving. The expenditures include the payments of paving contracts.

Delegation Will Be Sent.
Tuscaloosa.—The Board of Trade has voted to send a committee of five to represent Tuscaloosa at the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, which will be held in Washington December 5, 6 and 7. President Blair, of the Board of Trade, has not yet appointed the committeemen.

Cotton Prices Are High.
Birmingham.—Judge J. W. Kellton, of Blount County, while in Birmingham, stated that cotton had sold in Oneonta at 27 cents a pound, and cotton seed as high as \$80 per ton. Bales of cotton which sold for \$30 to \$50 two years ago brought about \$150 this week.

Teachers to Meet.
Opelika.—Beginning November 10 and continuing through the following Saturday, 100 teachers of this county will gather here for the annual Lee County Teachers Institute. Several well known State educators will be here for the convention.

Physicians Must Serve.
Albany.—Because Morgan County physicians designated to examine men for the new national army were slack about appearing for work, inconveniencing many selectmen who had been summoned here for examination, the county exemption board called on the adjutant general for a ruling as to whether they could be compelled to perform this service. The ruling was that there was no option, and that the physicians must report promptly for duty when directed to do so.

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

DISPATCHES OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS GATHERED FROM OVER THE WORLD.

FOR THE BUSY READER

The Occurrences Of Seven Days Given In An Epitomized Form For Quick Reading

Washington.
General Pershing has cabled the war department the complete casualty list in the destruction of the homeward-bound transport Antilles by a German submarine. He gave no additional details from those already known.

The American army transport Antilles, homeward bound under convoy, was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine in the war zone. About seventy men are missing and probably lost.

The tragedy of the sea, the sinking of the Antilles, under convoy of several American patrol vessels, is the first in which an American ship engaged in war duty has been lost.

The loss of the Antilles brings home to the people of the United States the terrible rigors of the war in which they have engaged against Germany. It carries the largest casualty list of the war so far of American lives and marks the first success of German submarine attacks on American transports.

The government has set in motion the machinery to apprehend and punish pro-German workers who have started an organized campaign in more than a dozen states to defeat the Liberty Loan.

An American destroyer on patrol duty in the war zone was torpedoed by an enemy submarine and had one man killed and five wounded. She managed to make port in spite of severe damage.

Domestic.

Maj. Gen. Henry C. Sharpe, quartermaster general of the army, is soon to make an inspection trip which will take him to Camps Jackson, Wheeler, Greene and Gordon, and elsewhere, after these places are visited. The purpose of the visit is to acquire an intimate knowledge of the conditions of the various commands.

October 28 has been designated as a day of prayer for the success of American arms.

A sharp order has gone out to all National Guard officers, forbidding them to communicate to state authorities, formally or informally, any information as to the movement of their own or other units of the federal armies.

A sweeping change in the machinery of the select draft based on divisions of the nine million remaining registrants, into five classes in order of their eligibility for military service by Provost Marshal General, is made public. The plan has been approved by the president, but will not be disclosed till later.

United States Senator Paul O. Husting, of Wisconsin, died at a farm house near Rush Lake, Wis., as the result of wounds accidentally inflicted upon him with a shotgun by his brother, Gustave. They had been hunting ducks. The two were in a boat when the accident occurred. Having sighted a flock of ducks, the senator called for his brother to fire, and, at the discharge of the gun, he rose slightly and received the full charge of the gun in his back.

Some of the retailers claim that they should be permitted to sell the stocks they bought at a higher price than the stocks they are now buying at the reduced rates, but the food administration points out that they have no hesitancy in following quotations and raising prices on stocks they bought at reduced prices. It's a poor rule which doesn't work both ways.

Powerful influences appear to be drawing back to the southwestern part of the state of Georgia hundreds of negroes who left during the spring and early summer to seek their fortunes in the Northern and Middle Western states. One is the approach of winter and the other is the unprecedented prosperity of Georgia farmers, both white and black.

Food Administrator Hoover has given notice to the public that "the corner has been turned" in high food prices and that most of the essential commodities should continue to show reductions between now and the end of the year. But, at the same time, he stated that retail prices are not going down in accord with wholesale reductions, and advises consumers to get behind retail dealers and coerce them into reducing prices.

Beef is now selling in Chicago at 14½ cents a pound wholesale, and retailers are selling round steak at 31 cents—higher than beef sold in July, which was then 16 cents a pound wholesale.

Adolph Germer of Chicago, executive secretary of the National Socialist party, and ten other persons have been acquitted in the United States district court at Grand Rapids, Mich., of the charges of conspiracy against the selective draft. All the men were Socialists, and it seems that not a scintilla of real evidence was presented.

To aid the public in dealing with retailers who continue to extort war profits, on specious grounds, the food administration is collecting wholesale prices of all staples in 700 cities and will publish them weekly for comparison with retail figures.

Dealing frankly and boldly with the "social evil" as a menace to the nation's military efficiency, Secretary Daniels of the navy, in an address in Chicago, appealed to the medical profession "to end the false double standard that decreases military effectiveness." The medical profession, he said, must share its part of the blame for the "unpardonable prudery that endured a festering evil rather than have it exposed and eradicated.

Robert Fitzsimmons, former champion heavyweight pugilist of the world, died at a Chicago hospital of double pneumonia. He retained the middleweight championship of the world till he died.

Helaire Carriere was hanged in the Louisiana state penitentiary at Baton Rouge for the murder, in July, 1916, of Marion L. Swords, sheriff of St. Landry parish. He died protesting his innocence, claiming the shot which killed the sheriff was fired by one of his deputies. Carriere was one of the most desperate characters of recent years in the Southern states.

Chains of lakes hitherto unmapped, and rivers equally unknown, were traversed in the interior of Labrador by the exploring parties of representatives of the National Geographical society and the Carnegie museum of Pittsburgh which has arrived at St. Johns, New Foundland.

A passenger train on the Chicago, Memphis and Gulf railroad was held up at Mison, Tenn., about ten miles from Dyersburg. The safe in the express car was opened and the robbers secured between \$10,000 and \$12,000 and escaped. When the train stopped at Mison for water the two bandits, white, men, boarded it. The robbers got away.

European.

Swedish newspaper accounts of the attack by German raiders on convoys in the North sea say two German cruisers and three torpedo boats fired ruthlessly on the merchantmen and subsequently on their lifeboats. They made absolutely no effort to spare the lives of the seamen.

Premier Lloyd-George says no terms for lasting peace are anywhere in sight, but that the only terms now possible would mean an armed truce resulting in a more frightful struggle in the future than the world is now involved in.

Premier Lloyd-George of England says peace now on the terms available, would be only letting down the gates to every buccaneering empire in the future to repeat the experiment of the present Armageddon.

The average British tonnage lost weekly now to the submarine toll is stated to be not much more than one-third of the total destroyed up to and including the month of April.

The British and French forces in Belgium have delivered another attack against the German front northeast of Ypres and have captured all of their objectives, consisting of many strong positions.

The violent artillery duels between the French and the Germans along the Aisne sector and on the Verdun front continue.

In the Austro-Italian theater and in Macedonia, bombardments prevail almost exclusively.

Successful raids by the British and French are reported from Macedonia. Premier Kerensky, on opening the Russian parliament in the Marinsky palace, made a ringing speech, in which he said: "Russia wants peace by right but we never will bow to force. We must fight to save the country."

The Russian peace program, as drawn up by the central executive committee of the council of workmen and soldiers' delegates in the form of instructions to M. Skobelev, ex-minister of labor, its delegates to the Paris conference, consists of fifteen articles covering the whole ground from Panama to Persia. Article XI demands the "neutralization" of the Panama canal, and Article IX calls for restitution of all colonies to Germany.

Survivors of the United States transport Antilles, sunk by a German submarine, landed at a French port by auxiliary vessels. The torpedo struck the ship at a quarter of seven o'clock in the morning. Many were killed in their berths. The survivors praise the captain and the members of the gun crew of the Antilles, who stuck to their posts while the officers searched the ocean with field glasses for the submarine until the waves closed over the ship.

Two German raiders attacked a convoy in the North sea and sank two of the British scouting destroyers—the Mary Rose and the Strongbow; also five Norwegian, one Danish and three Swedish vessels were sunk without warning. Three English merchant vessels escaped.

Germany suffered little less than a disaster in the air, October 20, when four and probably five Zeppelin airships, believed to be returning from a raid on England, were brought down in French territory by airplane and anti-aircraft gunfire.

The most recent communication from Petrograd gives but few details of the situation in the Gulf of Riga. The civil population has evacuated Reval, one of the principal Russian ports on the Gulf of Finland.

Two German torpedo boats were destroyed while running through the mined fields in Moon sound, according to a dispatch from Petrograd.

The organizing committee of Stockholm, Sweden, has drawn up a manifesto which sets out, in plain language, that the war so far is a "dog fall," and holds out no hope for peace either in 1917 or in 1918.

CALOMEL WHEN BILIOUS? NO! STOP! ACTS LIKE DYNAMITE ON LIVER

I Guarantee "Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Give You the Best Liver and Bowel Cleansing You Ever Had—Doesn't Make You Sick!

Stop using calomel! It makes you sick. Don't lose a day's work. If you feel lazy, sluggish, bilious or constipated, listen to me! Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with your bile, crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a

spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.

—Adv.

Overalls that last that's the kind made of

Stifel's Indigo Cloth

Standard for over seventy-five years

For Men and Miss Stifel Indigo Kid Glove Finish Cloth For Women

Remember, it's the CLOTH in your overalls that gives the wear—Stifel Indigo has a 75 year reputation as the longest wearing, fast color garment cloth. Miss Stifel Indigo is of the same quality as her big brother—the best woman's overall cloth made. Look for the BOOT trademark—it's your guarantee of the genuine.

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Indigo Dyers and Printers
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Baltimore...Coca-Cola Bldg.

San Francisco...Petal Telegraph Bldg.
St. Joseph, Mo...Saxton Bank Bldg.
St. Louis...928 Victoria Bldg.

St. Paul...232 Eastcott Bldg.
Toronto...14 Manchester Bldg.
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Montreal...508 Read Bldg.
Vancouver...506 Mercantile Bldg.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and \$1.00 at all Drug Stores.

New Negro Y. M. C. A.
Columbus, Ga., is to have a negro Y. M. C. A. building, to cost \$100,000.

Weak, Faint Heart, and Hysterics
can be rectified by taking "Renovine" a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and \$1.00.

Uncanny.
"The way Germany prepared for a generation for this war was positively uncanny," said Representative Freyer of Minnesota. "Yes, Germany's forty years of minute war preparation is as uncanny as the story of the potato bugs."
"On an autumn evening a group of Minnesota farmers sat round the fire in the general store and complained of the potato bugs' ravages."
"The pests ate my whole potato crop in two weeks," said one farmer.
"They ate my crop in two days," said a second farmer, "and then they roosted on the trees to see if I'd plant more."
"A drummer for a seed house cleared his throat."
"Gents," he said, "all that's very remarkable. Let me tell you, though, what I saw in our own store. I saw a couple of potato bugs examining the books about a week before planting time to see who had bought seed."

Experienced.
Commander—What makes you think you can get through the enemy's barbed-wire entanglements safely?
American Private—Sir, I've pinned up my wife's party dress many a time without getting a scratch.—Judge.

Now Rides in an Auto.
Mrs. Russell Sage, who is now past eighty-eight years of age, only recently consented to ride in an automobile.

Lumber for France.
New Orleans is shipping pine lumber to France for reconstruction work.

Why isn't a cook who stuffs turkeys and chickens a taxidermist?

WHEATLESS MEALS!

DON'T BOTHER ME—SAYS Bobby

JUST TRY POST TOASTIES

BEST CORN FLAKES EVER!

Unable to Read.
A large number of Turkish women are unable to read or write their own difficult language.

New York city has 200,000 drug addicts.

Keep Yourself Fit

You can't afford to be laid up with sore, aching kidneys in these days of high prices. Some occupations bring kidney troubles; almost any work makes weak kidneys worse. If you feel tired all the time, and suffer with lame back, sharp pains, dizzy spells, headaches and disordered kidney action, use Doan's Kidney Pills. It may save an attack of rheumatism, dropsy, or Bright's disease. Doan's have helped thousands back to health.

An Alabama Case
A. L. Womack, painter and decorator, 2222 Avenue F, Birmingham, Ala., says: "I had attacks of kidney complaint, brought on by the nature of my work. My back ached severely and I had sharp catches in my kidneys. The kidney secretions were irregular in passage and very unsatisfactory. I used Doan's Kidney Pills as directed and they rid me of the backache and put my kidneys in good shape."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA

TREATMENT
Standard remedy for fifty years and result of many years experience in treatment of throat and lung diseases by Dr. J. E. Guild.
Free Sample and Practical Treatise on Asthma, its cause, treatment, etc., sent upon request. 25c. & \$1.00 at druggists. J. H. GUILD CO., Rupert, Vt.

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine
ANTISEPTIC POWDER
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. His extraordinary clearing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN Calling on Shoe, Drug, Department Stores, handle just selling sideline; big commission. FUNK, 170 Eaton St., Buffalo, N. Y.

WANTED TO BUY trained eons and possum hounds, also pointers and setters. M. L. Crawford, Tice, Ga.

HOME CURE FOR RHEUMATISM
(See ad.) R. Clark, 1210 Duober Ave., Canton, O.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 43-1917.

A GUARANTEED REMEDY FOR ASTHMA

Your money will be refunded by your druggist without any question if this remedy does not benefit every case of Asthma, Bronchial Asthma, Hay Fever or Difficult Breathing. No matter how violent the attacks or obstinate the case.

**DR. R. SCHIFFMANN'S
ASTHMADOR**

In either form (Cigarette Pipe Mixture or Powder) positively gives INSTANT RELIEF in every case and has permanently cured thousands who had been considered incurable, after having tried every other means of relief in vain. Sufferers are afforded an opportunity of availing themselves of this "Money-Back" guarantee offer as through purchasing from their own regular druggist; they are sure their money will be refunded by him if the remedy fails. You will be the sole judge as to whether you are benefited and will get your money back if you are not. We do not know of any fair proposition which we could make.

R. Schiffmann Co., Proprietors, St. Paul, Minn.



**For Constipation
Carter's Little
Liver Pills
will set you right
over night.**

Purely Vegetable
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Carter's Iron Pills

Will restore color to the faces of those who lack iron in the blood, as most pale-faced people do.



Ask for and Get CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT

The Original Cough
and Cold Remedy

STOPS THE WORST
COLD IN 24 HOURS

Best for Colds, Coughs, Croup,
Sore Throat, Whooping Cough.

25c and 50c at all Druggists



ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK, REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will reduce inflamed, swollen joints, sprains, bruises, soft bunnies; Heals Boils, Poll Evil, Quittor, Fistula and infected sores quickly as it is a positive antiseptic and germicide. Pleasant to use; does not blister or remove the hair, and you can work the horse. \$2.00 per bottle, delivered. Book 7 M free.

F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

CABBAGE PLANTS

Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield Succession and Flat Dutch, Satisfaction Guaranteed. By express, 500, \$1.00; 1,000, \$1.50; 5,000, at \$1.25; 10,000 up at \$1.00. P. O. B. HERE. Delivered Parcel Post 100, 25c; 1,000, \$1.75.

D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

AGENTS—Sell Telos Carbon Remover
Gasoline Saver; satisfaction guaranteed; every sale repaid. Telos Carbon Supply Co., Inc., 146 W. Grand, Norfolk, Va.

Ladies: To demonstrate, experience unnecessary; liberal salary and commission; free outfit. Stamp for reply. NERNAH MFG. CO., Neenah, Wis.

Keen Business Man.

"Excuse me, sir," said Bilson, a little timidly, "but you appear to be following me. Is there anything you want?"

"Well, I'm just trying to find where you live, and introduce myself, like. I'm McPherson, the undertaker," said the burly stranger.

"Oh—er—quite so! I'm pleased to meet you, I'm sure! But there's nobody dead at my place!"

"Nae, nae!" said the undertaker, smiling sweetly. "But I just heard you cough, an' I hae hopes!"—London Answers.

FOR SKIN TROUBLES

That Itch, Burn, Torture and Disfigure Use Cuticura—Trial Free.

The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal. They usually afford immediate relief in itching, burning eczemas, pimples, dandruff and most baby skin troubles. They also tend to prevent little skin troubles becoming great if used daily.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Learn Every Day.

Life is educational. He is indeed a dullard who doesn't learn something every day and become wiser in his methods of doing.

IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

should be given to sprains, swellings, bruises, rheumatism and neuralgia. Keep Mansfield's Magic Arnica Liniment handy on the shelf. Three sizes—25c, 50c and \$1.00.—Adv.

A philosopher is a man who can see how others make mistakes.

MURINE Granulated Eyelids.
Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. YOUR EYES No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort Murine Eye Remedy At Your Druggist's or by mail, 50c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye—Free. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

FRENCH CAPTURE 7,500 PRISONERS

ENORMOUS AMOUNT OF WAR MATERIAL AND 25 HEAVY FIELD GUNS TAKEN

ENEMY FLEES PELL MELL

French Had Been Hurling Tons of Steel Into German Line for More Than Week.

London.—While the allied troops were busily engaged in consolidating positions won in Flanders, the French forces of General Petain struck a mighty and unexpected blow against the German line northeast of Soissons Tuesday morning and made some of the most important gains of terrain since they threw back the army of the German crown prince which was besieging Verdun.

Six-Mile Front.

The strike was made over a front of about six miles, from the east of Vauxallion to Pargny-Failin. Under rainy and generally unfavorable weather conditions the French pushed forward all along the line, aided by audacious aviators, who flew over the German positions at an altitude of about 150 feet, using their machine guns and penetrated the German line at one point to a depth of two and a fifth miles.

Numerous important positions fell one by one into the hands of General Petain's men and in addition more than 7,500 Germans, an enormous amount of war material and 25 heavy and field guns were captured.

Violent Struggle.

The greatest depth of the drive was in the center of the line, where the village of Chavignon was captured after a violent struggle which resulted in the enemy fleeing pell-mell. Some of the best troops in the army of the German crown prince were engaged in endeavoring to hold back the onslaught, but their efforts were unavailing under the enthusiasm of the French to win positions which would place them more advantageously to press on later toward Laon.

For about one week the French artillery had been hurling tons of steel into the German line in front of them in preparation for the drive, and when it was started sad havoc already had been wrought by the guns. In addition to the prisoners taken by the French, the Germans also suffered heavy casualties.

Flanders Line.

In Flanders both the British and French troops are holding all the gains made in Monday's drive northeast of Ypres, except at one place on the southern fringe of the Houtholst wood, where the Germans, in a furious counter attack, forced a slight retirement by the British.

The latest advices concerning the naval activities in the Gulf of Riga between the Germans and the Russians show that although the Russians lost the battleship Slava and a large torpedo boat destroyer, the Germans were the heaviest losers. Two of their dreadnaughts, one cruiser, 12 torpedo boats, one transport and numerous mine sweepers were put out of action by the Russian fleet. While the exact fate of these vessels has not been ascertained by the Petrograd government it is announced that at least six of the German destroyers were sunk.

Further German attempts to land forces on the Estonian coast, to the north of Werder, have been repulsed by Russian detachments.

Other Fronts.

On the other fronts no important engagements are in progress, except in the nature of bombardments. On the Julian front of the Austro-Italian theatre, the artillery activity again has become intense. An Austrian attack with infantry in the region of Cadore was repulsed by the Italians with heavy losses.

Tulsa, Okla., Swept by Fire.

Tulsa.—Fire which started in the main room of the Tulsa Decorating Company, completely destroyed the three-story Ohio building in which it was located and spreading to the May or building adjoining, the largest of five buildings in Oklahoma, caused property damage estimated at more than \$500,000. By midnight the fire was under control.

Buys \$50,000,000 of Liberty Bonds.

Philadelphia.—The du Pont Powder Company subscribed for \$45,000,000 of the second liberty loan bonds, increasing the company's total subscription of this issue to \$50,000,000. Other subscriptions of \$6,000,000 were reported in the Philadelphia federal reserve district, making the total \$56,000,000, the largest single day's subscription during the present campaign.

Fearful Stories Told of Riots.

East St. Louis, Ill.—Testimony that during the race riots here July 2 a mob threw a negro child into a burning house after it had escaped from the flames, was given at the congressional inquiry into the riots by Edwin Popkess, a reporter for a St. Louis Mo., newspaper. He also said he saw four or five national guardsmen shoot and kill two negroes who ran from a burning house. Inquiry into political conditions in East St. Louis was continued.

WOMEN SUFFERERS NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer a great deal with pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness and may be despondent and irritable.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, restores health to the kidneys and is just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper. Adv.

Lack of Restraint.

Senator Chamberlain, defending the food control bill, said in Washington: "How unmeasured the attacks on this excellent bill have been! Now, I am like the boy at the movies. I like measure and restraint."

"Two boys at the movies saw a tragic picture play, and one of them was overcome. He took out his handkerchief and wept and sobbed."

"Why, Bill, you're blubberin'" said the other boy.

"Well," sobbed Bill, "I like to see a person show a little feelin'."

"Feelin'" said the first boy. "Feelin's all right, but ye don't need to wash yer face in it."

War Declared on Rats by U. S. Gov't.

The government at Washington is preparing a campaign that should be effective in killing the rats that are so destructive both to lives and property. A conservative estimate places the loss of foodstuffs from rats at over two hundred million dollars annually, and in the present scarcity of food, this loss must be prevented. The most efficient way to "kill the Rat" is by the use of Stearns' Paste, and thousands of dollars worth have been bought by the government. Every house-keeper troubled with rats, mice, roaches or waterbugs should buy a small box of this reliable exterminator for thirty-five cents, and stop further loss of food in her home. Adv.

Kept His Word.

"I haven't any case," admitted the client, "but I have money."

"How much?"

"Sixty thousand dollars."

"Phew! You have the best case I ever handled," said the lawyer. "I'll see that you never go to prison with that sum."

And the client didn't—he went there broke.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 60 cents.

His Plaintive Plea.

Philadelphia draws the last number in exemption stories. A colored citizen declared to his board chairman: "Boss, Ah ain't got no wife. Ah's only jest 'nagged. But kahn't Ah go to jail fo' that?"

THAT GRIM WHITE SPECTRE, Pneumonia, follows on the heels of a neglected cough or cold. Delay no longer. Take Mansfield's Cough Balsam. Price 50c and \$1.00.—Adv.

Time and tide wait for no man. Neither does any real man wait for time or tide.

Women are pretty, but few of them are as beautiful as they think they are.

Sore Eyes, Blood-Shot Eyes, Watery Eyes, Sticky Eyes, all healed promptly with night applications of Roman Eye Balsam. Adv.

Girls, remember that a husband worth having is worth taking care of.

The United States Government Food Administrator Says:

"Baking Powder Breads of corn and other coarse flours are recommended"

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes delicious muffins, cakes and coarse flour breads

CORN MEAL MUFFINS

¾ cup corn meal
1¼ cups flour
½ teaspoon salt
4 level teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
2 tablespoons sugar
1 cup milk
2 tablespoons shortening

Mix thoroughly dry ingredients; add milk and melted shortening and beat well. Bake in greased muffin tins in hot oven about 20 minutes.

NUT BREAD

3 cups graham flour
5 level teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
1½ teaspoons salt
1½ cups milk and water
½ cup sugar or corn syrup
1 cup chopped nuts (not too fine) or 1 cup raisins, washed and floured

Mix together flour, baking powder and salt; add milk and water, sugar or corn syrup and nutmeats or raisins. Put into greased loaf pan, allow to stand 30 minutes in warm place. Bake in moderate oven 40 to 45 minutes.

Our red, white and blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes" containing additional similar recipes, sent free on request. Address Royal Baking Powder Company, Dept. W, 135 William Street, New York

The 85 Man.

"What do you usually make this golf course in?"

"I'm an eighty-five player."

"Oh, do you do that well regularly?"

"Regularly? I should say not. I did that once about three years ago."

An Unreasoning Complainer.

"Most unreasonable man I ever met. Kicks because he has to get up in the morning at six o'clock and throw coal into the furnace."

"Pretty hard, I say."

"Yes! But think of having the coal to throw!"

How's This?

We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 50c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Unkind Comment.

"I am bent on this thing."

"Ah! I thought it was crooked."

It is easier to teach the allies to eat corn than to get the kaiser to acknowledge it.

Up-to-Date Wedding Gifts.

"Well, what sort of wedding presents did you get, girlie—the usual assortment of berry spoons and pickle forks?"

"Not on your esteemed life. I got a sack of potatoes, four dozen fresh eggs, a peck of onions, and a Liberty bond."

Gompers Opposes Plan.

President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor is opposed to women being used in war work.

If Worms or Tapeworm persist in your system, it is because you have not yet tried the real Vermifuge, Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot." One dose does the work. Adv.

Peoria distilleries formerly used 54,000 bushels of corn daily.

Canton, O., will employ girls to run street cars.

Overworked Women must learn not to neglect their health

How Women are Restored to Health

Spartanburg, S. C.—"For nine years I suffered from backache, weakness, and irregularities so I could hardly do my work. I tried many remedies but found no permanent relief. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I felt a great change for the better and am now well and strong so I have no trouble in doing my work. I hope every user of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will get as great relief as I did from its use."—Mrs. S. D. McABER, 122 Dewey Ave., Spartanburg, S. C.

Chicago, Ill.—"For about two years I suffered from a female trouble so I was unable to walk or do any of my own work. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the newspapers and determined to try it. It brought almost immediate relief. My weakness has entirely disappeared and I never had better health. I weigh 165 pounds and am as strong as a man. I think money is well spent which purchases Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. Jos. O'BRYAN, 1755 Newport Ave., Chicago, Ill.

YOU CAN RELY UPON

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND



Thedford's Black-Draught

Men and Women

need the help that Thedford's Black-Draught can give them in cleansing the system and relieving the troubles that come from Constipation, Indigestion, Lazy Liver, etc.

In choosing a medicine for these conditions, be as careful as you are about choosing your food. You want nothing but the best. You want a medicine that will act promptly and always the same; a medicine carefully prepared, from the best material, put up by a house of long established reputation, with that reputation standing squarely behind it.

Where can you find a medicine that meets all these conditions so well as Thedford's Black-Draught?

Remember, too, that Thedford's Black-Draught is made from pure medicinal herbs, carefully mixed in the right proportions, ground to a fine powder and packed in compressed, practically air-tight packages. Pills and tablets do not always dissolve in your stomach. Black-Draught is acted on instantly by the gastric juices. It is a natural herb remedy, and acts in a natural way on the system.

Imitation powders put up to look like Black-Draught are not the same and should not be accepted in place of Black-Draught. No imitation can ever be as good as the genuine. You know that.

To be sure of getting the genuine always ask for "THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT." Examine the label and refuse all substitutes.

Costs Only One Cent a Dose

For Constipation, Indigestion, etc.

E. G. GIVHAN
Physician
OFFICE IN ELLIS BUILDING
MONTEVALLO, ALA.

J. I. REID
Physician
Office: 2nd floor Ellis Building
MONTEVALLO, ALA.
Telephone: Residence, 47J; office, 30

CHAS. T. ACKER
Physician
Office: New Ellis Building (over
Brown's Grocery Store). Residence
phone, 32. Office phone, Strong's
Drug Store.

W. J. MITCHELL
DENTIST
OFFICE IN NEW ELLIS BUILDING
(up stairs)
Montevallo, Alabama

MISS BESSIE ALLEN
Magazines and Dailies
Montevallo, Ala.
Your order filled for any club or special offer given by any publisher or agency. Catalog of prices on request.

I. T. GARNER
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN
Will be in Montevallo, on Rogan's
corner, on the 4th Monday in every
month. Remember that I AM ABLE
TO DUPLICATE ANY BROKEN
GLASSES, or fill any prescription.
ALL WORK IS GUARANTEED

Pancho Reyes
High Class Jack
Will make spring season at
"BIRD-WOOD FARM."
Colts, to stand and suck, \$10.00.
Jack handled by owner.

K. C. MAHAN
BRIERFIELD, ALA.

Spirella Corsetry
MRS. EVA SPEARMAN,
RESIDENCE CORSETIER
MONTEVALLO, - ALABAMA

\$5,000 Reward

ARREST that man at sight!
and run him down to the

Q. C. & B.
BARBER SHOP

Where I can put him to
sleep with a Nancy Hanks
razor—and wake him up
with a hot towel, and doll
him up so his wife can
meet him with a smile.

I solicit your business upon
a basis of EFFICIENCY

J. W. VINSON
Montevallo, - Ala.

If you have sewing of any kind
to be done see Mrs. Skinner.

Kendrick's
Barber Shop

At W. H. Mitchell's old stand

I will take pleasure in
giving you easy, velvet
shaves, up-to-date hair-
cuts, shampoos, etc.

Hot and Cold Baths
GEORGE KENDRICK
Montevallo, Alabama

M. E. Missionary Society
The Woman's Missionary Society
of the Methodist Church met with
Mrs. C. S. Starr, Monday, Oct. 22nd,
with fifteen members present.

After the roll call, which was re-
sponded to by reciting Bible verses,
Rev. Mr. Herndon conducted the de-
votional services, using John, 14th
chapter, for the lesson, and song 107,
"Something for Jesus."

Two committees were appointed.
The first was to arrange a pageant
to be given during the district meet-
ing which is to be held in Monte-
vallo Nov. 21st-22nd. This commit-
tee is as follows: Mesdames Davies,
Inzer, Fowler, Mahaffey.

The second committee was ap-
pointed to find homes for visitors
and is as follows: Mesdames La-
tham, Mulkey, Starr, Malone, Davies,
DeShazo and White.

Mrs. White, the district secretary,
was present and gave an interesting
account of her visit to the Goodwater
missionary meeting and spoke
especially of the splendid spirit ex-
isting in the representative churches,
the societies of all the churches
being present and giving helpful ex-
change of ideas. Mrs. White read
the program for the District Confer-
ence, which promises to be a treat.

The entire membership expressed
appreciation of the beautiful tribute
to Bro. Dorman by Rev. Ogletree
and appearing in the Christian Ad-
vocate.

Delightful refreshments were
served.

The next meeting will be held
with Mrs. Reynolds.

CALERA LOCALS

Take that watch to Mr. G. S. Tate
and let him put it in good order for
you.

"Do you ever have blowouts, Mr.
Aldridge?" was the question put to
Mr. Ed Aldridge, the taxicab man.
He replied that he kept watch on
his tires, and before they reached
the stage where blowouts were im-
minent he removed them. Mr.
Aldridge takes care of his passen-
gers and protects them from loss of
time on the road.

Mr. H. H. French motored over
to Montevallo Wednesday. We
learn that he has 700 gallons of
home-made syrup carefully put up
and sealed in quart bottles and tin
cans. When our farmers take care
of their products in this way we be-
lieve they will find better markets
for them and enjoy them better
on their own tables.

A TRIBUTE TO YOU

Shall I tell you what 'twill please you to do?
Look me in the face while I talk to you.

Listen closely to what I have to say;
It may be of interest to you some day.

You have a sweet, intelligent, classic face,
Far above the common of the human race.

It is a pleasure to meet and talk with you;
Something you sweetly tell and always new.

This truly shows your wealth of thought,
Worth more than gold has ever brought.

Your head, well-balanced, is perfect in shape
And from your ears who can escape?

Your beautiful eyes, like heavenly stars,
Shine brighter than Jupiter, Venus or Mars.

Your mouth is shaped divinely fair;
It suits your face and it suits your hair.

And when a smile spreads o'er your face
You captivate the human race.

Your well-shaped ivory teeth show to de-
lightful effect;
The critic can tell they are cared for and
have no neglect.

Your nose is a beauty and just the right size
To rhyme with your face and shining eyes.

Your mental and facial graces none denies
Are wonderful gifts your friends must prize.

Use your talents and speak to the world;
Let that bright dag of intellect be unfurled.

The buried diamond cannot shine;
Its lustre is naught while in the mine.

The costly gems we love to see
Should not be hidden from you or me.

The light of the sun makes every thing glow
And it gives us joy wherever we go.

God gave you these talents to use—not hide,
That on life's ocean you might nobly ride.

Show others how they ought to live;
You have the talent this message to give.

The busy little bee from the flower makes
honey,
As you with your brains may coin out the
money.

Remember, you cannot do your best when
first you try;
But, by your earnest efforts, your thoughts
will glitter, by and by.

It took many years the temple for Solomon
to build,
But he kept at the work till his task was
fulfilled.

Then, forever, it was a glorious monument
to his name.
You can, if you try, erect monuments, just
the same.

Then your name in history will forever
shine;
Throw off your mask and open your men-
tal mine.

Now others don't believe it, and I do not
think
I'll shave you for a dime and give you a
drink.

—J. W. VINSON, Montevallo, Ala.

To Our Contributors

Please, dear friends, when you
wish anything in the Advertiser,
get it to us not later than noon on
Thursday. We frequently receive
articles for publication on Friday.
It's like sending vegetables to the
cook at 11:45 and telling him to
have them ready for a 12 o'clock
dinner.

Subscribe for your home paper.

HOW TO SELECT SEED CORN IN THE FIELD

By E. F. Cauthen, Associate Agricul-
tural, Alabama Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.
The yield of corn on most Alabama
farms can be increased by the use of
better seed. Some farmers are giv-
ing attention to improvement of their
seed corn, but the practice is not fol-
lowed widely.

The work of improvement should be-
gin in the field before the corn is pul-
led. There a study of the type of plant
can be made. When the selection is
not made till the corn reaches the
barn, the kind of plant on which it
grew cannot be known.

In the variety tests at the Alabama
Experiment Station during the past
twelve years, those varieties that show
a tendency to produce two ears to the
plant have either led or been among
the leading ones.

A tall plant is not necessary to
make a good ear; a plant 6 or 7 feet
high, medium large from the ear down
and small from the top ear up, is de-
sirable.

The ears should be about three or
three and one-half feet from the
ground, and have long enough shanks
to permit them to hang down. The
ears should have a good shuck cover-
ing extending out over the tips to pro-
tect the kernels from the weather. It
is also noticeable that ears whose tips
are well covered with shuck fitting
tightly are not usually infested with
corn weevils.

When a desirable stalk and ear
have been found, the shuck may be
pulled back and the ear examined.
If the ear is filled out well at tip and
butt and the kernels fit closely on the
cob, it is pulled and placed in a bag,
double the number of ears that will
be needed to plant the next crop
should be harvested because some
of them will be rejected on account
of size, color of cob, depth of grain,
etc. The bag of seed ears should be
stored where it will be safe from rats
and excessive dampness.

WINTER GRAZING FOR HOGS

By J. C. Ford, Field Agent for Pig
Clubs.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.
Since hogs are bringing the highest
prices they have brought in fifty years,
and since the state is overflowing with
seedstuffs, Alabama farmers should
give the best of care to their hogs
this winter, especially to their brood
sows and fall litters.

Some feedstuffs are as high priced
actively as hogs. This is especially
so of corn and peanuts. Even at
the present price of hogs, they will
not make money when fed for very
long on corn as the only feed. In
order to make money out of hogs, it
is necessary that a good part of their
feed come from some cheap source.
One of the most profitable sources for
a good part of the hogs' ration is
reen feed which the hogs harvest
themselves.

The experiment stations and suc-
cessful farmers have found that such
winter-growing crops as rape, rye, oats
and barley will very successfully make
up from half to three-fourths of the
ration of sows and pigs and young,
growing stuff and from one-fourth to
one-third that of fattening hogs. It is
a very bad policy, however, to force
any kind of hogs to live entirely on
such feed as they cannot eat enough
of it to do well.

It is now too late for the fall seed-
ing of rape in North Alabama. Oats
seeded after October 15th in North
Alabama will not give much grazing
till toward spring. Rye will do better
for late planting than oats. Barley
does best if seeded after the weather
gets a little cool. Barley and rye are
hard to kill by freezing.

Rape is not very safe for central
Alabama if seeded after October 15th,
but rye will do well and oats will fur-
nish considerable grazing of the weath-
er is not too cold. In extreme south
Alabama any of these crops may be
sown as late as December 1st, but
it will be more valuable if planted ear-
lier.

Rape will furnish about two or two
and one-half times as much grazing
or acre as the other crops mention-
ed. On fairly rich land an acre of
rape will usually furnish plenty of
grazing for a litter of six fall pigs
throughout the winter. If the winter
mild it will do still better. Another
acre will take care of the sow.

The regular grain crop of oats, rye
and wheat can be grazed during the
winter by light hogs without material
injury. They need to be taken off by
February 1st, or earlier in the south-
ern part of the state and by March
1st, or earlier in the Tennessee Val-
ley.

Fall pigs should be made ready for
market by April, May or June. Use
rough grain during the last six or
eight weeks to make them fat.

STATE OF OHIO, City of Toledo }
Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he
is senior partner of the firm of F. J.
Cheney & Co., doing business in the
City of Toledo, County and State afore-
said, and that said firm will pay the sum
of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for
each and every case of Catarrh that
cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S
CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed
in my presence, this 6th day of Decem-
ber, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken in-
ternally and acts through the Blood on
the Mucous Surfaces of the System.
Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Subscribe for your home paper.



WHISTLE FOR COURAGE

The boy scared—whistles to
muster up his courage. He feels
that if he can get in a whistling
humor the fear will pass, and he
is right. When you feel gloomy
and blue—when your nerve ends
seem to be jumping sideways—
then is the time to drink a bottle
of Whistle. The pure water cools
the blood—the orange soothes
the jumping nerves by feeding
them nature's own food. Drink
a bottle of Whistle and tune up.

BOTTLED "DRY" BY
THE

Montevallo Coca-Cola
Bottling Company
Montevallo, Alabama.

C. L. MERONEY,
PRESIDENT.

Wm. LYMAN,
CASHIER.

W. H. LYMAN,
ASST. CASHIER.

CAPITAL \$25,000.00

We solicit subscriptions
for bonds of the second

LIBERTY LOAN

On partial payment plan or for cash

Merchants & Planters
BANK
Montevallo, Alabama.

Tax Assessor and COLLECTOR'S ROUNDS

We will visit the following precincts of Shelby county, at the fol-
lowing times and places, for assessing taxes for the year 1918, and for
collecting the taxes for the year 1917, to-wit:

Calera, beat 3	Monday, October 1st
Montevallo, beat 4	Tuesday, October 2nd
Wilton, beat 4	Wednesday, October 3rd
Maylene, beat 19	Thursday, October 4th
Gurnee, beat 19	Friday, October 5th
Bamford, beat 5	Friday, October 5th
Helena, beat 6	Saturday, October 6th
Saginaw, beat 7	Monday, October 8th
Siluria, beat 7	Monday, October 8th
Pelham, beat 17	Tuesday, October 9th
Highland, beat 12	Wednesday, October 10th
Bold Springs, beat 13, at Farley's Store, Wednesday, October 10th	
Chelsea, beat 8	Thursday, October 11th
Westover, beat 11	Thursday, October 11th
Shelby, beat 1	Friday, October 12th
Farmer, beat 2	Friday, October 12th
Wilsonville, beat 9	Saturday, October 13th
Dunnivant, beat 18	Monday, October 15th
Vandiver, beat 14	Monday, October 15th
Sterrett, beat 15	Tuesday, October 16th
Vincent, beat 16	Wednesday, October 17th
Harpersville, beat 10	Thursday, October 18th
Creswell, beat 10	Thursday, October 18th
Blue Springs, beat 9	Friday, October 19th
Columbiana, beat 1	October 22nd to October 27th, inclusive

After the 31st day of December, 1917, all tax payers who have
failed to make return of their property will be delinquent in the eye of
the law, and will be charged a fee of 50c in each case, whether demand
has been made on them or not, and all tax payers who fail to make re-
turns on their property by the first Monday in February, 1918, will in-
cur a penalty of TEN PER CENT, to be added to their assessment after
demand has been made upon them for the same. The assessor has no
discretion in the matter of remitting the penalty.

W. E. HARRISON,
Tax Assessor for Shelby County.

I, also, will visit each precinct, at the places and dates above speci-
fied, for the purpose of collecting the State and County taxes due for the
year 1917.

JOE S. BIRD,
Tax Collector of Shelby County.

MEAT MARKET!

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS
SAUSAGES AND ALL MEAT PRODUCTS

MARKET NOW OPEN. In order to serve
the public properly it will be absolutely necessary
to sell all meats *strictly for cash*. No credits—
no expensive book-keeping, as profits are *small*.
Good service demands CASH.

**A FRESH SHIPMENT OF FINE SODA
CRACKERS JUST RECEIVED**

W. L. Brown
Montevallo, Ala.

NOW

**Is the time to settle all
accounts which are due**

C. L. MERONEY & CO.
MONTEVALLO, : ALABAMA.